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THE SICKLES TRAGEDY.

Trial of Daniel E. Sickles for the Murder of Philip Barton Key.

TENTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

New and Interesting Developments in the Case.

GEORGE B. WOOLDRIDGE ON THE STAND.

His Communication to Sickles Ruled Out.

PERSONALITIES OF COUNSEL.

The Lock from the House in Fifteenth-street Produced in Court.

Testimony of John Cuyler, Jeremiah Boyd, A. Young, Charles G. Bacon, S. S. Parker, William Ratley, Frederick Wilson, Thomas J. Brown, and Others.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Thursday, April 14.

The cross-examination yesterday tended to prove that Mrs. Sickles did not leave Washington during the month of January. The clerk at Barnum's Hotel, in Baltimore, is said to be summoned to prove that Sickles' name was registered at that hotel early in January, with that of Mrs. Sickles. The hotel register will show that Sickles' name is on it, in his own handwriting; and that about ten lines below, *in a different hand*, the name of Mrs. Daniel E. Sickles appears. The defence, I understand, will contend that this signature has been fabricated for the occasion; and will then proceed to show that *a Mr. and Mrs. Key* appear several times on the same register.

The truth is, that both sides seem to be groping in the dark, as to the future developments in the case.

Quite a sensation was manifested in Court, as Mr. Wooldridge mounted the witness-stand. He testified as follows: On Saturday afternoon, before the death of Key, he saw Mr. Sickles at the Capitol, and communicated with him. He became greatly excited. Saw him again on Sunday at ten o'clock. His eyes were bloodshot, an effect produced by weeping. His strange manner induced me to watch him constantly through the day. His paroxysms of grief were terrible. Saw Key on the same day, passing through the park westward. Saw him again at a quarter to two, passing immediately in front of Sickles' house, and, looking up at the windows above, he waved his handkerchief. In a moment after, Sickles came running in, and remarked: "There goes the villain now!" Mr. Butterworth tried to calm him, but Sickles seemed to heed nothing, and again passed out. Did not see Sickles again until after the killing.

A motion to admit Wooldridge's revelation to Sickles at the Capitol was opposed by the District-Attorney.

Mr. Stanton replied to Mr. Ould, reviewing the previous rulings of the Court—first, the ruling out of Key's letters about Sickles' wife and family, although it was proved by the prosecution that Sickles said at the time of the shooting of Key, "He has dishonored my family and defiled my bed;" second, the ruling out of Mrs. Sickles' statement, because it came from the wife in whose defence the accused had staked his life. Mr. S. said the defence now offered a communication not from the wife, but the District-Attorney again objected. Mr. S. delivered a powerful speech, and showed that the defence only asked the rights granted even to a slave in North Carolina. He referred to the case of the State of North Carolina *vs.* John. (8 Iredell's Reports.)

Mr. Ould replied to Mr. Stanton, and was severely personal in his remarks. He called Mr. Stanton a "bully" and a "bruiser," and declared that he scorned the disreputable rant of that counsel.

Mr. Stanton sat by, looking thunderbolts at him. When Mr. Ould had concluded, Mr. Stanton rejoined. He said he could not be drawn aside by a personal conflict. He knew not the public prosecutor, and after the language he had used he would not know him. [Great applause over the whole Court-room.]

The Court finally ruled out Mr. Woolridge's statement to Sickles, on the ground that it was not evidence tending to prove insanity.

Washington, Thursday, April 14—6 P. M.

This has been the most exciting day yet of the Sickles Trial, and the Court-room has presented a scene of the deepest interest. The plot begins to develop itself, with the constant cutting and slashing between counsel, and the determination of the Court to preserve its proper dignity and decorum. Incident upon incident was brought to light, and the whole proceeding closed with the most remarkable feature yet developed in the melancholy transaction—the effort of certain parties to have the lock taken from the door of the house in Fifteenth-street, and hidden from the eye of Justice. The lock, however, has fallen into the hands of the defence, and the night-key taken from the pocket of the deceased fits it exactly, as shown just before the adjournment today. It is not yet proven exactly who the parties were who thus attempted to destroy this link in the chain of evidence for the defence; but I understand it will come out. Intense feeling is manifested on the subject, and all classes of society here are excited, and impatiently await further developments.

Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Thursday, April 14.

The Court was opened this morning at about the usual hour, but did not get to business till 10½ o'clock.

It is stated that the prosecution was prepared, if Mr. Sickles' declaration had been received, to have given in evidence the fact that in January last Mr. Sickles and a lady, not his wife, remained during a night in Barnum's Hotel, at Baltimore. The Register of the Hotel was in Court for that purpose. It appears, however, from this Register, that there is first, the entry of Mr. Sickles' name, in his own writing then the names of several other persons, and about ten lines below, the name of Mrs. Daniel E. Sickles, in a different handwriting. This preparation shows that if Judge Crawford had let in the confession, a vast quantity of scandal on both sides would have been brought out on the trial, involving persons not yet mentioned in the affair.

TESTIMONY OF GEORGE B. WOOLDRIDGE.

George B. Wooldridge was the first witness called for the defence, examined by Mr. Brady. I reside in Magoff Valley, Sullivan County, N. Y.; on the 27th of February last, I resided at No 534 Twelfth street, Washington; came here in the latter part of November to be here at the organization of the House of Representatives; was a clerk under the clerk of the House; knew Mr. Key at that time; never spoke to him but once or twice; on Saturday the 26th of February, I was in Fifteenth-street from very close to ten o'clock till three; I saw Mr. Sickles that afternoon between four and five o'clock at the Capitol.

Q—What was at that time his appearance and condition? A.—When I went first to him he appeared different from what he had been the day before; he appeared more like himself; he was in the hall near the Speaker's chair; we had a conversation; I got him to go into a retiring-room and there parted with him, after endeavoring to pacify him; he was very much affected and distressed; there was no one with him in that room when I left him; I saw him no more that day; the time I left him was about five o'clock; saw him the next morning at about ten o'clock in the library of his own house; his eyes were bloodshot and red; he approached me, and told me he had sent for me to come there.

Interrupted by the District Attorney.

Witness resumed—His face denoted that he had been weeping; I remained in the house until all the strangers had left it in the afternoon.

Q.—What was his condition during the day? A.—He acted like a man in great sorrow and distress; so much so that I watched for his coming and going constantly.

Q.—Why?

Mr. Carlisle—That is not material.

Witness—There was a strange manner about him; he would go up stairs and then come down stairs again; then he would talk about matters and go up stairs again; every time he came into the room where I was he pressed his hands to his temples and would go over to the secretary and sob; he appeared as if he was in great distress; every time these fits came upon him he would clasp his temples and lean over this way, (illustrating;) he would sob and cry so much that I told him to give vent to his tears, as they would relieve him; he would raise his hands and exclaim; sometimes these fits would take him before he could get to the secretary, where he went as if to hide himself, and then he would bow down his head as if his stomach was giving way, and he would be hardly able to reach the secretary for support.

Q.—Did you see Mr. Key that Sunday? A.—I did twice.

Q.—Where and when? A.—The first time between ten and eleven o'clock, going out of the gate of Lafayette-square, on the corner of Seventeenth-street and Pennsylvania-avenue, near the War Office, on the street Mr. Sickles' house is in.

Q.—In which direction did he go? A.—He crossed the street and went up the avenue, I presume; I did not observe in what direction he turned his glance; the second time I saw him was about quarter to two o'clock, directly in front of the library window of Mr. Sickles' house; there was a lady and gentleman with him then; he was on the side towards the curbstone; the lady was next to the railing; the three were in a direct line; Mr. Sickles was up stairs at that time; he had left the library and gone up stairs.

Q.—Did you observe Mr. Key do anything while passing? A.—I saw him take a handkerchief out of his pocket and wave it three times; while doing so his eyes were towards the upper window of Mr. Sickles' house; he kept his eyes from the gentleman as if he did not wish him to see what he was doing; he parted with the lady and gentleman at the corner, entered the Park gate, and proceeded in the direction of Madison-place; some five minutes before that Mr. Sickles had gone up stairs; saw him enter the library door; two minutes after heard some one coming down stairs very rapidly and come into the library, he said, "That villain has just passed my house."

District-Attorney—Do not state what he said.

Mr. Brady—What did he do?

Witness—He was very excited, and talked for a moment with Mr. Butterworth, who endeavored to calm him; he appeared to resist these attempts to calm him, and threw Mr. Butterworth off and turned into the hall; he had not his hat on at that time; that is the last I saw of him until he came into the house with the police officers; Mayor Berrett was there and Captain Goddard, Mr. Walker, Mr. McBlair, Mr. Cluskey, and some other Southerners; I was then sitting on an easy chair near the library window; Mr. Sickles came into the library, turned round, and then went out, as if to go up stairs; knew he was in the parlor after that; saw Mr. Butterworth and Mr. Walker go into that room; the door between the rooms was closed; I remained in the library.

Q.—Did you hear his sobbing, and so forth?

Mr. Carlisle—That is a leading question.

Mr. Brady did not know that they would be held down to mere matter of form.

Q.—Did you hear anything of Mr. Sickles while in the parlor? A.—No, Sir; my attention was directed to the persons in the room with me; I was very much excited; I never want to see another such a day as that.

Mr. Brady proposed to prove what produced the state of mind in which Mr. Sickles was, when the witness saw him at the Capitol on Saturday, and asked the latter whether he made any communication to him at the time.

Mr. Ould objected, saying it was proposed not only to prove the nature of the communication, but that the entire subject matter should be given in evidence to the jury, in connection with the excited state of the prisoner's mind. Insanity is a fact distinctly capable of proof. If this communication is offered in evidence to show the insanity of the prisoner, it is uncertain and leads to no fixed and sure conclusion. Whatever the nature of the communication, it does not follow as a matter of course and reason that insanity necessarily or probably took place. It does not rise to the dignity of secondary evidence. The only proper evidence would be a manifestation of the mental disease given by the prisoner either at the time the communication was made or subsequently, up to the commission of the homicide. The question was whether this evidence could be given for any other purpose than to show the state of mental disease on the part of the prisoner at the bar. Could it in any sense be offered for the purpose of satisfying the Court and jury that there was provocation of any kind, that the prisoner was entirely and properly under the influence of a heated or excited mind, which inflamed it to anger, or drove him to revenge? Could it be offered for any such purpose as that? All the authorities show it was incompetent for any such purpose. Even adultery does not offer any excuse or justification unless the husband catches the wife in the act—then the offence is reduced from murder to manslaughter.

Mr. Brady said his learned opponent might argue on adultery as long as his convenience, taste or judgment might permit. On that point we have said that we are quite as well prepared as the learned and eminent counsel, for they are both eminent, may be. We do not propose to discuss any such question now. I thought I had given my friend a distinct understanding to that effect.

Mr. Ould replied that he was aware of that, but it necessarily shut out the evidence that it was now proposed to offer. He understood the proposition of the defence to be this: That on Saturday a certain communication connected with the adulterous intercourse of the prisoner's wife, was made to the prisoner at the bar, which threw him into such a state of excitement as demonstrated insanity, or rage, or frenzy. Such evidence as stops short of insanity is inadmissible. If insane, the prisoner could not be made to suffer. He then quoted from the North Carolina decision, 8th Iredell, and Tennessee decisions, 8th Iredell, the State against John, in which the prisoner's counsel insisted that a knowledge or belief of adulterous intercourse mitigated the crime from murder to manslaughter. The counsel offered to prove not that the deceased was found in the act of adultery at the time the homicide was committed, but that adulterous intercourse at some time had occurred between the parties; and as he had before said, the counsel insisted that a knowledge or even a belief by the prisoner would mitigate the crime from murder to manslaughter. All the authorities, Hale, Foster, East, Russell, and Blackstone, are against the course now proposed, and Mr. Ould further argued that to extenuate the offence, the husband must find the deceased in the act of adultery with the prisoner's wife. The rule of Judge Battle was on the admissibility of evidence; the proposition was that such evidence was competent to be offered, because, if the Jury belived the evidence, they could reduce the offence from murder to manslaughter. The decision was against this, for, if the evidence fell short of showing the parties were caught in the fact, it was incompetent for any such purpose. Was not this identically the same case? It was merely proposed to offer a certain statement made to the witness by the prisoner at the Bar, not under the solemnity of an oath. After further argument, he said it seemed to the counsel for the United States that the statement was entirely and totally incompetent as evidence.

Mr. Stanton replied. The evidence offered presented one proposition entirely different from that argued by the public prosecutor. At the moment of the act of homicide, the prisoner declared that the deceased had violated his bed. On the previous day he is found terribly excited. To a clergyman of this city, who met him the same evening, he appeared defiant and desolate; and in the same condition he is traced down to the moment of the homicide and afterward. No one who heard the testimony of Mr. Walker would ever forget it. The defence here proposed to prove, as partly accounting for this condition, that a certain communication was made to the prisoner. The public prosecutor objects to that, and, following the argument of his associate yesterday, intimates that there are two classes of men on whom that communication would produce insanity. Who was to judge of that? Not the Court, but the Jury. They are to determine as to how this communication would act on the reason of this prisoner. The public prosecutor had, however, undertaken to argue that the offence of slaying an adulterer cannot be reduced from murder to manslaughter, unless the husband had ocular demonstration of the fact. He denied that that was law; he denied that it had ever been so decided, and he denied, in the name of humanity, that it would ever be so decided. Counsel wanted it understood and held in mind, that, although the prisoner, at the time of the homicide, declared that deceased had dishonored his bed, yet the correspondence between the prisoner and deceased in reference to prisoner's wife had been excluded. But yet counsel did not complain of that ruling. So, too, a communication from the wife to the husband, which was enough to induce the prisoner to sacrifice, not one life, but a whole hecatomb of lives, was excluded, and here a communication from a third party, of a character to affect the prisoner, is offered to be proved, and the prosecution object. The case cited by the public prosecutor in 8th Iredell's (N. C) Reports was the case of a slave wife. Was it true that the condition of a freman's wife was the condition of that of a slave? He denied it, and there was not a man within sound of his voice who would not wade knee-deep in blood to gainsay such a proposition. If Philip Barton Key had owned a married woman as a slave, he might place a halter around her neck and lead her to the shambles; but could he do so with a free woman? The prosecution, in their thirst for blood, has forgotten the institution of Slavery, for the Judges had laid down the principle that no civil rights are acquired by a slave on account of marriage. But the very evidence, which in that North Carolina case was excluded on the point of justification, was admitted on the point of showing the prisoner's state of mind. That was all they claimed in this case. They only demanded for the prisoner at the bar the same right which is accorded to a North Carolina slave. He would show that never in England, since the time of Charles II., in a case adjudged by Tisdale, one of the most corrupt Judges of a corrupt age, had a man been punished for slaying the man who had desolated his hearth; and now it was to be seen whether that was American law. If it was, his Honor would be the first Judge in this country who had held that the man who had slain his wife's adulterer was a murderer, and was not to place in evidence the justification of his act. I will show you, moreover, [counsel proceeded,] that never in this land has it been so held; that never on the civilized earth has it been so held; that never, by any judicial tribunal anywhere, has it been so held. When that question comes up, I shall shake hands with this prosecution, and meet them upon it here. Your Honor, you have to say whether this evidence is to be shut against a freeman who has vindicated the honor of the marriage relations; if it be, your Honor will be the first to say that a man shall be punished who, under the influence of passions excited by outraged honor, humanity, nature, feeling, has slain the corruptor of his wife, the adulterer, the violator of his bed, and the dishonorer of his home. The counsel then referred to Judge Crawford's ruling in Jarboe's case, and in Day's case, and claimed that those rulings covered the ground here, and authorized the introduction of the evidence proposed. He asked, then, that on these principles the ordinary feelings of humanity should be recognized, and the ordinary rules of evidence followed, and that this evidence should not be excluded in order that vengeance might obtain the blood of this prisoner, who was so fiercely hunted.

Mr. Ould responded—Counsel for the defence had insinuated that the public prosecutor was actuated by thirst for blood, and that he hunted down the prisoner for vengeance.

Mr. Stanton disclaimed making such charge.

Mr. Ould replied, he could let his argument and conduct in this case go before the Court and before the world in contrast with the disreputable rant which this counsel [pointing to Stanton] had exhibited. There was no place where gentlemanly feelings could be better shown than in a forensic contest of this nature, and so there was no place where vulgarity and rudeness could be better exhibited. There seemed to be divisions assigned to counsel for defence—to some, high tragedy; to some, comedy; to some, the part of walking gentlemen; and one gentleman appeared to fill the office of clerical supe, to set the theological part of the house in order. One of the counsel had carried out the part, whether assigned to him or not, of the bully and the bruiser. [Sensation in Court.] No one had a greater dislike to personal antipathies and personal controversies than himself—no one an intenser scorn of the person who gets them up, or of the method in which they are got up. He stood here under the solemn responsibility of his oath, and had endeavored to discharge his duty faithfully as a public prosecutor. He had not now, and never had, a prejudice or ill-feeling against the prisoner at the bar. If, however, he believed that that prisoner at the bar had imbrued his hands in a fellow-creature's blood, he would not be restrained from declaring it. He should not call murder gentleness, or malice good feeling. He had only risen now for the purpose of relieving himself from an aspersion which had been wantonly, and he believed vindictively, made against him. The exigencies of this case, perhaps, had demanded that before this he should have vindicated himself from the aspersions made against him in the course of the case. He was glad to have the opportunity of doing so now

Mr. Stanton [who sat beside Mr. Ould during the latter's remarks] rose earnestly, saying: "I know my duty to my client, to the cause, to society, to myself, too well to allow myself to be drawn aside by any such personal considerations. I am not to be drawn from the principle of law by any such resort of the counsel for the prosecution. I will leave his course to be judged of by the whole world. If his course is justified by his being public prosecutor, be it so. I say the law he presents here is not so adapted to our state of society. I say the law, on the principle on which he claims it, would lead my client to the gallows by those who are malignantly seeking for his blood. I have not the honor of his acquaintance, and, after his language just uttered, do not desire it. [This sentence was followed by the stamping of many feet by the auditors without the bar, but the Marshal and officers soon restored order] Mr. Stanton resumed by repeating that such law as that insisted on would conduct his client to the foot of the gallows, and that there were private prosecutors here. I cannot reply to the counsel's remarks. I defy them. I scorn them. I don't fear them. [Much sensation.]

Mr. Carlisle closed the argument for the prosecution. He would address himself simply and briefly to the question of law pending. If he had no other motive for being brief, he was admonished to be brief by the heated air of this Court-room, which was already testing his strength. He was at a loss to know on what distinct ground this evidence was offered.

Mr. Stanton—It is offered to account for the state of mind in which the prisoner was shown to be.

The Judge—So it is understood.

Mr. Carlisle would then inquire whether it was admissible for that purpose? It was not competent to prove insanity by the declarations or communications of other parties, but by the acts and declarations of the prisoner himself. If any of the *progresistas* of the law could show that any other principle had ever obtained, he should like to have the case pointed out to him. Whatever communication this witness, like Iago, poured into the ear of his friend—if he might be permitted to refer to a play which seemed to be special property of his friends on the other side—was not important; the effect which that communication produced on the prisoner's mind was the only thing that was important. As to the acts and declarations of the prisoner himself, the widest latitude had been given to paint his state of mind through the descriptions given by the witnesses for defence. Counsel referred to the case of The State *vs.* John, 8 Iredell. He was much surprised that the counsel, who had admonished him the other day not to introduce Slavery into this matter, had undertaken to denounce that decision because it was made for slaves and the wives of slaves, not for freemen or the wives of freemen. They knew that no distinction was made in the rules of evidence as between slaves and freemen.

Mr. Stanton—In that case how did Flora, the wife, come to be examined?

Mr. Carlisle did not deny that there were some peculiar laws in the States where Slavery existed. In North Carolina, the wife of a slave might be examined against her husband.

The Judge—It must be so, because slaves cannot contract marriage.

Mr. Stanton—Precisely; that is the point.

Mr. Carlisle—At the same time, the natural relations between the slave husband and wife are recognized. Whoever else might have expected to be affected by the denunciation of the law made for a slave man as applied to a freeman, his Honor would not be affected by it. He knew how much it was worth. In that case of John, the Court said that not only the evidence was inadmissible on the point of reducing the offence from murder to manslaughter, but that there was the plainest implication that it was not admissible on the point of insanity. In that case, the offer was not to prove that the prisoner had been informed that the adultery had taken place, but the offer was to prove that adultery itself, and the evidence was rejected. A bill of exceptions was taken, and the Court of Appeals decided that no evidence which the prisoner had been entitled to introduce was rejected. How could they say so, if the fact of the adultery having been committed could affect the sanity or insanity of the prisoner? Do gentlemen mean to say that if the evidence was immaterial, either in point of justification or in point of insanity, the Court of Appeals would not have declared it admissible? It was the duty of the Judge, if he sees that the evidence, susceptible of having any operation on the defence, had been rejected, to remand the case and order the evidence to be admitted. North Carolina, however, was not so fast a State as New-York, but the rules of law there had a soundness of foundation, which he confessed he liked. The Judges there had not arrived at the point of admitting evidence, not that a man was mad, but that he ought to have been mad. That was the point here. Gentlemen might use all their ingenuity, but they could not escape this precise issue, "Was the prisoner insane?" not "Ought he to have been insane?" If the effect was shown, *cui bono* investigate, whether there had been sufficient cause to set him mad. Let them prove, if his Honor thought it material, not that the prisoner had been informed of a certain state of facts, but that the facts did really exist.

Mr. Stanton read part of the case of John in Iredell, (referred to in the argument,) to show that the evidence, which was rejected under the head of justification, was admitted under the head of insanity. As the relations of counsel to Slavery had been referred to, he would state here that he had the blood of slave-holding parents in his veins, his father had been a North Carolinian and his mother a Virginian.

Mr. Carlisle—That is an interesting fact, which I hope will be chronicled like all other things that take place here, so that, when the gentleman comes to have his biography written, that fact may be mentioned in connection with the doctrine which he has expressed and maintained in this case.

Mr. Stanton—The doctrines which he has maintained here in defence of home and families will be the proudest legacy he will leave to his children. [Suppressed applause.]

Mr. Carlisle—No doubt of it; no person can doubt the earnestness of the gentleman as to his doctrines, but unless the earnestness and fire with which these conclusions are announced are to be taken as indications of their soundness, I shall beg leave to consider them as opinions and declarations in themselves. Of the manner and vehicle in which they are brought to notice I do not agree with the gentleman, and I am sure he does not expect me to agree with him.

Mr. Stanton—Certainly not; I appeal to the hearts of other men.

Mr. Carlisle—There are a great variety of human hearts in this world.

Mr. Stanton—Yes, Sir; and some of them very bad ones.

Mr. Carlisle—And I am happy to say that mine does not contain many things which seem to exist in the hearts of some other people, though, like all other human hearts, I suppose it is filled with much that would be better out of it.

Mr Stanton—It would be better were something else in it.

The Judge—Really, gentlemen, this thing must be interrupted.

Mr. Carlisle—I am addressing myself to your Honor, and I shall say no more about this, because I really feel quite indifferent to the observations made, and I shall take no further note of them.

Mr. Stanton—Then proceed with your argument.

Mr. Carlisle closed his argument against the admissibility of the evidence.

The Judge—The proposition, as I understand it, is to receive the evidence of a communication made by the witness on the stand to the prisoner, to prove, or to aid in proving, the insanity of the prisoner at the time of the commission of the offence. That is the distinct and single ground on which the prosecution is now put.

Mr. Stanton—Precisely.

The Judge—I wish that to be marked, because my opinion might vary in particular aspects, and I do not want to commit myself more than is necessary.

Mr. Stanton—That is the precise point we occupy.

The Judge—I think this evidence offered as a link in the chain to prove insanity is not receivable. The jury are to judge how far insanity exists, strengthened by evidence of acts such as usually characterize derangement of mind, if proved, but the communications of A B to the prisoner or any given number of persons offered in regard to insanity cannot, I think, go to the jury.

Exception taken.

Mr. Stanton—Will your Honor be good enough to explain a little further, so that we can understand how to meet your Honor's views on that point? Your Honor says it cannot be admitted on the point of insanity.

Judge—As tending to produce insanity, or as a cause that would probably induce insanity.

Mr. Stanton—But if coupled with evidence of insane acts, what then? All that we desire is, to get in evidence that will save the prisoner's life. Of course the jury are to be the ultimate determiners of the facts. If there be any view in which we can get it in, we would be glad to be informed of it by the Court.

The Judge—I go no further than to give this particular opinion, because I foresee that there will be a great many discussions on this point, and I do not choose to commit myself incidentally.

Mr. Stanton—Can your Honor suppose any given state of facts, which, connected with this proof, would render it admissible?

The Judge—I will not touch that.

Mr. Stanton—Then your Honor will allow us to go on and find it out?

The Judge—Whenever you reach a stage where you think any particular piece of evidence is admissible, you can offer it, and the Court will decide it.

Mr. Stanton—Your Honor will recollect that we are trying to get in evidence to save the prisoner's life.

Mr. Brady—In order to prevent its being said hereafter that the change of Mr. Sickles' mind on Saturday was produced by a communication referring to some subject other than that which was in point of fact made, we offer in a distinct form to prove this: that this witness had communicated to Mr. Sickles that on the Thursday, the 23d of February, preceding the decease of Mr. Key, Mr. Key had gone with Mrs. Sickles to a house in Fifteenth-street, in Washington, which was hired by Mr. Key for the exclusive purpose of having there adulterous intercourse with her; that Mr. Sickles having investigated that statement made by Mr. Wooldridge, ascertained that Mrs. Sickles had not been there on Thursday, but had been there on Wednesday with Mr. Key, and they were seen by the whole neighborhood; and that it was the revelations by Mr. Wooldridge to Mr. Sickles of the fact that he had made a mistake in the day, that removed from the mind of Mr. Sickles the presumption that his wife was innocent, and produced the convictions that she was guilty.

The Judge made a memorandum of the question, and read it to Mr. Brady, who said it was substantially correct.

Mr. Wooldridge was set aside to be hereafter cross-examined.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN CUYLER.

John Cuyler, sworn—Knew the late Mr. Key for three or four years; knew where Mr. Sickles resided; saw Mr. Key in the vicinity of the house the week before his death.

Mr. Carlisle said that having been informed that the counsel on the other side intended to interrogate the witness about the handkerchief, the counsel for the United States objected to the question. They did not see its relevancy either on the question of provocation or the question of insanity or any other question arising out of this case.

The Court—It is now too late to shut the door to that kind of evidence.

Mr. Carlisle—This evidence has relation to something which occurred the week before the event.

Mr. Brady—We want to know whether Mr. Key waved the handkerchief to excite the admiration of the dog or anything else. [Laughter.]

Witness resumed—As I entered the corner gate of Lafayette-square I saw Mr. Key enter the centre gate, proceeding to the front of the Jackson statue; he took a seat on the iron bench and rested his head on the left hand, then pulled out a pocket handkerchief and waved it; I went behind the statue and watched him; he waved his handkerchief in this way, and then looked at the house of Mr. Sickles; [laughter;] there was no dog about at the time; this was between twelve and one o'clock; I left him in the square as I went out of the northeast gate to go home; I left him sitting there; when I returned that way he was gone; I have often seen him loitering back and forth in the square; for two months he had been attracting my attention; I never saw him waving his handkerchief but on one occasion

Mr. Stanton—Was that when the members of Congress were at the capitol?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Carlisle—That is an argumentative question.

Mr. Stanton—That's all.

Court—The inquiry whether that was before or after Congress was in session is not proper.

Mr. Stanton—Congress met about eleven o'clock. I think it is important as to the time; the signals must have been made when Mr. Sickles was out of his house.

Court—I can clearly see what you mean by it.

Mr. Stanton—Don't, your Honor, decide the question, we will come to that by and by.

Cross-examined by Mr. Ould—I saw Mr. Key waving his handkerchief while I was going home to dinner; I work first at one place and then at the other; I was then working on Seventeenth-street, below the War Department; had been at work there three or four days; I never took count of how many times I saw Mr. Key in the square as I went through it; I have seen him in the square on the avenue, near the Club-house; I can't state the day; it must have been about the middle of the week, about a week before the killing.

Cross examined by Mr. Carlisle—I saw Mr. Key while I was either going to or returning from dinner; I sometimes passed there at one or half-past one.

Mr. Brady—What is your business? A.—A plasterer; I carry on that business.

TESTIMONY OF JEREMIAH BOYD.

Jeremiah Boyd, sworn—I have known Mr. Key for four or five years; I saw him on the Sunday of his decease; it was half-past ten at the Treasury building; he walked on before me; I went to Mr. Pyne's Church; coming from the Church I saw Mr. Key on the pavement near the Club House, his face toward Lafayette-square, looking toward the house of Mr. Sickles; since then I have been at the place and could see the house from there; was standing on the edge of the pavement; he attracted my attention as I was passing on the other side.

Cross-examined by Mr. Ould—Mr. Key had his head up, looking towards the house; he was turning his head about as if looking out; this was about one o'clock; I don't know how long he remained there; when I was going to Church, he went into the club room; it was when I came back that I saw him in front of the Club-house; when I passed him, near the corner, I looked back and saw him still there.

To Mr. Stanton—His back was to the Club-house, and his face towards Mr. Sickles' house.

TESTIMONY OF A. YOUNG.

A. Young, sworn—Reside in the District of Columbia; knew Mr. Key for only three or four months, and only when I saw him; saw him suddenly Sunday, immediately after breakfast, between nine and twelve; he was opposite the President's house, on the avenue, going up towards Georgetown; I did not observe him till after he passed, and if he had not been pointed out, should not then have seen him.

TESTIMONY OF CHARLES G. BACON.

Charles G. Bacon sworn—I was acquainted with Mr. Key for eighteen months; I knew him so as to speak to him; I saw him on the 23d of February, the Wednesday preceding his death; I saw him between ten and eleven o'clock in the morning; he was then at the middle gate of Lafayette square; he went near the statue; he took out his handkerchief and twirled it two or three times; he gathered it in a clump, so, (illustrating,) and let it fall out in this way (illustrating;) some hours after, I saw him walking with Mrs. Sickles, Miss Ridgley and a gentleman; this was between three and four o'clock; had seen him wave his handkerchief between the 14th and 17th of February; he was opposite to the house of Mr. Sickles; he waved his handkerchief two or three times; I have seen him on the President's side of the avenue, near the west gate, at the cross-walk leading to Mr. Sickles' house, waving his handkerchief; I cannot say whether there is a window in the gable end of the house; there is a window in the library from which that spot can be seen; he seemed to clasp his handkerchief, let it fall, clasped it again, and catch it before it could fall any distance.

Cross-examined—The first time I saw Mr. Key was between ten and twelve o'clock; I was sick and had left the office; I intended going back; as I came up I saw him; I cannot name the second time, I pass there so frequently; I think it was in the afternoon I saw him the third time; my impression is he went towards the War Department; I simply saw him waving his handkerchief.

TESTIMONY OF S. S. PARKER.

S. S. Parker was next examined—Have seen Mr. Key in the vicinity of Mr. Sickles' house; the last time on the Sunday he was killed, near half-past one o'clock; he passed me near Fourteenth-street and Pennsylvania-avenue, above Willard's; I slowly passed up Fifteenth-street; he walked very rapidly; when I was near Nairs' drug store he was entering the middle gate of Lafayette-square; I lost sight of him as he entered the Square; I saw him the Sunday before the shooting; I saw Mrs. Sickles on the platform of her residence, her hand over the shoulder of a little girl, apparently trying to keep her from falling over the steps; directly after I saw Mr. Key at the southwest gate of Lafayette-square; when he came out in full view, he took out his handkerchief, with hat in hand, put his hat on his head, bowed to Mrs. Sickles, and twice waved his handkerchief.

Q.—At what hour of the day was that? A.—Between ten and eleven o'clock in the morning; he moved off in the direction of Georgetown, and I lost sight of him; had seen Mr. Key often before.

To Mr. Ould—Never saw Mr. Key use his handkerchief in that manner before; saw him twice the Sunday of his death; I was standing with the Mayor at Willard's when he came out of the barber-shop; he spoke to the Mayor, and bowed to me; the Sunday previous when I saw him come out of the southwest gate, I was on the avenue directly in front of the Jackson monument; I watched him walking very rapidly till he got out of my sight; he generally walked very fast.

To Mr. Stanton—The first time I saw him the day of his death was between ten and eleven o'clock in the morning, at Willard's.

Mr. Stanton—I ask you whether when you saw him the second time your attention was not directed to him by a remark made when you first saw him? A.—It was.

Mr. Stanton—Was that remark in reference to Mr. Sickles killing him? A.—It was.

Mr. Carlisle attempted to object to the last question, but it was answered before he had time to do so.

TESTIMONY OF WILLIAM RATLEY.

Wm. Ratley, examined by Mr. Brady—I reside in this District; have known Mr. Key by sight for two or three years; I last saw him two or three days before he was shot; it was on the avenue between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets; he was alone and going up the avenue; the Thursday preceding his death I saw him in front of Green's, the cabinet-maker's, with a letter in his hand; Mrs. Sickles and the child were with him; she left him and went into the shop, and when she came out they walked together up the avenue, he reading the letter; Mr. Wilson was with me, and he crossed the avenue and said he wanted to get a good look at them. [Laughter.]

Q.—Was there anything in the manner of reading that letter which fixed your attention on the incident? A.—Not mine; I think he handed the letter to her between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets; do not recollect what she did then; when I first saw them, she was going into Mr. Green's store; he was standing outside, with the letter in his hand.

To Mr. Ould—I was standing on the opposite side at Mr. Wilson's office; that was about fifty or sixty yards from them; the letter was on letter paper; do not know whether it had one or two leaves, or on how many sides it was written.

To Mr. Stanton—The paper I saw in Mr. Key's hand appeared to be about that size of paper.

This was spoken in reference to the anonymous letter which Mr. Sickles received, the theory being that the letter which Mr. Key was reading was an anonymous letter written by the same person who was the author of that of Mr. Sickles.

Witness, to Mr. Stanton—I did not see any envelope.

TESTIMONY OF FREDERICK WILSON.

Frederick Wilson, examined by Mr. Brady—I am the person referred to by the last witness as being present when he saw Mr. Key and Mrs. Sickles.

Q.—State what you saw on this occasion referred to? A.—I saw Mr. Key, Mrs. Sickles and the little girl coming up the Avenue; they were near the corner of Seventeenth street when I first saw them; they came up to Green's furniture store; Mrs. Sickles and the little girl went into the store; Mr. Key stood outside reading the letter; I did not notice the letter particularly until Mr. Key stopped; I then walked across the street, probably fifty or seventy-five feet above Green's store, and stood there till they passed me; Mr. Key was then reading the letter; as he got opposite me he opened the sheet and went on; I walked back again to the south side of the Avenue; in about fifteen minutes afterwards they came back on the south side; just as they passed me he put the letter in the envelop and they walked down the Avenue.

Q.—What was the color of the envelope? A.—It was a yellow envelope, something like this, (the envelope covering the anonymous letter to Mr. Sickles.)

To Mr. Brady—Do not know where Mr. Key separated from Mrs. Sickles; they stopped at the newspaper store near the corner of the avenue; after Mr. Key put the letter into the envelope I did not notice what he did with it; when I first noticed the letter he was standing still reading; Mrs. S. and the child were in the store, and when they came out Mr. Key walked along, and he continued to read it; did not hear him read aloud; he made some remark to Mrs. Sickles; I think the remark was, "he had little to do."

Interrupted by the District-Attorney.

To Mr. Stanton—Could not say whether the letter was written on three sides; when they first came in view I was standing near the corner of Eighteenth-street, on the Avenue; I crossed over the street to get a view of them; I waited to observe them; I waited to observe them closely.

Q.—What was said to Mrr. Sickles about that letter?

Objected to and disallowed.

To Mr. Ould—Knew Mrs. Sickles before this; they went up the Avenue to Nineteenth-street on the north side, crossed the Avenue there, walked up to Twentieth-street on the south side, and then passed back down the Avenue; had seen Mrs. Sickles a dozen times before.

Mr. Stanton—Why did you cross over to get a good look at him?

The Judge shook his head deprecatingly.

Mr. Stanton explained that he wanted to show that the witness' curiosity was excited by having seen Mr. Key prowling about the house of Mr. Sickles.

Witness—I saw Mr. Key there a great number of times; nearly every day.

Q—He appeared to be making a business of it? A.—Yes, Sir, [laughter;] between the hours of twelve and one I usually found him there; it appeared to be quite a regular business. [Laughter.]

The Court suggested that this course of questioning was improper.

Witness—The Saturday three weeks before the death of Mr. Key was the last time I saw the handkerchief waved.

TESTIMONY OF THOMAS J. BROWN.

Thomas J. Brown, examined by Mr. Brady—I reside in the City of New-York; in pursuance of instructions from you, (Brady,) I obtained a certain lock. [Mr. Brady hands the witness a sealed package; the witness breaks the seal, opens the package, and produces a common door lock.]

Q.—From whom did you procure that lock?

Mr. Carlisle did not see the point of the examination.

Mr. Brady simply wanted to identify an article which he would offer in evidence hereafter.

Witness identifies the lock, and said he procured it from Mr. Wagner, Pennsylvania-avenue, opposite the Treasury Department, who took it from the door of No. 383 Fifteenth-street.

Not cross-examined.

TESTIMONY OF JACOB WAGNER.

Jacob Wagner, examined by Mr. Brady—I reside in Washington; I am a locksmith; I delivered this lock to Mr. Brown, the last witness; I took it off a house in Fifteenth-street, No. 383; it was John Gray, the black man's house; there were three or four gentlemen there when I took it off; Mr. Pendleton was one of them; I saw him in Court yesterday; I believe he was a member of Congress; the colored boy came for me; this was about a week after Mr. Key's death; I have seen some of the gentlemen in Court who were present; the colored man paid me for taking it off.

Q.—What was said on that occasion? Objected to.

Mr. Stanton proposed to show that the lock was taken off for the purpose of destroying evidence.

Mr. Ould said if that was the view, he had not the slightest objection to have the question put.

Mr. Stanton wanted to know whether it was the persons engaged in the prosecution who tried to destroy this evidence. There were two prosecutors here.—a public prosecutor and a private prosecutor.

Mr. Carlisle wanted to know whether Mr. Stanton meant to be understood as intimating that he (Carlisle) had any knowledge of this attempt to destroy evidence.

Mr. Stanton—None in the world. God forbid I should believe you would do it.

The Judge—I must take this opportunity to say that his is an exceedingly grave case, and must be conducted with a great deal more regard to dignity and order, and decorum than has been observed hitherto. I cannot permit this.

Mr. Stanton—I ask the witness what I asked him before.

The Judge—But it must be done in an orderly manner.

Mr. Stanton, standing in the aisle between the counsels table, and thinking that the Judge's remark had reference to the tone of voice in which he spoke, said that if his client was kept away from his counsel he could not avoid raising his voice. His client had not heard half the testimony given, where he was on trial for his life, and he (Stanton) had not heard one-fifth of his Honor's observations, but took it they were all right.

The Judge—I am not objecting to your tone of voice. That is a matter of taste with which I have nothing in the world to do.

Mr. Stanton—It is a matter of necessity.

The Judge—What I objected to is the manner of doing business, the interruption that takes place. This is a mighty grave affair, and ought to be conducted with all the proprieties that belong to the profession.

Mr. Stanton—The circumstances arise from the necessity of the case, in view of where I am placed, and nobody feels more seriously than do I the responsibilities that attach themselves.

To witness—What was said about this lock at the time, and who said it?

Witness—The colored man said it.

Q.—Were the other persons present at the time? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—What time was it? A.—About 11 o'clock.

Q.—While you were taking the lock? A.—Yes.

Mr. Carlisle—Were these other persons present at the time?

Witness—Not that I know of; I think they were up stairs.

Mr. Ould—I understand that it was proposed to show that certain persons connected with the deceased had given orders that this lock should be secured and kept out of the way. I have no objection that that fact, if true, should be given in evidence, but the evidence must tend to that.

Judge—It must come through the regular channel.

Mr. Stanton to witness—I want to know whether these persons were in the house at the time.

Witness—They were.

Q.—How long were you engaged in taking it off? A—Ten minutes.

Q.—What door was it taken off? A.—The front door.

Q.—Was there another lock put on that door? A.—There was.

It being now 3 o'clock, the Court adjourned.

In the District Attorney's personal remarks on the counsel for the defence, he disclaims having intended any reflection on the members of the New-York bar, or on the Rev. Mr. Hally, who is the person referred to as the clerical supe. His remarks applying to them were merely of a playful nature.

It will be remarked that as to Mr. Wooldridge, and several of the other witnesses, a branch of their testimony has been reserved, and they will consequently be recalled to the stand.

[We are obliged to the writer of the communication signed "One who knows" for the information which it contains; but during the trial now progressing in Washington we prefer to publish nothing else upon the subject. We regard the course of the journals referred to as unfair and unjust in the highest degree, and should be very unwilling to imitate their example.—Ed. Times.]

Progress of the Trial—Character of the Testimony for the Defence—Evidence of the Hon. Robert J. Walker, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Washington, Tuesday, April 12, 1859.

The defence has been fairly opened, and, so far as it has gone, seems to give unlimited satisfaction to Mr. Sickles' counsel and his many friends in this City. The prosecution and the defence have both fully disclosed the grounds on which they shall respectively urge a conviction and an acquittal. The one basing their arguments on a strict construction and rigid application of the law, will insist on a verdict of guilty; the other, on the pleas, first, that the killing of Key was the result of an uncontrollable frenzy; and second, that, apart from Mr. Sickles' mental condition, the act itself is justifiable both in its moral and legal aspects, will confidently ask of the jury an immediate and unqualified declaration of "not guilty." How far these sanguine expectations on the part of the defence will be realized, no man can with safety predict, but that the probabilities are very much in their favor seems to be the prevalent opinion with the public. When the jury was impannelled there were countless rumors afloat as to their individual leanings and moral antecedents. Of course, as in every case of the sort, hardly two opinions could be found precisely to agree. It would seem, however, that the defence have every reliance on their case, and on the integrity and courage of those who are to try it. Mr. Graham's speech left a very favorable impression, and, unlike that of the District-Attorney who opened the prosecution, has had the enhanced effect of being supported in its statement of the facts for the defence by the evidence as yet elicited. I have not the slightest conception of what the prosecution propose to introduce by way of rebutters, but, unless they can completely overturn the testimony for the prisoner, their case, as it stands, must inevitably fail. Mr. Sickles' counsel appear certain of their ability to prove the illicit intercourse between Key and the unfortunate wife of the accused, irrespective of her own recorded admissions. To prove that, the papers on Key's body, when it was removed to the club-house by his friends, were seized by some of his relatives before the arrival of the Coroner, and have never been heard of since; that the lock on the house where the woman and her paramour met, was removed by direction of these same relatives; that the shawl found on the bed in that house of assignation was Key's, and that Sickles was, in truth, laboring under such passionate derangement of mind, induced by the discovery of his friend's treachery, his wife's infidelity, and the consequent ruin and disgrace of his child, his wife and himself; that the act which he committed while in that condition did not bring him within the pale of legal accountability. On this point of mental disorder the strongest testimony was that given to-day, by Mr. Robert J. Walker, which, as it was interrupted by a most affecting episode, and is really interesting in itself, I shall give you at considerable length. I suppress repetitions and redundancies.

Mr. Walker was examined by Mr. Brady, and to the preliminary questions answered as follows:

I have resided in the District of Columbia many years; was in this city on Sunday, the 27th of February last; I have known Mr. Sickles for several years, but I do not think that I had seen him for many months, perhaps six or eight, prior to that date.

Q—How long have you resided in Washington altogether?

A.—I came to the Senate of the United States in February, 1836, and although I was a resident of Mississippi during that period, yet I spent the larger portion of my time here until 1845, when I went into the Treasury Department, and then, during the four years of Mr. Polk's Administration, I resided here, and have resided here a principal part of the time since; I was absent a short time in England, and a short time in New-York.

Q.—Did you see Mr. Sickes on that Sunday, and if so, at what hour of the day?

A.—I cannot name the hour with exactness, but I have endeavored to fix it as nearly as I can. It was near three o'clock, or perhaps a quarter or twenty minutes after three when I saw him on that day. I cannot speak on this point with absolute accuracy, because I did not look at my watch. I only judge of the time by the hour at which I dined, which was two or three hours afterwards at Dr. Gwin's.

Q.—Where was it you saw Mr. Sickles on that day?

A.—I saw him in the back-room of his house in this city; that was the first time I had been in the house since he occupied it.

Q.—On what story was that room?

A.—It was the back room of the first story; there is another room, a front room there; this is on the same floor with the hall; I went up the steps and into that room.

Counsel—Now, Sir, I will ask you to describe his condition and actions as they occurred in your presence?

Witness—Well, as he came in, his manner appeared excited; there was something strange and unusual about it; his voice, too, was somewhat different in its tone from that in which I had usually heard him speak; he advanced and took me by the hand; I think he said: "A thousand thanks for coming to see me under these circumstances," but he had scarcely repeated these words when I saw a very great change in his appearance, and he became very much convulsed indeed; he threw himself, I think, on his face on the sofa, covering his face with his hands, and broke into an agony of very unnatural and unearthly sounds, more remarkable than any I had ever heard; they were something like screams, interrupted by violent sobbing; he exhibited great agitation; his frame was very much convulsed; there was a great deal of writhing and contortion, and his condition appeared to me very appalling indeed—so much so that I thought if this lasted he must become insane; he appeared to me to be in a state of frenzy then. He was indulging in constant exclamations about the dishonor that Mr. Key had brought upon his house and upon his wife and child, and seemed particularly to dwell on, and more often to repeat, the disgrace of his child than of himself; I cannot say with accuracy how long this continued; I should say probably some ten minutes; I endeavored to pacify him, but with very little effect, and at one time I turned from him to go out of the door for a physician myself, but these violent exclamations seemed to be somewhat arrested, and they finally broke off; the sobs became more violent, until they finally subsided.

Q.—How long did you remain? A.—I think I must have been there perhaps over half an hour; I accompanied him from there to the jail; I believe we were accompanied by Mr. Berrett, the Mayor, and perhaps by Mr. Goddard, the Magistrate, and Mr. Butterworth; I drove with him to the jail, for I was still alarmed at his condition, not knowing at what time these convulsions would recur; I drove with him, I believe, in Dr. Gwin's carriage, in which I had come from Dr. Gwin's house to Mr. Sickles', on first learning of the affair; I knew nothing of the affair until the servant mentioned it at Dr. Graham's.

Mr. Carlisle—Never mind conversations with servants.

Mr. Walker was cross-examined by the District-Attorney as to whether any persons were present when he first met Mr. Sickles, and if so, who they were. He said he did not think there were any persons present at first but Mr. Butterworth, Mr. Sickles and himself, but some time afterwards he thought that Mr. Berrett came in, and after him Mr. Goddard, but when these terrible convulsions took place he thought there were none present but Mr. Butterworth and himself. Being asked if any police officer was there at the time, he answered, "I think that when I first entered the back room there was no one there but Mr. Butterworth. I remained conversing with him for perhaps four or five minutes when Mr. Sickles came in. According to my recollection he came in alone and remained with Mr. Butterworth and myself some little time; but I must beg leave to say again, gentlemen, that I was very much excited myself, and the necessary allowance must be made for my inability to estimate time accurately. I never was so much excited in my life.

Mr. Stanton rose and, addressing the Court, said, "If your Honor please, may the prisoner be removed for a few moments."

The Judge looked towards the prisoner and instantly replied, "Certainly."

Mr. Sickles, when his child's disgrace was mentioned, had fallen forward, with his face leaning on the shoulder of a friend, who sat near him. He labored for a time with ill-repressed emotion. At length his habitual self-command gave way, and he burst into a passion of sobs and tears which rendered him completely helpless, and the man who had hitherto preserved a demeanor apparently so calm, impassive and friged, was torn with an excess of agonized emotion; the very spectacle of which drew tears from almost every spectator, and so affected the jurors, even, that despite the manifest effort on their part to subdue their distress, the rebellious tears

[Continued on Eighth Page.

THE NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION.

A Sharp Denunciation of President Buchanan and His Policy.

Speech of the Hon. John Hickman at Harrisburgh.

At the Democratic (Anti-Buchanan) Convention which assembled at Harrisburgh, Penn., on the 13th, Hon. JOHN HICKMAN, Member of Congress, made the following strong and severe speech in reference to the National Administration:

MR. PRESIDENT: I am glad to meet you to join you upon an occasion so interesting and important as the present one. I heartily indorse the propriety of this Convention. The base outrage recently attempted here by the minions of despotic Federal authority merits a stern rebuke, but not more than the weakness and heartlessness which conceived and commanded it. I love and admire the honesty and courage with which Gov. PACKER has appreciated and discharged all his public duties. To him and his able and accomplished Attorney-General, and Secretary of the Commonwealth, are our thanks eminently due for a manifestation of that devoted patriotism which impelled them to consider their country first, and consequences afterwards. It is not surprising that political prostitution should condemn it. The popular affection, however, will be to them a shield more protective than fortresses of granite and of iron. But I desire to speak of other matters.

At this day resolutions complimentary to the present National Administration may be pardoned, when proceeding from official sycophants, but they can do neither good nor harm. The history of Mr. BUCHANAN's Executive life has already been written, and too plainly to be obliterated by bribed eulogy, or to be misunderstood by the people of this State and nation. Neither political conjuration nor party magic can make them forget the wicked violation of pledges, the arrogance of bloated power, the prostitution of Congress, the profligacy of departments, or the rapid and marked encroachments upon popular constitutional rights. Judgment, final judgment, has been calmly and deliberately passed upon this treason to the Democracy, this assassination of common honesty, and it is as irreversible as the decrees of God. It is wise, therefore, in this Convention, to speak the truth plainly, and to avoid the folly of an attempt to cover up an audacious criminality we must all condemn.

By the action of the Thirty-fourth Congress, the complaints made by the residents of Kansas were ascertained to be true. Although the South, by the legislation of 1854, was pledged to maintain the domestic sovereignty of the territories, a portion of their people from Missouri entered upon the soil of Kansas, and, by force and fraud, seized the law-making power, stilled the voice of the majority, and enacted statutes disgraceful to the age and nation. This fact, when legally revealed, made a deep impression upon the public mind, and Mr. BUCHANAN found it necessary, in order to carry the election in his own State, to pledge himself distinctly to the maintenance of the doctrine of popular sovereignty, and to defend the rights of those who had been thus ruthlessly despoiled. I will not pretend to indicate the particular weakness in his nature that induced him to turn the hand of the suicide against his own fame, as it matters little whether it arose from timidity, a fear of his enemies outweighing a love of his friends, a careless disregard of fair dealing, or a weak and puerile vanity. It is enough to know that he deceived all our hopes, turned with blackest ingratitude upon that self-sacrificing friendship by which he reached the goal of his feverish ambition, and sought, by all the means within the reach of drunken and staggering authority, to disgrace every man whom he could not debauch. Suddenly, and as by the touch of the wand of the magician, he became transformed from the sympathiser with down-trodden freedom, to the open and shameless defender of aggressive and law-defying Slavery. The halls of the National Legislature were turned into marts for conscience. He published his interpretations of party principles and platforms with the arrogance of a dictator, and commanded his subordinates in office, and his coward slaves, to reiterate and proclaim his bulls of party excommunication against all who were rash enough to follow an independent judgment. These acts of themselves are enough to sever allegiance. It would be an ill-shapen manhood which could tolerate them in silence. But because we denounce them, we are anathematized as rebellious. Sir, we will see where the rebellion will end. It will end in the supremacy of the laws; in the integrity of the Constitution; in the purification of parties; in the sworn loyalty of executives; and the vigorous growth, material greatness, and eternal dominance of the North. That is where it will end. Popular sovereignty, invoked by the South, will be defended by *us*, and it shall unfold the veiled, yet dimly discovered, destiny of this great Republic. We are battling for the right, for the spirit of the institutions our fathers established. Let us *feel* that we are doing this, and we will accomplish *the* victory of our country; not a mere naked triumph at the polls, but the great success afterwards—the untrammeled self-government of man; the dedication of a continent to a consistent liberty.

Those who stop to talk of conciliation and compromises between us and the self-constituted oracles of the Democratic Party, can have but a feeble appreciation of the real condition of things. When you can harmonize light and darkness, integrity and corruption, the patriotic devotion of the private citizen to the principles of our Government with a tyranny worse than that of the middle ages, it will be time enough to cry "peace." Let this truth be made prominent—that there is an eternal antagonism between Freedom and Slavery. The constitution of the human mind and the human heart makes it inevitable; and the one or the other must eventually gain the ascendancy. The struggle between them, but just begun, is now going on in our midst, and he is but a superficial observer who does not discover it. We have acted honorably—benevolently. For long, long years we have defended the chartered rights of our Southern brethren; we have even conceded their exactions; we have given them all the advantages springing from unequal legislation; we have changed policy to suit their notions of interest; until, having grown fat, they demand as a prerogative what we granted as a favor, and having found a President without affections, a sworn officer not afraid of perjury, willing to back their pretensions, they would now treat us as a common enemy, and brand our names with indelible infamy. They have done more—they have gone further—they have come amongst us, and bribed cupidity with gold, ambition with promotion, and vanity with temporary consequence, to do violence to justice. Longer forbearance not only ceases to be virtuous, but it becomes cowardly and base. The North has rights, long in abeyance, truly, yet not lost; we will save them; by walls and fire and blood, if needs be, we will save them.

In what I have just said I would not be misunderstood; I know I cannot escape misrepresentation. I would resist aggression on the part of the South, not her constitutional guarantees; and I would force a plain, distinct, unequivocal recognition of the rightful claims of the North—nothing more, nothing less. Who can safely complain of this?

I wish I could stop here. If this were all of the accusation, we might forget the past in the exercise of a profuse charity, but unfortunately we are not allowed to do so. A usurpation has been accomplished which saps the very foundation of our political structure. Mr. BUCHANAN has demanded an absorption of the powers of Congress in those of the Executive. To carry out his treachery to us, he has assailed the Representatives of the people. He has bribed the venal, rewarded the aspiring, alarmed the timid, and deceived the honest. By such means was the Lecompton Constitution carried into a provisional law, in contemptuous disregard of the known will of the people upon whom it was imposed, and in direct contravention of the letter and spirit of the organic act itself. The reason which prompted the commission of the outrage is too manifest to be doubted. It was to purchase flattery of the South; to force slavery upon the soil of the North; and to strengthen and aggrandize one section of the Union at the expense and hazard of the other. Then, compliance with executive behests was the test of Democracy, and to disregard them was apostacy. More recently, however, when the recommendations of the President were thought to favor the manufacturing and agricultural States—when the propriety of a new tariff law was suggested—and when the so-called Democratic members of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and even Cabinet officers, raised the voice of denunciatory opposition, it was all right, and rebellion became loyalty. And yet Pennsylvanians see nothing in this; nay, they commend it. Chains never clanked upon the limbs of beings more servile and debased. We might, perhaps, be able to open their eyes to the truth, and loosen their tongues to utter it, by continuing them in office under a new Administration, governed by a more benign policy. If parties with such plastic notions shall be able to grasp the control of our Government, then must the strong empire of the North be dwarfed to barrenness, and eighteen millions of white slaves here be added to the four millions of black slaves yonder. That is indeed a strange illustration of the advantages of free government which proclaims a necessity for crushing out the inherent power of a people by fashioning their institutions for them, requiring it to be sanctioned, and yet allows and encourages a denial of law by which alone a bankrupt treasury can be replenished, and honest debts paid.

But, Sir, we charge further upon the Administration of Mr. BUCHANAN one of the main causes by which we have reached the point of national insolvency; a reckless prodigality in the expenditures of the public money, and a prevailing vice in the departments of the Government. It is a gross mistake to suppose that our increased expenses are owing to an expansion of territory and the removal of our frontier. The Administration of Mr. VAN BUREN, with annual outlay of thirty-seven millions of dollars, was pronounced extravagant; now our expenses are close upon one hundred millions a year. But we have got used to talking of millions without stopping to consider the magnitude of the figures. Why, Sir all the horses and mules in this county, numbering over six thousand, would scarcely draw, in silver, the money required to foot our Government bills for a single year. Do you inquire why this is so? I will tell you. We have abandoned our former and better practices. When Mr. JEFFERSON was President, he required honesty and capability in his appointees; now, subordinates are selected for their known lack of independence, conscience, and will. There was a time, which our fathers remember, when to be the head of a department, a Secretary of the Treasury, or of War, or of the Navy, required greatness and inspired confidence; now a man of very moderate dimensions will suffice for either place. An ex-Governor or effete Senator will always answer for the position, provided he has the marks of gyves upon his legs, and don't know too much. I think we will be able to furnish one hereafter, who may claim by a double title. I hazard little in saying there is now more money squandered and stolen yearly than it required during the Administrations of MADISON, MONROE, and the younger ADAMS, to support the Government. There is not only no careful supervision of our finances, but funds are drawn, constantly, directly from your Treasury to reward favorites, and to give approved shape to public opinion at the polls; in other words, to carry elections. The Secretary of the Navy, among others, may know something of this. If he should not, the Patterson letter, with the President's indorsement, may afford him information. Public property of great value is sold, privately and covertly, at a tithe of its worth; other is bought at almost fabulous prices. Navy-yards, Post-offices, Custom-houses and Mints have been stocked, crowded, crammed, for weeks and months, with superannuates and idlers, and paid the wages only due to well-taught craft and deserving industry, for the mere purpose of overriding the legal voters, returning parasites, tumbler and trencher friends, to Congress, and publishing an attested lie to the world. These acts—these flagrant violations of preservative law and decent behavior—have all been indorsed here, in this place, in this capital, and uttered and published as true and genuine Democracy. God save the Republic! And knowing them all, and in the face of them all, the President himself, to whom, but three short years ago, we gave the fullness of our confidence, now bleached by age, and blanching before the frowns of an outraged and insulted constituency, cants and whines, in hypocritical numbers, over the degeneracy of the times, and in the expression of a fear lest elections should be carried by gold. Catching the sounds of lamentations as they issue from the open casements and portals of the White House, your Biglers, Joneses, *et id omne genus*, move with the hushed and solemn tread of mourners, and shed gouty tears of blood.

The indefensible and destructive management of the Post-office Department requires especially to be noticed. Within a very short period, for the mere purpose of enriching contractors, bestowing largesses upon sterile and uninhabited districts of the South, and acquiring power, the expenditures have been almost doubled—run up to the enormous sum of twenty millions of dollars—and the mail system made a by-word and a reproach. With new, extended, and expensive routes, without corresponding returns, sunk in fathomless debt—aye, paralysed by burdens—its chief lustily cries for help, and piteously begs the sinews of prolonged malfeasance. But upon whom does he call? Upon those to whom the appeal is always made when money, votes, soldiers, or other effective help is required—upon the laboring thrifty—the "mud sills" of the Eastern, Northern, Middle and Western States. It is consoling to know we are good enough to pay if not to receive. We are at least able, if not respectable. If we have not chivalry, we have fields, and farms, and factories. Let us, then, without whimpering, "split the difference." The "F. F. V.'s" or the "F. F. T.'s" shall take all the posts of patronage, and we will pay their debts. The plan proposed, by which we shall do this, is a very simple one. We have only to pay five cents, instead of three, on each letter we write, abolish the present "franking privilege," and, consequently, cut off the distribution of all seeds, and agricultural, and mechanical and political information from our people, and the thing is, in great measure, accomplished. And why not do this? To be sure, *we* more than pay *now* for all *our* postal service, and these documents are highly prized by us, but do we not know that "*the* domestic institution" is too poor to pay, and too ignorant to read. We seem to be prone eternally to forget that we were made for hewers of wood and drawers of water. If we would remember this fact, I think we could cordially unite with those who met here on the 16th ult., and join them in pæans and praise to the new American Monarchy.

It has become humiliating to pride to speak the truth, for it has become unfashionable, and almost incredible. Largely in debt, pressed on all sides by voracious creditors, with no present ability to pay, and with constantly accumulating liabilities, the President of the United States has shown himself incompetent to carry any measure of relief. Yes, this man and his Cabinet are appalled, terror-stricken and motionless in view of the natural results of their own policy. If it were permissible, I would recommend them to infuse a little of their Lecompton fire into the tariff recommendation—

> "Instead of standing, staring altogether,
> Like garden gods—and not so decent, either."

To blind our sight to its short-comings, to cover up its disgraceful defeats, and to reconstruct its sinking fortunes, the Administration now proposes, by virtue of a transfer of the war-making power to itself, to visit chastisement upon feeble States for imaginary wrongs, and by the acquisition of Cuba to extend the area of freedom gluttonized on Slavery. A man self-made mad, and then self-destroyed—a Lear in rags, and not in robes—having lost the sceptre by the weakness of folly, clutches the flying air, and seeks to mount again to power and influence. Vanity of vanities! there is no restitution for fallen greatness.

A few material inquiries may possibly present themselves, when we come to consider the propriety of the purchase of the vain and much-praised "Queen of the Antilles," and of bringing her into our loving and lecherous embrace. In what way, by what mysterious means, with what magic key will you draw the thirty golden millions, demanded by the President as earnest money, and the hundreds of millions afterwards, from a strong box, empty as the heart of its keeper, and which is more secure in locking treasure out than locking it in? How far will a well-regulated prudence determine us to go in intrusting such vast amounts in the hands of one who has already deceived us—in whom we have no confidence? By what legal secret will we be able to consummate a purchase of Spain, who has determined not to sell? And how can we better secure ourselves against those who, in league with the President, have sought to humiliate us, by adding to their power and extension, and by giving them the control of the Gulf of Mexico as they may have it over the Mississippi? I think I can school myself to love my enemies; but not better than myself. I can willingly admit my brother to an equal enjoyment of a common inheritance; but I cannot, when he does me violence and injustice, strengthen his arm so as to enable him forcibly to take it all. So, I can and will love my Southern neighbor. I will freely allow him an equal participation of all the fruits of our generous system. I will divide with him the temple of Liberty. I will shield him from the evil doer. But when he denies to me what I am willing to grant to him, and that which my title covers, I will not stultify myself, and place weapons in his hand for my destruction; and I will never pay tribute for either his kindness or forbearance. Cuba may be important to the Union; I will admit that it will be so when we have just and equal laws, and honest officers; but before we acquire it, I desire to be informed whether any legislation can possibly be had as beneficial to Pennsylvania as the purchase would be to Tennessee or Georgia; and, above all, shall I seek to know how, thenceforward, we are to be treated. For if I am a traitor—an unconscious and unrewarded one—to either thirty-three or fifteen States, I will not add to the enormity of my offence by extending the number of States against which my guilt must operate.

I have stated, as concisely as I could, my judgment of the management of the Government for the last two years. I trust I have made it plain and distinct. I have not descended to minute particulars; the proof of my declarations having become matter of enduring record has rendered it unnecessary to do so. I leave it before you and the people, as a full justification for our present course, and as the reason for our settled determination to refuse to be identified with movements we both deplore and despise. Desiring to be fair, we cannot tolerate deception. Sustaining right, we must denounce usurpation. Asking justice, we cannot inflict a wrong. Economy is not presented to us as a choice; it is forced upon us as a necessity: and having been trained in a system of politics that we love, and taught to regard purity as essential to power, it is too late in our lives to turn demagogues to maintain majorities, or to barter for smiles from rotten rule. It is true that renewed and continued denunciation and proscription are likely to be our reward for the choice that we make; but I cannot avoid hinting to those who suppose they have throttled the wolf, that they may have only caught him by the ears.

It is told that when the Belvidere Apollo was in the Louvre, a lady of gushing and fascinating beauty came with each returning sun to look upon and love it wreathing it with selected flowers, and clasping it in all the ardor of her youthful heart. Days and weeks and months rolled on, until, at last, the cold and stony figure turned her warm blood into ice, and she was found dead, with her face buried in her hands, and leaning against it. Sir, *we* may be too ideal, and look for a perfection which nature does not furnish. Like the daughter of the Baron, we may bestow the jewels of the heart where their value can never be appreciated, and our last pulse may beat as we kneel in absorbing and silent adoration before the symbol of a god. If such must be, we may well claim, at least, a generous sympathy, for that form once had brain, and heart, and life, and power. In the days of JEFFERSON it was wise and creative; in the days of MADISON, brave and benolent, and in the days of JACKSON, commanding and resistless. Then it was the awe-inspiring guardian of Liberty—American Democracy—inviting companionship, and holding in its hands the olive branch of peace and the thunderbolt of war.

But, Sir, we will not die, but live. We have ARISTOTLE's hope, the dreams of waking men, and their appalling interpretations shall be written out in letters of fire upon walls of adamant. It shall be read of all men, from the Aroostook to the Golden Gate. You have it—truth in a whisper shall confound the lie from a trumpet; and a naked child shall tread upon the armored giant leading the hosts marshalled against the advancing civilization and righteous government of man.

Look not back—we have learned the past; but onward, onward, with steady eye and unwavering step. The goal is *before* you! You will remember that when Orpheus lost Eurydice, he followed her even into the abode of Hades, where, by the power of his lyre, he won her back; but it was enjoined upon him that he should not look upon her until he had arrived in the upper air. At the very moment they were passing the fatal bounds, it is said his love overcame him, and looking around to know that she was following him, she was caught back into the infernal regions. The story embodies a pregnant moral. If you would regain the loved and the lost, then forward! forward!!

I am done. If I have been dull, you will pardon me. If I have inspired a single patriotic thought or feeling, I have my reward.

Mazzini on Slavery.

The following letter from MAZZINI was received a few days ago by the Principal of a private school in the vicinity of this City:

LONDON, March 21, 1859.

DEAR SIR: I beg to apologize for being so late in acknowledging the receipt of $112 09, subscribed by you and others at the end of the lecture delivered at your Institution by my friend, Mme. JESSE M. WHITE MARIO, towards our Italian school, &c.

I am very much pleased at my honored friend's first success and response to her efforts in the United States, coming from Young America, to whom Young Italy looks for sympathy and support in her approaching struggle, and my thanks are the thanks of all the members, both teachers and pupils, of our Italian school.

We are fighting the same sacred battle for freedom and the emancipation of the oppressed—you, Sir, against negro, we against white slavery. The cause is truly identical: for, depend upon it, the day in which we shall succeed in binding to one freely accepted compact 26 000,000 of Italians, we shall give, what we cannot now, an active support to the cause ou pursue. We are both the servants of the God who says before Me there is no Master, no Slave, no Man, no Woman, but only Human Nature, which must be everywhere responsible, therefore free.

May God bless your efforts and ours! May the day soon arise in which the word *bondage* will disappear from our living languages, and only point out a historical record! And, meanwhile, let the knowledge that we, all combatants under the same flag, do through time and space commune in love and faith, strengthen one another against the unavoidable suffering which we must meet on the way.

Believe me, my dear Sir, most gratefully yours,
JOSEPH MAZZINI.

From Bermuda.

THE POTATO CROP—TELEGRAPH AROUND THE ISLAND.

Our files of the Bermuda *Gazette* extend to March 16. The *Gazette* says: "Men who know assure us that the growing crop of potatoes presents the most encouraging appearance. To the timely and moderate rains of February, and the absence of high winds up to the present date, may be attributed the beautiful condition of the cultivated tracts in every part of the country; and if the latter half of March, upon which we have now entered, should be as free from inclemency as the former, there can be little doubt of our planters reaping an exceedingly bountiful crop. Of course the uncertainty as to the disease to which the potato is subject must be an element in the calculation of returns, so long as no remedy can be found; but of late years, as well in this as in other countries, the taint has been less and less virulent, which rationally leads every one to hope that, even if it should again appear, the aggregate yield of the crop will not thereby be very materially affected."

From the same paper we learn there is good reason for believing that it is in contemplation to establish the electric telegraph in this colony. The project embraces not only the union of the towns of Hamilton and St. George's by means of the wires, but also a line through the entire upper districts of the country as far as Her Majesty's Dock yard, so as to place both the Military and Naval establishments, situated at the eastern and western extremities of the Islands, in instantaneous communication with the seat of Government. This grand and most desirable work will, we believe, be undertaken under the sanction and at the expense of Her Majesty's Government; and be worked, we presume, by persons in its employ. At the same time there can be no doubt that its advantages will be readily afforded to the public at large under a moderate tariff of charges. It will, when established, at once supersede the present tedious and often uncertain mode of telegraphing in use at the signal-stations; and we are sanguine enough to believe that, like the growth of correspondence between all parts of the country, which has arisen through the facilities supplied by our present inter-colonial mail system, the vast improvement which an electric telegraph must inaugurate would attract and secure no inconsiderable amount of public patronage.

THE NEW CANAL LAW OF OHIO.—Among the important acts passed by the Legislature of Ohio is one providing for the lease of the Public Works. It provides for a notice of the leasing to be published in the papers of the principal cities of the State and the cities of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. That the leasing shall take place from the steps oft he Capitol on the 14th day of August next, at public auction, to the bidder who shall give sufficient security and will keep the works in repair in consideration of the tolls to be collected thereon, and pay to the State the largest amount per annum for the privilege. No person interested directly or indirectly in railroad management is permitted to be admitted as a bidder. The amount of bonds is fixed at $250,000 for the Ohio Canal, and proportionate amounts for the other sections. A Columbus correspondent of the Cleveland *Plaindealer* says: "The method of providing for repairs, thus resorted to, appeared to be the only one left to save the valuable and costly lines of public works belonging to the State from going gradually, but surely, to ruin."

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDAR—FRIDAY, APRIL 15.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—No. 85.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 185, 190, 192, 195, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 52, 65, 70, 32, 111, 112, 107, 120, 154.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Short causes.—Nos. 856, 1403, 1819, 2065, 2103, 2105, 2106, 2414, 2422, 2468, 2679, 2897, 3007, 3017, 3021, 3153, 3336, 3367, 3400, 3495, 3510, 3752, 3796. *Part II.*—Nos. 1132, 1148, 1256, 810, 1330, 1332, 1336, 1340, 1342, 1348, 1350, 1160, 1356, 1358, 1366, 1370, 1372, 1374, 1376, 1378. *Part III.*—Nos. 1361, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1599½, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1619.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Nos. 94, 14, 234, 239, 129, 252, 90, 268, 269, 270, 272, 273, 275, 279, 281, 282, 286, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 295, 296, 297, 300, 301, 303.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—*Part I.*—Nos. 623, 893, 963, 965, 966, 968, 683, 253, 975, 976, 978, 873, 868, 939, 991. *Part II.*—Nos. 904, 813, 946, 881, 979, 980, 981, 983, 985, 989, 886, 992, 993, 148, 912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—APRIL 14.

Before Judge Betts.

FEES OF REFEREES UNDER THE RULES OF JANUARY LAST.

James W. Elwell et al. vs. The Steamer Prince Albert.—Philander Crosby vs. The same.—These cases were referred by the Court, pursuant to the rules adopted in January term, to Mr. White, United States Commissioner, to hear the testimony and report his findings thereon. The hearing took place, and the Commissioner reported in favor of the libelants. He thereupon made out his bill of fees for the services rendered, according to the charges allowed to United States Commissioners by the fee bill of 1853—and this bill was brought before the Court for taxation.

Held by the Court—That the 44th rule of the Supreme Court, under which, with the other rules and acts giving the District Courts authority over the practice of the Court, these referees or commissioners are appointed, had no allusion to the Commissioners, provided for as standing officers by the fee bill of 1853, as the Commissioners who were to be subrogated in place of the Court in executing these references.

But that there is strong reason for holding that the particular compensation allowed to United States Commissioners by the fee bill, was designed to apply with its limitations to like services performed by any denomination of Commissioners or referees, and the provision of the fee bill which determines the allowance for attending to a reference in pursuance of an order of Court, should be regarded as covering that service in cases of this class also. The Commissioner ought not, therefore, to be allowed more than $3 per diem for that special service, not for the reason that he takes the appellation of a Commissioner, but because that sum is awarded by law "For attending to a reference in Admiralty in pursuance of an order of Court."

That the fee bill does not, however, govern the subject of compensation to which the referee is entitled for his services, further than establishing the *per diem* allowance for attending to the reference. He is clothed with the powers and functions of a Master in Chancery, and would seem entitled to a compensation equivalent to what that officer might demand for services of a like order.

The bills of costs are accordingly sent back to the Commissioner, to restate them to the Court for allowance.

For libelants, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict; for claimants, Messrs. Van Vorst & Beardslee.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Roosevelt.

Norman A. Freeman vs. Seth M. Harris.—This morning an application was made by the defendant's counsel for a discharge from arrest, or for an order reducing the amount of bail.

It will be remembered that the defendant was arrested last Saturday, April 9, on a charge of libel preferred against him by this plaintiff, bail being required in the sum of $5,000. The libel consisted in a publication in the newspapers, several days ago, of the information that the plaintiff had been arrested and held to bail in $8,000, for a malicious and wicked slander on the Traders' Express Company.

Justice ROOSEVELT intimated that he might reduce the amount of bail, and took the papers,

Charles Tracy, for the plaintiff; Edmon Blankman, for the defendant.

Henry Clueas et al. vs. The Equitable Fire Insuranae Company.—The prayer of the present petition cannot be allowed, but the petitioner, if so advised, may take a reference to inquire into all the facts having a bearing on his application, and to report the same to the Court, reserving, in the meantime, all legal questions.

Before Justice Strong.

Horner B. Claflin el al. vs. Moses Franks.—Order of arrest vacated; $10 costs. (See opinion.)

The People, &c., vs. Fredk. W. Obernier.—Motion by the defendant for his discharge as bail, and that the action be discontinued. Motion must be denied, with $10 costs.

Chas. Landaner vs. Christian Fischer.—Injunction to continue until the further order of the Court, on the plaintiff filing an undertaking, according to sec. 222 of the Code, in the sum of $1,000, &c., the successful party in the action to have $10 costs in respect to this action.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Hoffman.

John Henry vs. William Hall.—Bail reduced to $200.

Nimrod Woodward, &c., vs. Louis Friede.—Motion denied, with $7 costs.

Before Justice Slosson.

Cassard vs. Hinman, Same vs. Same, Lesieur vs. Sherman, Butler vs. Murray, Ryerson vs. Law.—Cases settled,—Papers with General Term Clerk.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, April 14, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 62 bbls. Ashes, 6,258 bbls. Flour, 330 bushels Wheat, 510 bushels Barley, 2,310 bushels Oats, 2,328 pkgs. Provisions, and 60 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been reported to-day of 100 bbls. Pots, at $5 75, and small lots of Pearls also at $5 75 ℘ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—American yellow, 38c.@40c. ℘ ℔.

CANDLES—All kinds are in limited demand, including Patent Sperm at 52c.; plain do. at 40c.@41c.; Stearic at 27c.@28c.; Adamantine at 21c.@22c.; and Patent Tallow, 15½c. ℘ ℔. The advices from California, to hand this evening, report a reaction in the San Francisco market, with a much diminished inquiry, and lower prices for Adamantine. The steamer *Bulletin*, of March 21, says: "During the earlier part of the past fortnight the market was devoid of interest. A few boxes of Adamantines, generally in poor condition, were offered at auction, bringing prices conforming to our quotations for last mail. But the continued inactivity of the country trade kept the jobbers out of the market, and no demand for the article was made upon the combination. Towards the close of last week, 1,100 boxes of Adamantines, the stock of a jobbing firm, were offered at public sale; the trade were left without competition from the combination as purchasers, and the lot sold at lower rates than had of late been current. Since this sale, no transactions of sufficient importance to mark a further decline have occurred; but it is conceded that the effort to control the market has been abandoned, and that at any moment the heavy stocks now held upon speculation may be offered for sale. The article is therefore by no means a favorite, and within a few days no offers for parcels can be obtained at all—buyers being fearful of purchasing under the present prospect. Sales of the fortnight have been 600 boxes PROCTOR & GAMBLE's at 30c.; at auction, 1,100 boxes ordinary to good brands brought 24¼c.@27½c.; 250 boxes MACY's, at private sale, 27c.; 500 boxes SECOMB's, to arrive, on private terms. The total quantity of small lots disposed of at auction during the fortnight reaches 1,300 boxes, bringing the prices noted above. Sales to day of 1,000 boxes Chemical Sperm, 500 do. HAWES on private terms. We reduce our quotations for this mail to 23c.@26c. for Adamantine, and refer to them as nominal, for it is difficult to determine how soon or to what extent prices may recede." A mercantile firm in this city has favored us with the annexed pertinent remarks: "The following figures may be of some service to California shippers, in aiding them to arrive at the probable results of their adventures in Candles. The total shipments in 1857 were 139,156 packages; during nearly the whole of that year they were sold in San Francisco at a loss to shippers. The shipments from the 1st January to the 1st November, 1858, (ten months,) were 85,550 packages, and from the 1st November to the 1st April, 1859, 140,234 packages. The stock in San Francisco on the 1st of March was 105,000 packages, most of which is held by the combination. The entire consumption during the months of January and February did not reach 7,000 packages (less than 3,500 per month.) They are held at 28c., but no sales are being made. That the result of shipments now on the way must be disastrous, is obvious to every one who will take the trouble to examine the figures. The writer of this can in no way be affected by the shipments, and calls attention to it, to show how much more reckless persons are in shipping to the California market than any other in the world."

COFFEE—Sales have been reported, to-day, of some Java, at 14½c.; Rio, at 12c.; and 1,000 bags St. Domingo, at a price not disclosed.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, did not exceed 1,500 bales, including 1,000 bales *in transitu*, and 500 bales from store. Prices are unaltered. We quote lots here thus:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N.O.&Tex
Ordinary, ℘ ℔	10⅛	10⅛	10⅝	10¾
Middling, ℘ ℔	12⅛	12⅝	12⅝	12¾
Middling Fair, ℘ ℔	13⅛	13⅛	13¾	14

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is less active, to-day, for State and Western Flour. The rain storm has checked business. The demand, however, has been fair, and for really desirable lots somewhat firmer prices have been obtained. Sales have been reported of 8,250 bbls.

Unsound Flour, ℘ bbl	$3 50@$5 00
Superfine State	5 10@ 5 55
Extra State	5 95@ 6 45
Superfine Western	5 15@ 5 65
Fancy Ohio	5 75@ 5 85
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 95@ 7 50
Extra Ohio	6 40@ 7 50
Fancy Genesee	6 65@ 6 75
Extra Genesee	6 85@ 8 00
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	7 00@ 9 00

Southern Flour is in fair request to-day, at advancing prices; sales 2,700 bbls., in lots, at $5 95@$6 50 for mixed and straight brands, and $6 60@$8 75 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian continues scarce, quiet and nominal at $6 50@$7 40 for extra, ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive at $3 65@$4 45 for fine to superfine, ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is selling slowly at $3 90@$3 95 for Jersey; $4 30@$4 35 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl., and $19 75@$20 for the latter in puncheons.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet to-day, the demand being restricted. Prices are essentially unchanged. Sales 5,300 bushels, including ordinary white Michigan, at $1 50; a small lot of prime red Western (Winter) at $1 45; unsound Milwaukee Club, in store, at $1 12½; and good white Kentucky, at $1 80 ℘ bushel. Corn is depressed and prices favor buyers. Sales, 14 500 bushels, at 81c. for unsound new white Southern; 85c.@88c. for fair to strictly prime new white Jersey and Southern; 85c.@87c. for fair to very good new yellow Jersey and Southern; and (nominally) 84c.@86c. for fair to choice old mixed Western, ℘ bushel. Rye is selling in small lots at 86c.@90c. ℘ bushel. Barley is quiet, yet steady at from 60c.@80c. for inferior to choice State and Canadian, ℘ bushel. Sales, 7,500 bushels, in lots, within the range. Oats are inactive at former prices. Canada, 59c.@60c.; Western, 57c.@59c.; State, 53c.@56c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania, 50c.@54c.; Southern, at 49c.@53c. ℘ bushel.

Stock of Breadstuffs in Chicago, April 9, 1859:

Flour, bbls.	35,714	Rye, bushels	176
Wheat, bushels	449 532	Barley, bushels	3 900
Corn, bushels	128,061	Oats, bushels	111,599

HAY—Sales, to-day, 500 bales North River, at 65c.@70c., ℘ 100 lbs.

HIDES—Have been lightly dealt in at unchanged prices.

HOPS—Are in limited request at previous figures. Crop of 1858, 9c.@15c.; Old, 2½c.@5c. ℘ ℔.

IRON—Small sales of Scotch Pig were reported at $25@$25 50 ℘ ton.

LEAD—Continues inactive at old quotations.

LIME—Rockland, 70c. for Common, and 90c. for Lump, ℘ bbl.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, 100 bbls. New-Orleans at 40c.; and 140 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 30c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Tar and Turpentine are quiet, to-day, at unchanged prices. The sales of Resin included 1,300 bbls. Common, from yard, at $1 67½ ℘ 310 lbs.

OILS—Linseed is in moderate demand at 63c.@65c. ℘ gallon. Other kinds are essentially unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork is more freely offered, at reduced prices. The demand, however, is not very brisk. Sales have been reported of 4,000 bbls., at $17 45@$17 55 for new Mess, here; $17 50 for do., deliverable at the option of the seller, with five days' notice, between this date and the 1st of June; $17 75 for do., buyers' option, same time; an unascertained price for do., deliverable in May and June; $17 25 for old Mess, and $12 50@$12 60 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in less request, including Hams, at 8c.@9½c.; and Shoulders at 6c.@6½c. ℘ ℔. Bacon is selling slowly, at from 8c.@12½c. ℘ ℔. Lard is in good demand at former rates, at 11¼c.@11½c. ℘ ℔., with sales of 750 bbls. and tcs. Beef is quiet, yet steady; sales 200 bbls., in lots, at $9 25@$11 25 for repacked Western Mess; $12 50@$13 for extra co.; $7 75@$9 for Country Mess; $6 50@$7 for do. Prime, ℘ bbl.; Prime Mess Beef, $17@$21 ℘ tc.; Beef Hams, $14 50@$17 50 ℘ bbl. Butter continues in moderate demand at 9c.@15c. for Ohio; 13c.@22c. for common to good State, and 23c.@25c. for prime to choice State, ℘ ℔. Cheese is inquired for, at 7c.@10c. ℘ ℔.

RICE—Sales were made to-day of 80 tcs., in lots, at $3 25@$4 50 ℘ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—Have been less active to-day, sales having been confined to 285 hhds. Cuba at 6c.@7c.; 100 hhds. New-Orleans at 6½c.@7½c.; and 1,000 bags Pernambuco at a price not disclosed.

TALLOW—Sales 8,000 lbs., at 10¼c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 130 bbls., at 26c. ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool there were engaged 300 bales Cotton, at 3-16d. ℘ ℔.; 700 bbls. Crude Turpentine, at 2s. 9d.; 150 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, at 4s.; with 200 bbls. Pork, 30 tons Bone, 20,000 hhds. Staves, and 10,000 Canada Butts, on private terms. For Antwerp, 20,000 Staves, on private terms. A brig from the south side of Cuba to Europe was chartered on terms not ascertained.

LECTURES.

LECTURES ON SPIRITUALISM.—MRS. AMANDA M. SPENCE, the celebrated lecturer on Spiritualism, lectures THIS (Friday) EVENING, April 15, and on the TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS of the following week, at Clinton Hall, (Astor-place,) at 7¾ o'clock. Single tickets, 15 cents. Tickets to the remaining three lectures 35 cents. Tickets to be had at the Hall and at S. T. MUNSON'S, No. 5 Great Jones-st.

BY REQUEST, A LECTURE WILL BE delivered THIS (Friday) EVENING, April 15, in the Jane-st. Methodist Episcopal Church, before the Young Men's Christian Association of Jane-st. Church, by the Rev. J. B. WAKELEY. Theme—*The Forest-Born Demosthenes.* Tickets, 25 cents. Proceeds for the benefit of the New-York Conference City Mission.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

CARPENTERS' NOTICE.—AN ADJOURNED meeting of the journeyman house carpenters, will take place at No. 179 Wooster-st., on FRIDAY, April 15, at 7½ P. M., at which time measures will be laid before the meeting, which, if adopted, will cause an entire revolution in the carpenter's trade. It will also be shown that a protective society can be formed that is capable of sustaining itself without any humbug. Let every carpenter be present on the occasion. By order of the Committee. WM. H. TREWEN, Chairman.

HOUSE PAINTERS, ATTENTION.—THE journeymen house painters are requested to attend a mass meeting, at Montgomery Hall, No. 76 Prince-st., THIS EVENING, April 15, at 8 o'clock. Fail not to attend, as business of great importance is to be transacted.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST YESTERDAY—IN A FORTY-SECOND-street omnibus, or in or near Broadway, a roll of about a dozen LETTERS, some of them addressed to the undersigned, and others (old ones) to M. Holley and others, on canal affairs. The finder will be suitably rewarded by sending them to the Telegraph Office, No. 23 Wall-st. HENRY O'REILLY.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY, A BROCHE OF ROMAN Mosaic, either on the 5th-av., near 10th-st., or Washington-square, near 5th-av., or Jackson's mourning store, Broadway; or in Lafayette place, near 8th-st. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to No. 26 East 17th-st., corner Broadway and Union-square.

LOST—A LADY'S GOLD HUNTING WATCH, with a Gold Necklace Chain attached, on Wednesday, April 13, near the corner of 6th-av. and 14th-st., or between there and 4th-av., on 14th st. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to WM. P. PRATT, No. 70 East 14th-st., or No. 100 Nassau st.

LOST—WEDNESDAY, 6TH INST., PROBABLY IN the *Times* Building, a COMMUNICATION, written upon law paper, signed "A Member of the Bar." The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

BUCKEYE MOWING MACHINE.
AULTMAN & MILLER'S PATENT.
This celebrated mower, which received the first premium at the Great National Trial at Syracuse, N. Y., besides numerous State and County premiums, and by its practical working has earned a reputation which places it first among the numerous mowers, is now on exhibition and for sale by the manufacturer. JOHN P. ADRIANCE, No. 165 Greenwich-st., near Cortlandt. Send for a circular.

RELIANCE FIRE REGULATOR—FOR SAVING fuel in steam-boilers. The most sensitive and efficient instrument of the kind.
CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 66 Broadway, N. Y.

$4 FRENCH CALF DRESS BOOTS AT JONES', No. 10 Ann-st; also, now ready the $2 50 and $3 50 Congress shoes and gaiters at JONES', No. 10 Ann-st.

DRY GOODS.

ON THE
15TH OF APRIL
We will open a line of
NEW AND ELEGANT
PRINTS,
THE
WAMSUTTAS,
To which we beg to call the attention of the TRADE. The best designers and printers are engaged in producing these CALICOES and the great success which has attended the sale of our WARREN PRINTS, will be followed up by giving the WAMSUTTA PRINTS to the public.
The COLORS are WARRANTED FAST—the STYLES BEAUTIFUL, and the PRICE JUST RIGHT.
We shall sell these Prints by the PACKAGE or PIECE
FOR CASH OR ON TIME.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK.

NO. 383 BROADWAY.
NO. 383 BROADWAY.
We would call the particular attention of ladies and wholesale buyers to our choice assortment of the following goods:
BONNET RIBBONS,
AND
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
CALICO TRIMMINGS,
ALSO,
SHAWL BORDERS,
AND
CASHMERE TRIMMINGS,
QUILLED RIBBONS,
in new styles, which will bear roughest usage without losing their form.
DAHLIA TRIMMING,
CRESCENT TRIMMINGS, (latest mode.)
JOHN MORRISON & SON,
No. 383 Broadway.

AS THE TIME IS APPROACHING FOR
LAYING DOWN CARPETS,
We would respectfully call attention to HARRINGTON'S PATENT CARPET LINING, a substitute for paper, straw, or any other article used under carpets, oil-cloth or matting. It is warranted to add fifty per cent. to the durability of carpets, &c., and its cheapness puts it within the reach of every householder. To be had of any of the principal carpet stores in the cities.
We would also direct attention to HARRINGTON'S NEW MILLINET WADDING. Patent applied for—a substitute for glazed Wadding. Please call and examine at the salesroom of the NEW-YORK CARPET-LINING COMPANY.
NO. 62 WARREN-ST., CORNER COLLEGE-PLACE.
HARRINGTON'S PREMIUM BATTS constantly manufacturing. J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent.

EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY,
No. 335 BROADWAY,
corner of Worth-st.
Will open
LINEN,
HOSIERY and
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
DEPARTMENTS,
On MONDAY, April 11.
Where will be found at all times
COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS,
at the lowest prices.
GARMENTS FOR UNDERWEARING, IN ALL SIZES.
Also, a description of
LADIES' AND MISSES' COTTON HOSE,
MADE ON IRON FRAMES,
Deserving of particular notice.

SKIRTS, SKIRTS,
FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
OSBORN & VINCENT,
NO. 92 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK,
Invite merchants generally to examine the
PATENT
IMPERIAL SKIRT,
Manufactured exclusively by them and for sale by all the leading houses.
JOBBERS (only) SUPPLIED.
OSBORN & VINCENT,
Proprietors of the Extension Skirt Patent,
No. 92 Warren-st., New-York.

AT RETAIL.
Will open on MONDAY, 11th inst.,
300 PIECES
9-8 ENGLISH PRINTS,
VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS,
At 12½ Cents.
A VERY GREAT BARGAIN.
EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY,
No. 335 Broadway,
corner of Worth-st.

BEAUTIFUL
CHENE AND BROCADE
SILK ROBES in
DEUX JUPE,
Just landed
At No. 335 Broadway,
Corner of Worth-st.
EDWARD LAMBERT & COMPANY.

CARPETS.
G. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
NO. 524 BROADWAY,
Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,
Have now on hand a full assortment of
CARPETINGS
In various styles.
VELVET,
BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY,
INGRAIN, &c., &c.
Also OIL-CLOTHS in great variety.

WINDOW SHADES.
HARRISON BARNET,
No. 126 William-st.
between Fulton and John-sts.,
Offers for sale at reduced prices
a large assortment of
GOLD AND PAINTED SHADES,
Cornices, Bands, Cords, Tassels, &c., &c.,
At wholesale and retail.

WINDOW-SHADE
MANUFACTURERS,
291 Broadway, New-York. 291
KELLY BROTHERS & LUM.
BUFF,
WHITE AND GREEN
WINDOW-SHADE HOLLANDS,
For sale by the case or piece.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CARPET BUYERS.
T. H. & J. E. CONCKLING,
No. 31 Cortlandt-st.,
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS
And WHOLESALE DEALERS in
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.
Being frequently importuned to retail from their stock, and having greatly enlarged their premises, they have opened a
RETAIL DEPARTMENT
for the SALE of EVERYTHING in the CARPET LINE,
Until JULY 1.
GOODS will be RETAILED at the SAME PRICES as SOLD at WHOLESALE, from the FINEST VELVET to the CHEAPEST INGRAINS and VENETIANS.
Experienced upholsterers are engaged and will make and lay down carpets, &c., in this City or vicinity.

SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
Are offering at retail their SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
FRENCH PAPER-HANGINGS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, and UPHOLSTERY GOODS;
Comprising Lace and Muslin CURTAINS,
BROCATELLES, SATIN DELAINES, REPS, TAPESTRIES, LASTINGS, CLOTHS, PIANO AND TABLE COVERS, CHINTZES, CORNICES and CURTAIN HARDWARE. Their PAPER-HANGING Department
Contains a large and varied assortment of
DECORATIVE and PLAIN PAPERS.
Selected by one of the firm from the stocks of the best French manufacturers,
Which they are prepared to put up in the highest style of art and on the most reasonable terms.
Their stock of
WINDOW SHADES of THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE
(Unsurpassed for extent and variety,)
is now offering to the retail trade
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

CACHEMIRES AND LACE.
HOUSE IN PARIS, No. 80 rue Richelieu. HOUSE IN BRUSSELS, No. 94 rue Royale.
COMPAGNIE DES INDES, Manufactories of Lace at Alençon, Brussels, and Chantilly; House at Kachmyr. All the patterns of Lace belonging to this House are of rare value, from their artistic designs. They possess also a whole species of India Cachemire Shawls, unknown in the trade in general, and the superiority of which is incontestible. Every article sold at manufacturer's prices. PRICES FIXED AND MARKED IN KNOWN FIGURES.

A CARD.—W. JACKSON, NO. 551 BROADWAY, respectfully calls the attention of purchasers of MOURNING GOODS to his extensive Spring importations of DRESS GOODS, being the largest and most desirable ever submitted for inspection. The following are among the many lots received per late steamers:
Handsome Figured Foulards, by the yard.
Japanese Silks, a new article, very desirable.
Check and Striped Silks, in every variety.
Black Maltese Cloth, 1½ yards wide.
Black De Laines and Challies, without lustre.
Black Grenadines, in every width and quality.
Black Grenadine Bareges, very handsome.
Crape Maretz and Bushire Crapes, new goods.
Treble width Spanish Crapes, all wool, 1¾ and 2 yards wide, beautiful texture, never before seen in this market; also, some very choice English and French Poplins for traveling and house dresses, &c., &c.; together with a most beautiful stock of BONNETS, MANTILLAS, SHAWLS, &c.
Ladies will please observe the name and number.
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 BROADWAY, between Spring and Prince sts.

BLACK SILKS, BLACK SILKS.—W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway, has imported and is offering at retail the richest and most desirable stock of Black Silks ever seen in this market, including every make and width, ranging from 22 to 52 inches, many of which are most beautiful for mantillas and basques. Call and see them. Observe
W. JACKSON, Importer of Mourning Goods,
No. 551 BROADWAY, between Spring and Prince sts.

MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' STRAW HATS, FLATS AND CAPS.—A large and handsome assortment, richly trimmed. First premium awarded for ladies' riding and children's fancy Hats. Call and examine. KELLOGG, Manufacturer, No 381 Canal-st.

SKIRTS.—TWELVE SPRING SKELETON SKIRTS, self-adjusting Bustle, well made, without sewing, $1 31; 14 springs, $1 50 and 17 springs for $2. Dealers supplied with 12 springs for $11; 14 springs, $14, and 17 springs for $17 per dozen. C. L. HARDING, Skirt Factory, No. 281 Spring-st., near Hudson

TEAZLES—PICARD'S FRENCH, ALL SIZES, FOR sale by C. E. HABICHT, No. 80 Beaver-st.

DRY GOODS.

SPRING FASHIONS.
MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.
Ladies' Bonnets, of superior beauty and exquisite styles, at [illegible] Broadway.
Patterns of Ladies' and Children's Clothing. Also, Patterns cut to fit, at short notice. Cutting, Making, or Basting for Ladies. Furnishing Materials.
Dressmaking, and Children's Clothing cut and made to order, at [illegible] Broadway.
MMES. ELKINS & FULLER.

[illegible]
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner Chambers, Church and Warren sts.,
Are constantly receiving fresh supplies of
New and desirable
DRESS GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of
CLOSE BUYERS
For cash or short credit.

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION
On Rich STELLA SHAWLS,
BAREGE and SILK ROBES,
Figured SILKS and BAREGES,
FOULARD SILKS, &c., &c.
LEWIS HAVILAND & CO.,
No. 101 Chambers st., New York,
Will offer to the Trade,
for this week,
10,000 Rich Broché and Painted Bordered STELLA SHAWLS at the greatest reduction ever before known.
Fine All-Wool STELLA SHAWLS $1 25 to $1 50 each.
The very best deep BROCHE bordered do., from $3 [illegible] to $3 50 each, worth double the price.
BAREGES and other goods at the same wonderful reduction.
Call and see them before you buy.
The SHAWLS were bought at a peremptory auction sale, and were never known to sell so low before.
The price regulated on the best
STEEL HOOP SKIRTS.
Call and see them before you buy.

LEGHORN BONNETS FOR $2 EACH!—AT GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 Broadway.

FANCY GOODS.

HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE,
37—MAIDEN LANE—37
Are now receiving from various steamers, and will continue to receive during the season,
NEW STYLES OF PARIS
SILK NETS, FANCHONS AND HEAD-DRESSES,
(All black, and with colored borders.)
FANCY HAIR-PINS, COMBS AND CACHEPEIGNES,
(The largest assortment in the United States.)
SUN, PARASOL AND OPERA FANS, of all kinds,
BELT BUCKLES, SLIDES AND CLASPS,
DRESS BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,
OPERA GLASSES, PLATED CHAINS, JEWELRY SCALES,
&c., &c., &c.,
Which they offer (to the trade only) at the lowest market prices.
Orders for all descriptions of French Goods filled by their house,
No. 7 Rue de Grand Chantier, Paris.

HATS, STRAW GOODS, &C.

BALLARD, SHUTE & CO.,
STRAW HAT MANUFACTURERS,
45 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
Having had their expectations so much more than realised by the cordial manner in which
THE TRADE
received
THE BONNER HAT,
and feeling confident that the favorable opinion so generally expressed will be fully borne out by
ITS OWN INTRINSIC MERITS,
would now call attention to the other leading styles introduced or adopted by them, such as
THE MORPHY,
THE WILLIAM TELL,
THE SONORA and
THE YOUNG SOUTHERNER,
As well as to their large variety of
STAPLE STRAW GOODS,
In LEGHORN and BRAID,
Of Brown, White, Silver and Mixed colors,
FOR
MEN'S, BOYS', MISSES'
And CHILDREN'S WEAR.
ALSO
LEGHORN FLATS and BLOOMERS,
Untrimmed,
Together with those well-established favorites,
THE EVERETT HAT
and
THE CRITTENDEN.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

REMOVAL.
IVISON & PHINNEY,
EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHERS,
In consequence of the increased demand for their
SCHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS,
Have relinquished the general book trade, and taken for their enlarged business the new, large, marble double store,
48 AND 50 WALKER-ST.,
TEN DOORS WEST OF BROADWAY,
Where they offer greatly improved facilities for the accommodation of Booksellers, Teachers and Merchants.
IVISON & PHINNEY,
Nos. 48 and 50 Walker-st., ten doors west of Broadway.

$15 WORTH OF MUSIC FOR 25 CENTS.—The success of the GENTLE ANNIE MELODIST is unprecedented. More than 40,000 copies have already been sold, and, from present indications, the sale will reach 100,000 copies this year. Encouraged by this success, the publishers have issued the *Gentle Annie Melodist No. 2*, containing the words and music of fifty of the very best songs, among which will be found songs from Il Trovatore—Agatha—Long, Long Weary Day—We Met by Chance—Beautiful Venice—Berry Havens—Ellen Bayne—I'm Not Myself at all—Charity—Widow Macree—Massa's in de Cold Ground—Old Play-ground, &c., &c. Gentle Annie Melodist, No. 1, 25 cents; Gentle Annie Melodist, No. 2, 25 cents. Sent by mail, postage paid, to any address. Sheet music, music books, superior violin and guitar-strings, sent by mail and postage prepaid, where the price is sent with the order.
FIRTH, POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway, New-York.

JOHNSON'S PHILOSOPHICAL CHARTS—illustrating in the most perfect manner the principles of Natural Science without the use of apparatus. These charts are highly recommended by the Hon. S. S. Randall, Professors Silliman, Webster, Barnard and others. SMITH, WOODMAN & CO., Publishers, No. 346 Broadway, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GAS BURNERS.
The subscriber continues to manufacture all kinds of gas burners for the trade. Also,
IMPROVED CYLINDER BURNERS,
Imported Lava and Scotch-tip burners and burner-pipers always on hand. T. G. ARNOLD,
No. 447 Broome-st., 2 doors west of Broadway, N. Y.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
GOLD WATCHES, DIAMONDS,
SILVER WATCHES, FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
Sterling silver ware, tea sets, cake baskets, and double-plated ware, very low and warranted.
SQUIRE & LANDER, No. 97 Fulton-st.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
THE HUDSON RIVER ICE COMPANY
Will open their books for all those wishing to take Ice of them, at reduced rates on May 1, at J. J. & H. VAN NOSTRAND & CO.'S, No. 116 West-st., New-York, at 20 cents per 100 pounds.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York.
A pamphlet of information sent free.

DR. BATE,
DENTIST,
No. 835 Broadway, corner 13th-st.

GAS CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HALL AND OTHER PENDANTS, &c., &c.—The subscribers, returning thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, respectfully beg leave to say they are now fully prepared to furnish the above articles in every variety on the shortest notice and most liberal terms. Being manufacturers, they are enabled to offer such inducements to purchasers as will well repay them for a call at their manufactory previous to purchasing elsewhere.
N. B.—Churches and public buildings fitted with gas-pipe and fixtures throughout on the most moderate terms and with all possible dispatch. J. & T. DONALDSON, No. 85 Leonard-st., near Broadway

INCREASE OF PATRONAGE RENDERING more commodious apartments indispensable, I have leased the house No. 42 Great Jones-st., where, having increased facilities, and having secured the services of artists of acknowledged celebrity in each department of mechanical dentistry, I am enabled at the shortest notice to furnish in a superior manner, every style of artificial work from a single tooth to a whole set, more economically than any other dental establishment.
H. GILES LUTHER, Dentist, (15 years.)

HO! HO! FOR THE GOLD AND SILVER MINES OF ARIZONA.—The Arizona, Mexican and Central American Emigration and Colonization Association will dispatch a vessel with members and passengers to Arizona, *via* Indianola, Texas, under the direction of its officers, on or about the 7th of May. For passage and programme of the Association, apply at the office No. 12 Wall-st. WM. WILSON, Gen'l Supt.

NOTICE.—THE XIXTH WARD REPUBLICAN Association will hold their regular meeting at head-quarters, Dingledein's, corner 39th-st. and 3d-av., on FRIDAY EVENING, April 15, 1859, at 7½ o'clock. By order. NICHOLAS I. BRUNDAGE, Esq., Chairman.
ROBERT L. HILL,
JOHN COOPER, Jr. } Secretaries.

HARVEY'S PROVIDENCE YEAST CAKES. Buhler & Hummell's Philadelphia Essence of Coffee. Webb & Troombly's Cocoa, Chocolate, Broma, &c. Stratton's Starch, that will polish.
For sale by the agents, WRIGHT GILLIES & BRO.,
Nos. 235 and 237 Washington st., N. Y.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND LATHE, with slide, rest and universal chuck. Address MECHANIC, Box No. 146 *Times* Office, stating where such lathe can be seen.

LATHES AND PLANERS.—A SMALL LOT OF the above, suitable for engine or railroad work, for sale low. For particulars, apply to A. G. FISHER, No. 41 Maiden-lane, up stairs.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND 12 HORSE LOcomotive Boiler, in complete running order. Will be sold cheap if applied for immediately. Apply to PUDNEY & RUSSELL, No. 79 John-st.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given for furniture, carpets, books, &c., at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

STEAM POWER WANTED.—A SMALL ROOM with power, in the lower part of the City. Address PRINTER, Box No. 2,025, New-York Post-office.

SWAN ISLAND GUANO.—FOUR HUNDRED tons prime quality now landing, and for sale by POST, SMITH & CO., No. 40 Burling-slip.

A. SCHULZ'S FANCY DYEING ESTABLISHMENT.—Office No. 413 Grand st., and No. 41 Elizabeth-st., near Canal.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, who has served in first class families in this City; is perfectly competent to fulfil the duties of a first-class meat and pastry cook in any gentleman's family; would not object to assist in washing and ironing, but prefers a regular cook's place. Apply at No. 64 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls, sisters; one to do cooking and to assist with the washing and ironing; the other one to do chamberwork and washing, or to do chamberwork and plain sewing. The best of City and country reference. Call at No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Can be seen for two days

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations, one as good plain cook and first-rate washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing; both go together, and have the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 67 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch woman as a good plain cook; would assist in the washing and ironing in a private family; has the best of City reference, and would have no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 6 Bank-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to cook, wash and iron; understands her business truly; she is neat in her habits; the best of City reference can be given. Apply at No. 210 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Can be seen for two days on the second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A MOST EXPERIENCED WOMAN, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in a private family; understands baking, pastry, soups; does the coarse washing and ironing; wages, $8 to $9. Also, a chambermaid: does fine washing and ironing; or as chambermaid and washer; wages, $9. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, some family washing, to do in her own place; who has got a grass plot for drying and bleaching; who thoroughly understands it, and can give full satisfaction; who understands clear starching and ironing. Call at No. 223 18th st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED person as laundress; understands fluting and mangling; would have no objection to take a chambermaid's place; would go in the country for the Summer; best of City references. Can be seen, till engaged, at No. 27 12th-st., corner of University-place.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young girls; one as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and seamstress or chambermaid and waitress, with the best of City reference; has lived 3½ years in her last place. Call for two days at No. 118 West 27th-st., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, BY AN experienced young woman with the best of City reference; is very fond of and kind to young children, and can take full charge of a baby from its birth; is a very neat seamstress and shirtmaker. Apply at No. 292 4th-av., near 22d st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and seamstress in a private family, can do up ladies' fine muslins, understands French fluting; has no objections to go to the country with a family for the Summer. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 53 East 28th-st., until suited.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE GIRL, a situation in a respectable private family as chambermaid and fine washer, or as chambermaid and seamstress; one who understands her business perfectly, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 73 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first class laundress; has lived in some of the best City families from nine to ten years, and brings satisfactory reference. Apply at No. 243 7th-av., corner 26th st., 2d floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUATION AS chambermaid and seamstress, or as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 118 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses and all kinds of family sewing; no objection to do the fine washing and French fluting; is fully competent to fill the situation; has the best of references. Call at No. 150 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches. Has the best City reference. Has no objection to town or country. Can be seen for two days at No. 119 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and assist with the washing and ironing. Has three years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 81 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as first class cook; understands her business perfectly. Good reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 191 4th st., near 6th-av., fourth floor.

WANTED—BY A LADY WHO THOROUGHLY understands the business, a situation as forewoman in an upholstery store; or would take orders from private families. Address X. Y. Z., or call at No. 82 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as seamstress, or would do light chamberwork and take care of children. Can give the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 137 East 29th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., second floor.

WANTED—BY TWO GERMAN PROTESTANT girls, situations, one to cook, wash and iron; the other as chambermaid and seamstress, or fine washer and ironer. Call at No. 244 Avenue B, between 12th and 13th sts. Good City references given.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO PLAIN COOKing, washing and ironing, or would do all the work of a private family; understands baking; as her family has given up housekeeping. Call at No. 126 West 16th-st., top floor, and back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; THOROUGHLY understands all kinds of pastry and game; would have no objection to do the washing of a small family, and has the best of City reference. Call at No. 127 Greenwich-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as cook, washer and ironer for a small private family; good reference from her last place. Call at No. 75 West 19th st., few doors from 6th-av. Can be seen till suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as plain cook, or to do the washing and ironing. Would do the general housework of a small private family; has no objection to go in the country. City reference given. Apply at No. 132½ West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress or waitress in a private family. The best of City reference. Call at No. 184 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; is a good bread baker; has good City references from her last place. Call at No. 166 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as first rate cook; no objection to the coarse washing; no objection to the country for the Summer. Best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 119 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as good cook and laundress; has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 229 Mulberry-st., between Prince and Spring, in the rear, second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as cook, washer and ironer; she thoroughly understands her business; the best City reference from her last place; call for two days at No. 118 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation in a family as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 86 8th-av., New-York.

WANTED—BY A GIRL ACCUSTOMED TO THE care of children, a situation. Can be seen at her present place of employment, No. 166 West 24th-st. Has good reference from other persons where she has lived.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED woman, a situation as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 104 East 11th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to take care of a baby and sew; best of City reference. Can be seen till engaged at No. 108 St. Marks-place, (8th-st.,) Room No. 7.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, A SITUATION in a private family; is a competent dressmaker; speaks German and English. Good City reference. Inquire at No. 32 Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as good plain cook; has no objection to assist in the washing; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 35 West 13th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, A situation as family seamstress; can make dresses; she will also do chamberwork. She can be seen on Thursday and Friday before 12, at No. 6 West 11th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN a situation as seamstress and to assist in chamberwork; good City reference given. Call at No. 313 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION (BY A YOUNG GIRL, as nurse and chambermaid, who is a good seamstress and has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 173 Allen-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as waitress or chambermaid; the best of reference for the last 7 years; can be seen for two days at 1,110 Broadway, one door from 33d-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, to do chamberwork and sewing. Has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 148 7th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as laundress. Has the very best of City references. Call at No. 139 7th av., 2d floor, front room.

AN AMERICAN LADY OF THE HIGHEST respectability would like to meet with an opportunity to superintend the domestic affairs of a gentleman's house; is fully competent to take the entire charge, and will give, on an interview, the most satisfactory references. Address LADY SUPERINTENDENT, Box No. 176 Times Office, for one week.

PLACE WANTED—A SHORT DISTANCE IN the country, for a neat, careful girl, in the capacity of nurse and plain seamstress; can come well recommended. Apply at No. 29 Jane-st., at her present employer's, with whom she has lived during the last five years.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, BOARDING-HOUSES, supplied with select German, English, Irish and Scotch servants, at MORRIS COHNERT'S establishment, No. 424 Broadway, next door to Broadway Post-office; also, waiters, coachmen, gardeners, farmers, &c. All orders punctually attended to. Terms moderate.

SERVANTS IN GREAT ABUNDANCE.—French, German, Scotch and Irish, with good references, may be obtained at the rooms of the Employment Society, Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. A lady in attendance. The German and French languages spoken.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A RESPECTABLE woman; understands her business, and has good references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 80 25th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 161 East 25th st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN from Providence, in a mercantile, jobbing, or commission house, where there would be a good chance of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the business; can take charge of the books if wished; the best of New-York and Providence references given. Address A. L. S. LOCK, Box No. 61 Providence Post-office, R. I.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN OUT OF EMPLOYment wishes to get a situation in some respectable family, as waiter, or would have no objection to travel with a family, or would take care of an invalid; is a neat, tidy young man, and can come well recommended from his last place. Address THOMAS MORPHY, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COACHMAN who thoroughly understands his business, and has the highest recommendations as to capability and character, from gentlemen whom he has lived with in this City; has no objection to any part of the country; is a good, steady man. Address COACHMAN, care of Mr. Trainor, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, No. 514 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN 19 YEARS OF age, a situation as valet to a gentleman or lady traveling; no objection to go South or West; or as bellboy in a hotel, or assistant waiter or light porter. Can read and write. Two years good City reference. Address T. W. A., Box No. 124 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE American boy, in any legitimate business; is accommodating and industrious; very best of reference. Apply or address A. B., for two days, at the news dépôt, between 37th and 38th sts., in 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a middle-aged single man who thoroughly understands his business in all the branches of gardening and agriculture; understands the forcing of hot and cold graperies, and the propagation of all kinds of plants. Has conducted a nursery for the last three years; lived with the first families in Europe. The most respectable City reference. Address J. W. C., Box No. 219 *Times* Office. Has a relative who is fully competent to take charge of a dairy.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY an Englishman who fully understands his business; is experienced in the care of young trees, the laying out of grounds, &c., &c. has been for many years employed in some of the most extensive gardens and nurseries around London; will be found a respectable, reliable man; furnishes references in this country. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—AS FARMER, A SITUATION, BY A respectable Protestant man, with no incumbrance, fully competent to take charge of a farm, and understands his business in all its branches; is a good plowman, seedsman and stacker; also understands the management of dairy stock, having 12 years' experience, and can procure most excellent reference. Address, or can be seen, for two days, at No. 66 Cliff-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY one who understands the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; is willing to make himself generally useful; understands the treatment of flowers and green-house. The country preferred. Good references given for honesty and sobriety. Address, for two days, J. B., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a Protestant single man, who understands the care and management of horses, carriages and harness; has no objection to go to the country; is also willing to make himself useful to his employer's advantage; the best reference can be produced from his last employer. Address J. L., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman, in a private family; understands the care of horses, and is a careful driver; would be willing to work in the garden, and to make himself generally useful round the place; has got three years' good character from his last place. Address J. M., at the seed-store, No. 9 John-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A man who thoroughly understands his business; has lived five years in his last situation and six years in another. Can give the best of reference; would make himself generally useful, is a married man, and would prefer the country. Can be seen at N. TRAINOR'S, No. 514 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a married man without children; an Englishman; one who perfectly understands his business and willing to make himself generally useful. No objections to the country, and can give the best of reference from his last employer. Address E. F. G., Box No. 211 *Times'* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A Protestant man, with the highest testimonials in that capacity; can break young horses to saddle or harness; no objection to City or country, with a first-class family; no other need apply. Address R. E., No. 12 Union-court, or Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for three days

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant man, who perfectly understands his business in all its branches, and can produce the best City reference; has no objection to go in the country. Address M. S., at the Employment Agency of the Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood, 124 4th av., near 12th st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AND INTELLIGENT young man, a Protestant, aged 20, a situation to go in the country as coachman and gardener; has lived a number of years in the above capacity; will come well recommended, and knows his business. Call or address for two days, A. A., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, A SITUATION in the country; man as farmer and gardener; he fully understands the care of horses in every particular; his wife would take charge of a kitchen, and is a first-rate butter-maker; has thirteen months' reference. Any party wishing such help may address J. S., Box No. 110 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young married man, thoroughly qualified in every department of the business, green houses, graperies &c; is not afraid of work, and feels confident of giving satisfaction to any one who will give him a trial. References unexceptionable. Apply to, or address by note, J. L., seed-store, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman in a private family; is well experienced in the care of horses carriages and harness, and a good and careful driver; has the best of City reference: can be seen for 3 days at the house of his last employer, No. 10 West 39th-st. Call or address as above.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family, in either City or country, by a single young man who understands his business; has the best of reference from last place for honesty, sobriety and good temper. Address, for two days, M. O., Union-square Post-office, or No. 124 8th-st., near 6th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman in a private family by a single man who truly understands his business; is of a sober steady disposition; is willing to make himself generally useful; reference is very satisfactory; country preferred. Address COACHMAN, Box, No. 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman in a private family, or by a single gentleman; he is a first-rate groom and a stylish driver. Can give the best of City references as to character and capability from his last employer. Call, or address M. L., 1,112 Broadway, in the harness store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman in a private family; he understands his business in all its branches; can produce the best of City reference as to capability, industry and sobriety. Call or address J. H., Bradley's stable, 31st-st., near 5th-av., or Nelson's stable, 85 and 87 16th st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG MAN, A situation in a private family as coachman, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, and perfectly the care and management of horses. Can produce the best of City and country reference. Address F. B., Box No. 187 *Times* Office, or at Mr. WALKES', No. 758 Broadway. Country preferred.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED MAN, A SITuation in a Club hotel or restaurant; he is an excellent caterer and carver, understands serving dinners, suppers, &c., as his reference will certify; has no objection to go to any part of the Union. Address C. H., care of T. T. Green, Druggist, Broadway, corner of 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS ASSISTANT GARdener, by a single man, who understands his business in all its branches; a large place, where the higher style of gardening is preferred. Address, for two days, P. W., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT man a situation as coachman and groom, who perfectly understands his business and has no objection to go a short distance in the country; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at his last employer's, No. 280 East 4th st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE YOUNG young man, as coachman and groom, who perfectly understands his business, has good City reference, and refers to his last employer. Call on S. F., No. 59 4th av., near 9th-st., at Mr Campbell's saddlery store, or address a note to S. F., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young man as coachman and groom; is also a good gardener and farmer; understands the management of horses well; has the best of reference; wages moderate; has no objection to any part of the country. Call at No. 175 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION (BY A SCOTCHMAN) as coachman in a private family; is experienced in the care of horses, and has filled respectable situations in this country; can come well recommended. Can be seen for two days at BREWSTER & CO.'S, coach makers, Nos. 372 and 374 Broome-st., corner Mott

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED groom; has lived 10 years in one place, having had the charge of a gentleman's stable and very valuable horses; best of references. Apply at No. 11 East 15th-st., or No. 5 William-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; he has thirteen years' reference from his last place. Any one requiring such may address J. H., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A FIRST-CLASS GARDENER, WITH a wife and one child, wants an engagement; can be highly recommended from last and former employers. Call or address T., No. 64 White-st., New-York, Smith's Seed-store.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION; he thoroughly understands his business, and can bring the best of recommendations for sobriety, industry, honesty and capability. Address W. R., No. 826 Broadway, corner 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN AND his wife, situations; one to act as coachman and gardener; the other to do general housework or plain cooking in a small, respectable family. Address J. M. SMIEDEN, Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a steady, competent man, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses, and can give the highest testimonials as to capability and sobriety. Call or address J. W., No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION BY A MAN who thoroughly understands his business in every respect. Can give the very best of City references. Has no objection to town or country. Address A. B., No. 862 Broadway, corner 14th-st., in the drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER OR coachman, by a young man. Apply at No. 177 Bowery.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman and groom; one who understands his business; is a careful driver and is willing to make himself useful; can come highly recommended from his last employer. Address A. M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, WITH A small family, a situation as farmer; understands gardening and the care of horses, and will make himself a generally useful man to his employer. Address T. B., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, or would drive a milk wagon; will make himself useful to his employers. Address A. B., Box No. 184 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener, by a young married Englishman; understands the care of horses, and is a good gardener; has two years' recommendations to that effect. Address M. S., Box No. 203 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN to take care of horses and to attend a garden; the best of reference given. Can be seen, for three days, at No. 470 4th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, gardner or waiter, either in the City or country. Address A. B., Box No. 206 *Times* Office, where an interview can be had.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A single man, who thoroughly understands his business, greenhouse, graperies, fruit, and vegetables. Yearly place preferred. Address W. T., Box 213 *Times* Office.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN HAVING a good knowledge of both the French and English languages, and having had experience in business, desires a situation as clerk, salesman or general assistant in a wholesale store. Good City references. Address HENRY, No. 193 East 26th-st.

TO MACHINISTS.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY a situation for a boy, fourteen years of age, to learn the machinist's trade, out of the City, and where he could live in the family of his employer. Address W. C. H. No. 20 Beach st., New-York.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A BOY FROM 14 TO 16 YEARS OF age, in a weekly newspaper office, to write wrappers and make himself useful about the office. Must be of good moral character and reside with his parents. Wages $1 50 per week. Address, with references, in own handwriting, Box No. 2,137 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOMAN TO do the cooking, washing and ironing of a small family living in the country, a short distance from the City. Wages $8 per month. Good City reference required. Call at No. 97 Beekman-st., at 11 o'clock.

WANTED—A COOK FOR A SMALL FAMILY; must be a Protestant and able to wash and iron. None need apply but those having good recommendations. Apply at No 26 West 23d-st., from 10 to 11 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A NEAT, INDUSTRIOUS GIRL, TO do general housework in a small family; must be well recommended; liberal wages paid. Apply between 10 and 2 at No. 253 West 21st-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—A FEW FIRST-CLASS CANVASSING agents, for a handsome and valuable work, to be sold exclusively by subscription. Apply to GEORGE W. ELLIOTT, at Harper & Brothers, Franklin-square.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN AS GARDENER, till Nov. 1; there is no green-house or grapery. Apply, with references, at No. 211 Pearl-st., between 12 and 2 o'clock P. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN NOT OVER TWENTY-two years of age, who understands the hosiery business, to go to a western city; salary moderate. Address G. R. W., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A MAN CAPABLE OF TAKING charge of an eating-house. One used to the business and can give good reference can apply at No. 393 Bowery.

WANTED—A GARDENER, (SINGLE,) FOR VEGetables, out-door fruits and flowers. Call, Friday, 15th, at 12 o'clock, at No. 100 Murray-st.

WANTED—TYPE RUBBERS AND SETTERS, AT CORTELYOU'S New-York Type Foundry, No. 29 Spruce-st.

WANTED—A BOY IN THE DRY GOODS JOBbing business. Apply at No. 56 Reade-st., from 9 to 10 A. M.

TEACHERS.

AMERICAN SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

Schools supplied with teachers.
Schools supplied with pupils.
Teachers supplied with positions.
Parents supplied with School Circulars, (gratuitously.)

REFERENCES—Dr. Lowell Mason; the Rev. D. C. Van Norman; faculty Amherst College, and others.

SMITH, WOODMAN & CO.
No. 346 Broadway, N. Y.; No. 609 Chestnut-st., Phila.

NATIONAL TEACHERS' INSTITUTE AND AGENCY FOR SCHOOLS AND PUPILS—No 289 Broadway, New-York, and No. 331 Pennsylvania-av., Washington, D. C. Open daily to answer calls from parents, teachers and pupils, interested in education. Pupils are received for any School, Seminary or College. A few are named, with terms—"Mystic Hall Seminary, $260;" "Freehold Institute, $250;" "Bloomfield Classical School, $400;" "Baltimore Female College, $170;" "Adelphic Institute, $234," "South Williamstown Select Family School for Boys, $300;" "Salem Normal Academy of Music, $250;" "Galway Ladies' Seminary, $125," and others. Experienced teachers can be engaged to go to any part of the Union. Address RICE & ANDREWS. Teachers can join classes in any department of study under able Professors.

WANTED—BY A COLLEGE GRADUATE, OF four years' experience in teaching, a position as instructor in the City or country. The advertiser is competent to take charge of an Academy, and to instruct in all the branches of a classical and English education. Highest testimonials as to character and ability. Parties desiring to form an engagement may address THEOLOGICAL STUDENT, Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A FRENCH LADY WHO HAS BEEN teacher for several years, both in Europe and America, wishes a situation, either in a family or in a school, to be entirely there, or only occupied for some hours in the day. She has good references and a diploma as competent to teach the usual branches of education, also drawing and music to beginners. Address E. W. G., Box No 170 *Times* Office.

DAILY AND RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—An English lady is desirous of meeting with a reengagement as above. Added to the English branches she instructs in French, which she speaks, music and drawing. She would have no objection to travel with a family. Address A. B., No. 30 Clinton place, 8th-st.

WANTED—IN BROOKLYN, BY A YOUNG widow lady, a situation as visiting governess, where about three hours of the day will be employed in teaching the English branches. Address, for three days, F. A., Brooklyn Post-office.

WANTED.—A LADY WHO HAS FOR SOME time taught the English branches, also, French, music and drawing, wishes a situation as governess in a family. References exchanged. Address Box No. 28, Ithaca Post-Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO RENT—IN ONE OF THE BEST LOCATIONS IN the State, premises, consisting of a foundry, machine blacksmith and boiler shops, with tools, patterns, lathes and planers, all new and in good condition, particularly well adapted to all kinds of boat and engine work, and a general jobbing business. Also, several fine rooms with power suitable for any manufacturing business, either in wood or iron, with an amount of good docking. The premises are in the city of Buffalo, and will be rented in whole or in part to suit customers. Address E. & B. HOLMES, Buffalo.

A VERY VALUABLE PATENT, WHICH is now leased on favorable terms to responsible manufacturers in this City, the patent and lease being worth at least $1,000 per annum, will be sold cheap for a stock of dry goods. One of the instruments has been in operation at the *Times* Office for the past year; the best of testimonials given. Apply immediately to the owner, room No. 160 National Hotel, Cortlandt-st. JOHN GANNER.

$20,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. N. D., Box No. 181 *Times* Office.

TO BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS.—TO LET or lease, for a term of years, the store No. 253 Grand-st., Williamsburgh; fitted up for, and now occupied by, a first class boot and shoe business. Location the best on the street. Apply to WILLIAM MORGAN & SON City Bank, South 7th and 1st sts., Williamsburg.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS—A RARE CHANCE—For sale, exchange or to let, the well-known lumber yard and planing mill on the dock at Yonkers For further particulars, apply at No. 320 West-st., New York, or on the premises.

WANTED—A SPECIAL OR ACTIVE PARTNER in the provision business with a cash capital of $10,000. The most satisfactory reference can be given respecting character, ability, &c. Address R. S. T., Box No. 116 *Times* Office

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A wheelwright and blacksmith shop, in good working order. Location good. For particulars inquire of N. GRIGGS, No. 547 Broadway.

$5,000 TO $10,000.—WANTED—A PARTner either special or active, in a commission business. Address W. T., Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of HICKS & MITCHELL is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party will sign in liquidation.

WILLIAM S. HICKS,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1859. HY. MITCHELL.

WILLIAM S. HICKS will continue the business as heretofore, at the old stand, No. 20 Maiden-lane.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED A copartnership under the firm name of JAMES McCORMICK & CO., for the importation of foreign wines, brandies, gins, whiskies, &c., and will continue the business heretofore conducted by the late P. McCORMICK.

JAMES McCORMICK,
FRANCIS McATAVEY.
NEW YORK, April 5, 1859. No. 29 Beaver-st.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of CLARK & BOGART, for the purpose of importing French, English and German gentlemen's furnishing goods, at No. 31 Barclay-st., New-York.

THOS. R. CLARK,
JOHN A. BOGART.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING CLASSES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn,.

Now open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time; will continue open until the end of May. TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn; WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in New-York.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE TWO OF GORdon's Presses; one one quarter medium, and one card. Apply to J. KETCHAM, No. 55 Liberty-st., up stairs.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A SMALL FAMILY CAN FIND very pleasant and desirable rooms on the 2d floor, unfurnished, with good board, in a quiet, private family, at moderate rate; location good, in 29th-st., near Broadway and 6th-av. For particulars, inquire at No. 70 West 29th-st.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET with board, from the 1st of May next, to gentlemen and their wives or single gentlemen. Family private, house first class, finely located. Unexceptionable references given and required. Call at No. 141 West 34th-st.

BOARDING.—DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH OR without board, single or in suites, furnished or unfurnished, at moderate prices, may be obtained at No. 85 East 31st-st. Persons of religious habits preferred.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYING a house nearly new, in a pleasant neighborhood, wish to let a front parlor and bedroom on second floor, with board, to a gentleman and his wife or two single gentlemen. The house has gas and baths. Inquire at No. 186½ Adams-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—GENTLEMEN WITH THEIR WIVES can obtain pleasant and desirable rooms in second or third stories, with all the modern improvements; situation is airy and pleasant. Apply at No. 194 East Broadway. N. B.—Two or three single gentlemen can be accommodated with separate rooms.

BOARDING.—A PARLOR AND BEDROOM MAY be obtained at Mrs AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th st., near Union-square; also, a single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—LARGE AND SMALL furnished rooms and board for gentlemen, six minutes from Fulton Ferry. Modern brown-stone house, No. 83 Sands-st.; location elevated and pleasant, well warmed and ventilated, a good table, family small, no children. Terms moderate. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS, CONVENIENT to Broadway, furnished or unfurnished, with full or partial board. Dinner at six. House with all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 72 2d av.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and nurse, with two or three neatly furnished rooms, in a private house, pleasantly located, not above 14th-st.; price not to exceed $70 per calendar month. Address, with full particulars, T. T., Box 340 Post-office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—THREE OR FOUR gentlemen can obtain good board and pleasant rooms in a private family, within ten minutes' walk of the Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. Apply at No 7 Tillary-st., Brooklyn, or by letter to Box 1,630 New-York Post office.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—IN A private family, where all the comforts of a home may be found; a large airy room, having a fine water view; location unsurpassed; for one or two gentlemen of quiet habits, this will be found a desirable opportunity. Address COLUMBIA-ST., Box No. 141 *Times* Office.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE ROOM suitable for a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be had on application at No. 79 Sands-st. Possession given about the 20th inst.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway, for families or single gentlemen. Also day boarders. E. BOUTON.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Pleasant rooms, suitable for a gentleman and his wife, or for single gentlemen, at No. 38 Willow-st. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—ON THE LINE OF the Fulton-av. Railroad in a private family. Apply at No. 21 Bond, corner Livingston-st.

BOARD.—FURNISHED ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR families and single gentlemen, to let with board. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Inquire at Nos. 9 and 11 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., 2 days.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, HIS wife and mother, in a genteel private family, or where there are few boarders, below 25th-st.; would require second floor, furnishing themselves. Address A. B. C., Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN wishes a room, with partial board, in Brooklyn, convenient to Fulton or Catherine ferry. Private family preferred. Address, stating terms, &c., R. F., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SUITES of rooms may be obtained on the 2d floor of a modern stone front house. The front parlor and bedrooms are particularly desirable. Permanent engagements may be made with two gentlemen and their wives, or a party without children. Family private. References given and required. Apply at No. 42 West 19th-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, LIVING IN splendid style, on the best part of Murray-hill would add a gentleman and wife, or small family, to our number, and make them a home that can be called a home even in boarding. Those wishing splendid rooms and good living, and willing to pay for such, can find the same by addressing, with name, HOME, Box No. 194 *Times* Office.

A FINE SUITE OF ROOMS, HANDSOMELY furnished, on second floor front, may be obtained by two gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, with board, in a residence with every modern convenience, a few doors west of Broadway, near Grace Church. Address Box No. 1,131 Post-Office. None but parties of the highest respectability need apply.

A LADY HAVING A FINE LARGE AIRY house in 21st-st., would be willing to accommodate a few single gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives, with full or partial board, as desired. For particulars apply at No. 46 West 16th-st.

A LADY WISHES TO BE RECEIVED AS boarder in a private family in New-York, who would accept instruction in either music or the languages as compensation. Best references given and required. Address HORTENSIA, Box No. 3,445 Post-office, New-York.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, OR SINgle gentlemen, can be accommodated with full or partial board in a family where there are a few boarders at No. 97 Prince st., a few doors west of Broadway. References exchanged.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED parlor and bedroom to let in a private family on 5th-av., above Madison-square, with or without board. Inquire of the Superintendent of Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway.

DAY BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED at No. 53 West 16th st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RESORT.

OCEAN HOUSE,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Messrs. KERNER & BIRCH have much pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally, that, encouraged by the success that has attended their efforts as proprietors of the Clarendon Hotel, New-York, and in accordance with the desire of many of their patrons that they should take a Summer House, as a branch of their City Hotel, they have taken a lease of the OCEAN HOUSE, at Newport, R. I., and intend to keep it as a first-class Summer resort. The house has been thoroughly repaired and repainted, a quantity of new furniture added, and the establishment put in excellent order. The Cuisine will be conducted on the most liberal scale by one of the first chefs in the country, assisted by eight competent artists, and every department carefully superintended and arranged with a view to the superior comfort of the guests.

Messrs. KERNER & BIRCH take this opportunity of thanking their numerous friends for the liberal patronage, with which their endeavors have been rewarded, and hope that their new enterprise will meet with the success that has hitherto been so liberally bestowed upon them.

The Ocean House will be opened on the 15th of June, a plan of which can be seen at the Clarendon Hotel, New-York, where applications for apartments will be promptly attended to.

P. S.—There will be no public Bar on the premises.

ELMWOOD.—A SUMMER BOARDING HOUSE IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Elmwood is pleasantly situated upon the public Park in the village of Bloomfield, Essex Co., N. J., within an hour's ride of the City of New-York, and 5 minutes' walk from the Dépôt, from which there are six daily trains. Bloomfield is a healthy and retired place, surrounded by delightful drives. The buildings are lighted by gas, manufactured on the premises, and there is a large play-room connected with them, designed expressly for the amusement of children. Convenient and ample accommodations are afforded for families, servants, horses and carriages. Further information may be obtained by application at Room No. 40 Trinity Building, Broadway, New-York.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, HOBOKEN.—FAMILIES or gentlemen desirous of making arrangements for board during the Summer season, can have a choice of rooms by applying immediately. Ferry boats running from Christopher, Canal and Barclay sts., every 15 minutes. Ferriage to boarders free. Dinner at 6 P. M.

SUMMER BOARD IN THE COUNTRY—AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.—The large private boarding house, "Washington Hall," will be open first of May. It is on Broadway, between Congress and Empire Springs and has fine grounds, well shaded. Address Mrs. J. W. MASON.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—BOARD CAN BE OBtained on a farm near the Railroad dépôt. Apply to G. LILLS, No 52 Nassau-st.

PERSONAL.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—MR. H. C. THEILBURG left his residence, No. 43 Cherry-st., on Tuesday, the 5th inst., since when he has not been heard from by his friends and, being a man of steady habits, fears are entertained for his safety. He is about twenty-five years old, light complexion, light, curly hair; five feet six inches in height, and wore a dark-blue coat, satinet pants, black silk figured vest and new calfskin boots. Also on his left hand, a plain gold ring. Any information that may lead to his discovery, or, if dead, to the recovery of his body, will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded by Munn Lodge No. 190, F. and A. M. Information to be left at his late residence, at Munn Lodge Room, No. 51 Division st., or at the Office of the New-York *Dispatch* No. 21 Beekman st.

Per order, BARRON DAVIS, W. M.
WM. J. MORGAN, Sec. pro tem.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSE FOR SALE—A SMALL, DARK BAY horse, of beautiful shape, 14 hands high, 7 years old, perfectly sound. He is for sale because the owner has no further use for him. Apply at the stables in 15th-st., few doors west of 7th-av., stable in the rear; or at No. 127 West 14th-st.

REMOVAL.—J. F. BUDD, SUCCESSOR AND nephew to the late R. H. Budd, veterinary surgeon, would inform his friends and the public that his infirmary for horses is removed to No. 161 Varick-st., between Charlton and Vandam.

HORSE FOR SALE—A BRIGHT BAY, 15¾ hands seven years old; can trot in 3:15; sound, kind, and gentle. To be seen at private stable, No. 18 Washington-square; entrance on alley from McDougal-st.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S, THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

AUCTION SALES.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 11 o'clock, at No. 89 West 23d st., near 6th-av:

Handsome household furniture, most of which was made to order by Boudoine, consisting of carved rosewood parlor furniture, sofas, chairs, and a suite in blue maroon and gold satin, elegant rosewood piano, made by Lighte & Newton, 7⅓-octave; blue and gold satin window curtains, lined with silk; richly carved rosewood etagere, with mirrors; carved rosewood sofa and centre tables, with marble top; papier mache and inlaid tables, elegant gilt mantel clock, Crusader and Saracen; French China vases, large pier and mantel glasses, velvet carpets, mosaic rugs, oak extension dining table, oak sofa and chairs, rosewood and mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, marble top; library table and chairs; Brussels carpets, oil cloths, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. For further particulars, apply at the auctioneer's office, No. 14 Pine-st.

EDWARD H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO will sell at auction, on MONDAY, April 18, 1859, at 11 o'clock, at No. 48 Clinton-place: HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of rosewood parlor furniture, sofas, chairs in suite, in blue and silk satin brocatel; arm and reception chairs in reps; console table, large pier glass, lace curtains, chandeliers, carved rosewood etagere, rosewood side table, marble top; tapestry velvet carpets carved black walnut bedsteads rosewood dressing bureaus and washstands, marble tops; rosewood sofa in red plush; chairs and rocker to match; gas brackets, engravings, shades, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, Brussels and tapestry carpet, oil-cloths, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues previous to the sale at the auctioneer's office, No. 14 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau st.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell, at auction, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No 23 Nassau st., household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood suites in brocatel, mahogany suites in hair-cloth, carved rosewood bedsteads, carved rosewood marble top dressing bureaus, washstands, etageres, with plate glass back and doors; mahogany bedsteads, do. washstands, sofas, and lounges brocatel and lace window curtains, pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood reception chairs, Brussels and ingrain carpets, window shades, rosewood and mahogany bookcases, two rosewood pianos, mahogany do., hall chairs, hall stands, rugs, mattresses, feather beds, bolsters, and pillows, paillasses, &c; also, kitchen crockery and glassware; also, at 12 o'clock, to close an account, about 31 dozen high cost virgin pale sherry, and about 40½ dozen genuine Otard brandy, (guaranteed,) bottled by the importer.

J. W. PORTER, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT CARVED ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY FURNITURE, MADE TO ORDER, SHORT TIME IN USE.—J. W. PORTER will sell, THIS DAY, (Friday,) at 10½ o'clock, by catalogue, the entire contents of the large four-story dwelling-house situated at No. 218 West 14th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., containing superb household furniture, of first-class workmanship made to order, and in excellent condition. Parlor furniture—Rich velvet carpets, three magnificent rosewood parlor suites, covered in elegant satin brocade, large easy, Voltaire and reception chairs to match, two rosewood etageres, with marble tops and mirror doors and backs, lined with satin wood, very expensively carved, elegant rosewood centre, side and work tables, ladies' rosewood secretary, with mirror door, lined with satin wood, made to match the rosewood parlor furniture; rosewood corner and music stands, splendid 7-octave rosewood Miller premium piano forte, richly inlaid with pearl and real pearl keys, decidedly one of the most superb instruments ever made, richly embossed cover and stool. French plate mirrors, expensive lace and brocatel window curtains; also, a great variety of oil paintings, large size, elegantly decorated China vases, Parian and Chinese figures, twenty one day ormolu clocks, together with many other costly mantel ornaments, mahogany, black walnut and rosewood cushioned chairs, covered in hair cloth and medallion, rocking and easy chairs, sofas, oak and walnut extension tables, rich China tea sets, cut glassware, comprising a full assortment, such as tumblers, wines, champagnes, goblets, celery glasses, salts, butter dishes, lemonades, pitchers, &c; also, costly silver ware, elegant revolving casters, with splendid cut bottles, spoons, forks, cake baskets, tea services, salvers, ivory cutlery, common crockery, plates, vegetable dishes, soup tureens, &c.; also, the furniture of all the bedrooms, containing mahogany cushioned chairs, elegant rosewood, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, pure hair mattresses, rosewood and mahogany marble-top bureaus, with washstands to match the bedsteads, decorated China toilet sets, bedroom carpets, mirrors, toilet and work tables, elegant stair carpets and rods, oil-cloths, hall stands, &c. Sale positive. N. B.—Furniture can be packed and shipped by an experienced person at the sale. Parties in want of solid rosewood parlor furniture, of the most expensive description, will do well to attend, as every article will be sold without reserve, in consequence of the family relinquishing housekeeping.

S. ALBERTIS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—SALE OF ELEGANT household furniture, THIS DAY, (Friday) at the private dwelling, No. 86 West 11th-st., commencing at 10½ o'clock. Catalogues can be had at the door. Consisting of a magnificent rosewood piano and two parlor suites of order-made furniture, medallion chairs, sofas, spring bottom chairs, Wilton and Brussels carpet, oval mirrors, lace curtains, bronze and ormolu chandeliers, velvet and Brussels carpets, secretary and bookcase, etageres, with French plate mirror doors; superb oil paintings by celebrated artists; statuary, marble top centre table, card do., Turkish and reclining chairs, lady's work table, escigneurs, antique and gothic reception chairs, French painted shades, Parian marble statuettes, bisque and French ornaments, richly carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus, commodes, armoir de glace, wardrobes, dressing table, shaving stand, towel rack, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, feather beds, blankets, sheets, &c; sofa, rocker, arm and other chairs, hall stand, oil cloth, extension table, rich cut and engraved glassware, silver dinner and tea service, China tea sets, Sheffield table cutlery, silver plated casters, spoons, forks, &c., and a complete assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Sixth-avenue cars and stages pass within a few doors of the house.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, &c., THE PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN LEAVING FOR EUROPE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL by auction, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 42 Bleecker-st., corner Mott-st., a general assortment, consisting of velvet carpets, silk brocatel draperies and lace curtains, pier glasses, chandeliers, parlor suites in rosewood and mahogany, covered in plush and hair-cloth, rosewood centre table, bookcases, wardrobes, clocks and candelabras, oil cloths, carved mahogany and rosewood bedroom furniture, Turkey curtains, spring and other mattresses, chairs in green morocco, and other articles; physician's office furniture, desks, bookcases, tables, &c; kitchen ware, &c.

CARRIAGES, ETC.—A valuable Rockaway carriage, made by Lawrence.

A very fine phaeton, made by Lawrence; double and single harnesses, &c.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16—AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M., precisely, at No. 135 Amity-st., between Clinton and Henry sts., Brooklyn, a large and general assortment of household furniture, of the best manufacture—Rosewood parlor furniture in green plush; splendid French plate pier glass, with cornices and pier table; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; oil cloths, rosewood library bookcase, ladies' secretary lined with satin wood, window curtains, mahogany and oak extension tables and chairs with chamber and kitchen furniture, china, glass and crockery, &c. SAME DAY—Immediately after the above in the house No. — Myrtle-av., 6th house west of Yates-av., at 1½ o'clock P. M., mahogany and walnut marble-top parlor and chamber furniture of the best manufacture—Mahogany self-adjusting easy chair, rosewood and mahogany bookcases, barometer, clock by Tobias, Wilder's patent salamander safe 36x17 inches, carpets, oil-cloths, mattresses, cook-stove, &c. Also a large frame stable, to be removed.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom, 23 Nassau st.

SUPERIOR HAVANA SEGARS OF HIGH grade, champagnes, &c., by order of assignee. HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock M., at the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.—An invoice of superior Havana segars, imported for private use consisting of Las Indias, El Lucero, of the following grades, viz.: Regalias, Londres, Medias, La Reyna, Communes and William, in all comprising an invoice of about 60 M. These segars are all warranted, and we can confidently recommend them to our friends as the most choice and valuable lot ever imported, having been made to order by the late owner and costing him from $60 to $120 per thousand in Havana. Also, 35 cases Anse Colin champagne, very superior. Also, 30 baskets Soleil do., equal to "Moet's" or "Green Seal."

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No 52 East 24th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs., a general assortment of household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood parlor suites covered in brocatel, mantle ornaments, mirrors, curtains, &c. A complete assortment of bedroom furniture, consisting of mahogany and black walnut, mattresses, feather beds, bedding, cottage suites, mahogany furniture, covered in plush; China, glass, oil cloths, extension dining table, kitchen ware, &c., &c.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, Auctioneer—Office No. 220 Broadway.

IMPORTANT AUCTION NOTICE.—ADjourned sale of all the furniture, works of art and fine decorations contained in the elegantly furnished private residence No. 35 Clinton-place, in 8th st., near Broadway.—D. S. HOUGH will sell as above, THIS DAY, April 15, at 10½ A. M. precisely. Sale positive, rain or shine. Catalogues now ready, and can be had at the house or at No. 220 Broadway. The auctioneer calls particular attention to the above sale as embracing a rare opportunity for purchasers to obtain first-class goods at a moderate price. The house contains an unusually large and fine assortment of desirable goods, suitable for genteel housekeepers. Careful cartmen in attendance to pack or ship the goods.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

SIX ACRES OF GROVE LAND, AT RYENECK, Westchester County, known as Barry's Woods, or the Congregational Grove. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell on MONDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the above beautiful property, situated on West-st. ¼ mile north of Mamaroneck village, or ten minutes walk of depot. The land is a beautiful level, covered with fine timber of every variety, with the Mamaroneck River skirting its western boundary, forming one of the most beautiful plots for a gentleman's residence, or public resort, in the City's neighborhood, accessible by New-Haven Railroad or steamboat. Particulars at No. 7 Broad-st.

J. L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.

SALESROOM NO. 61 LIBERTY-STREET, adjacent to Nassau-st., will sell on SATURDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at the Salesroom, No. 61 Liberty-st., a large and general assortment of household furniture, French plate mirrors, &c., both new and second-hand, being removed thither for convenience of sale, and comprising every variety suitable for the parlor, dining and bedroom, library and office furniture; also, particulars by advertisment and catalogue on day of sale. Terms cash and sale peremptorily without regard to weather.

MILLER & McEVILY, Auctioneers.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—Pursuant to order of the Supreme Court, MILLER & McEVILY will sell at public auction on FRIDAY, April 15, 1859, at the Merchants' Exchange, at 12 o'clock, two four-story brick houses, and 1 lot of land No. 236 East 13th-st., size of lot 24 ft. 3 in. by 103 ft. 3 in. For particulars apply to JAS. W. WHITE, 51 Liberty-st.

JOHN LEVISON, Auctioneer.

THE FINAL CLOSING-OUT SALE OF choice oil paintings takes place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock at the salesroom, No. 142 Broadway. Every painting must be closed out and removed from the premises by 6 P. M., as the new tenants take possession tomorrow, the 16th inst. Great bargains can be obtained, as the whole will be positively sold without reserve.

AUCTION SALES.

W. B. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF ELEGANT MODERN AND ANTIQUE FURNITURE, WITH THE ENTIRE COSTLY CONTENTS OF THE HOUSE.

W. B. WESTCOTT will sell,
TO MORROW, (Saturday,) April 16, at 10½ o'clock,

At the five-story dwelling house No. 153 West 21st-st., west of 7th-av., the elegant furniture, house furnishing articles, chaste and beautiful works of art contained therein, making a very large, costly and desirable collection of everything adapted to an elegant and fashionably furnished house, all of which is in perfect order, and will be positively sold without reserve, it being imperative that everything should be removed immediately from the premises.

PARLORS, DINING-ROOM, CHAMBERS, &c.

Containing three superb parlor suites, one of which is covered in rich brocades, one full suite in blue and gold brocade, one do. in silk velvet. All of these parlor suites are solid rosewood, beautifully carved and made to order by Roch, with slip covers; superior rosewood piano-forte, purchased three months ago, a very elegant instrument; gothic etageres, with plated doors and statuary tops; rosewood centre, pier and sofa tables, rich damask and lace curtains, large pier and mantel mirrors, with base and cornices, what-nots with plate backs, ormolu chandeliers, Turkish and voltaire chairs, reception chairs, in moquet and satin, lady's secretary, music cabinet, velvet and Axminster carpets, consoles, escritoires, &c., with a beautiful collection of parlor ornaments, marble figures and groups of the immortal Milton, Flora, the Goddess of Flowers, Day and Night, the Village Festival, Beauty's Bower, &c.; jewel cases, lined with gold and pearl, card cases, magnificent Sevres vases, bisque figures and ornaments, with a number of rare and valuable paintings on canvas and glass. Chamber and dining room—Superb rosewood bureaus, bedsteads, armoire à glace suites rosewood lounges, washstands, China toilet sets, bronze clocks, candelabras, 16 large hair mattresses. French counterpanes, blankets, cottage and spring-seat chairs, over 600 yards carpet, French China of every description, dinner and tea sets, rich cut-glass silver sets, spoons, forks, urns, brackets, extension dining-table, &c. No postponement. At 10½ o'clock precisely.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND, Auctioneer.

BY RICHARDS KINGSLAND & CO.,
Salesroom No. 158 Broadway,
FRIDAY, April 15,
At 10 o'clock, by catalogue, at the auction room,

500 packages and lots foreign and domestic hardware, cutlery, &c., consisting in part of cast steel and iron shovels, Kentucky and Yankee axes, 9 casks trace chains, 500 gross gimlet screws, assorted; 200 gross assorted table and dessert cutlery, 100 dozen ivory-handled table and dessert knives, 80 dozen cast-steel hoes, halter chains, cow ties, ox chains, dog collars, rat traps, jack chains, chest hinges, locks, latches, 50 dozen assorted files, augers, gimlets, screw-drivers, chisels, nails, pumps, scales, hatchets, hammers, rules, saws, axe-handles, &c., &c.

In lots to suit the trade.
Also.
Invoices of housekeepers' articles, comprising a general assortment, worthy the attention of buyers.
Sets of knives and forks, razors, &c.
100 gross brushes of every description.
Plated ware in every variety.
An invoice of clocks, jewelry, fancy goods, &c.
Also,
(For account of whom it may concern,)
3 casks coil and trace chains, damaged on the voyage of importation.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

LARGE SALE OF SUPERB OIL PAINTINGS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 19 and 20, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery over the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st. Large sale of superb oil-paintings of the English, American and Flemish schools, among them will be found the works of Gignoux, Rossiter, Inness, Richards, Hall, Annelli, Post, Sonntag, Mattison, Dick, Williamson, Richart, rait, Wm. Brown, Baker, Calyo, Lotichius, Durrie, Culverhouse, Tennant, Meadows, Le Grand, Northcote, Ginani, Mezard, Varburg, De Munder, A. Hulk, A. R. Veron, Matteson, Morland, Hill, Atkinson, Watson, Leonard, a fine minature copy of Hogarth's Cock Fit, on ivory, De Place, Diaz, Patturer, Sooh of Vienna, Malknecht, Tinturier, Verleyk, Bles, and others of equal celebrity. Also, an invoice for account of executors, of about 30 exquisite copies of the old masters, painted to order for the late owner in Florence, all in richly carved and gilt florentine frames. The American pictures in this collection were mostly painted to order for the present owners. The foreign pictures have been just received direct from Europe, and have never before been exhibited. We sincerely commend this collection to our friends and the public as well worthy their attention and assure them that every picture will be positively sold to the highest bidder. They are now on exhibition as above with catalogue.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—THE PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN REMOVING TO THE COUNTRY.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction, on FRIDAY, April 15, 1859, at 10½ o'clock, at No 102 5th-av., an elegant assortment of furniture all made to order, but little used, consisting of medallion velvet carpets, suites in rosewood, covered in rich silk brocade, curtains to match, heavy lace curtains gilt table, richly carved centre do., large pier glasses, cornices and bases to match, elegant mantel mirrors, several beautiful pieces of statuary, representing Faith, Cornelia, Bust of Pocahontas by Mozier; Canova's Venus, &c., &c.; fine oil paintings and engravings ormolu chandeliers and brackets, ormolu clocks and vases, large China do., cases of stuffed birds, fine rosewood piano-forte, made by Pirsson, spring couch, &c., &c.

DINING-ROOMS AND LIBRARY—Furnished complete with French mahogany extension table, chairs, buffets, tapestry curtains, mantel glasses, bronze clock. China and glass, elegant rosewood book-cases, library, chandeliers, &c; an elegant enameled silver iron chest &c., &c.

BEDROOMS—Completely furnished in rosewood, French mahogany, and black walnut, several enameled suites, mattresses, wardrobes, secretaries, pier glasses. French de laine curtains, Brussels and 3-ply carpets, book racks, engravings, &c., &c.

BILLIARD TABLE—Made to order, and furniture to match, carved oak chairs, large Etruscan marble vases, hall stand, lamps, &c. Sale will commence with the kitchen ware. Can be examined one day previous to the sale.

A. M. CRISTALAR, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF CARPETING, OIL CLOTH, RUGS, MATTING, &C.

A. M. CRISTALAR will sell, on FRIDAY, 15th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 23 Bowery:

118 pieces all-wool ingrain carpeting, various styles and patterns.
36 pieces of Brussels and velvet carpet, rich colors and patterns.
13 pieces Canton matting, various widths.
240 pieces 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 floor and hall oil-cloth.
58 velvet and Brussels rugs, various designs, together with a lot of door mats, gas fixtures, marble-top bureau, &c. By order of assignees.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, April 15, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 113 West 36th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av., genteel household furniture, consisting of rosewood suite, crimson brocatel, rosewood 7-octave piano, made by Grow & Christopher, rosewood piano stool, mahogany etagere, sofa, tables, Brussels carpets, Voltaire and easy chairs, in hair-cloth, mahogany chairs, in do., mahogany bookcase and secretary, rosewood sofas and tête-à-têtes, rosewood pearl inlaid writing desk, liquor case, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, &c., rockers, in hair-cloth, &c. Also, an assortment of wines, cigars, &c.; kitchen furniture, crockery, glass-ware, &c.

J. D. HOLBROOK, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—PLANTS, ROSES, TREES, EVERGREENS, &c.—FRIDAY, April 15, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 106 Maiden-lane, from the nursery of G. Marc, Esq., Astoria, L. I. Catalogues are now ready at the store. The sale will consist of 2,000 dwarf and standard pear-trees, in bearing order, standard and running roses, moss and Persian roses, tree peoneys, honeysuckles, asteria, flora peno, vigilia roses, amabilis-spired, azalia, deletzia and verbenas, daisies, pansies, &c., in great variety, all warranted true to name, and selected with great care, in Europe and in this country by Mr. Marc.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF May, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, 66 bonds (under hypothecation) of $1,000 each, of the Dubuque Western Railroad Company, First Mortgage, bearing interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, (on 1st January and 1st July,) in the City of New-York. The same are to be sold in lots of from two to six bonds of $1,000 each. Terms of sale as follows: 10 per cent. to be paid on the day of sale; balance on the following day, at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 36 Pine-st.

WM. WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 454 Canal-st., all the elegant Household Furniture, &c., of a family breaking up housekeeping. Fine lot of tapestry and other carpets, sofas, chairs, centre tables, French plate mirrors, bedsteads, bedding, bureaus, dining-room and kitchen furniture. Also, assignee's sale of 25 hair mattresses, TUESDAY, at No. 23 Wooster-st.; furniture, &c., WEDNESDAY, at No. 42 Crosby st; furniture, &c., of the house, same day, at No. 47 Vandam-st.; also, at 454 Canal-st., large assortment of furniture.

W. S. McILVAIN, Auctioneer.

PLANTS AND FLOWERS AT AUCTION.—W. S. McILVAIN will sell, THIS DAY, (and every day this week,) at the Seed Store No. 9 John-st., at 10½ o'clock. Roses and other Garden Plants of every description, from the extensive establishment of Peter Henderson, Jersey City. Every facility for packing and shipping. Catalogues.

FURNITURE.

IRON BEDSTEAD MANUFACTORY.

JANES, BEEBE & CO.,
No. 356 BROADWAY,
And corner of READE, CENTRE and ELM STS.,
have now ready a large stock of
IRON BEDSTEADS,
of all the various kinds, and of superior quality, suitable for FIRST-CLASS TRADE, which they offer at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT REDUCED PRICES.
HOSPITALS, PRISONS AND SCHOOLS
supplied to any extent, and at short notice.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.
Manufactured and for sale by ROBERT PATON, No. 24 Grove-st. Circulars sent on application.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE,
In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture; finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

COTTAGE ENAMELED FURNITURE.—Elegant suites from $25 and upwards. Wardrobes, mattresses, spring beds, &c., at the old-established EAGLE ENAMELED FURNITURE manufactory, 634 Broadway, five doors above Laura Keene's Theatre. Parties should purchase now from a well-seasoned stock, or order for spring delivery. Goods carefully packed for the country.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and palliasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal st.,
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE—Manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. A large supply on hand. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

ENAMELED AND GRAINED CHAMBER FURNITURE—Of a superior quality, manufactured and for sale by J. W. FISHER & CO., No. 650 Broadway, formerly with McGraw & Allendorph.

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON HAT-RACKS, IRON STORE STOOLS.—Stools put up in stores free of charge. Circulars sent on request. Liberal terms to the trade. JAMES SCOTT, No. 167 Centre, corner Canal-st.

1,800 HOPE'S CELEBRATED EXTENSION TABLES and dining-room suites, very low, wholesale or retail, at HOPE & SON, 484 Broadway.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning:—Price Two Cents served at 12½ cents a week mailed Six Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies to one address for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Italian Opera—Lucrezia Borgia.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Our American Cousin—Jenny Lind.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE—Mesalliance—To Oblige Benson.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Rent Day—The Review

THEATRE FRANCAIS—Linda de Chamounix—La Grace de Dieu.

BOWERY THEATRE—Othello—Four Lovers—Therese

NATIONAL THEATRE—Wandering Jew—Gaspardo—Happy Man.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Our Irish Cousin.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Select Negro Minstrelsy—The Statue Lover.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas..........5¾ P. M.
North and West Way Mail..........5½ A. M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad..5½ A. M. and 3 P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail.....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad......5½ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat..........4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland *via* St. Joseph."

Ocean Mails.

The European Mails, by the steamship *New-York*, hence for Southampton, will close at the New-York Post-office to-morrow, April 16, at 10½ o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The *Margaret Eliza* and the *Anna Wellington*, from Buenos Ayres, arrived here yesterday, bringing advices to February 21. At the departure of the latter vessel nothing definite had yet been received regarding the close of the negotiations between Commissioner Bowlin and President Lopez. From our own correspondent, however, we have particulars of the earlier interviews between the two, with a report of the complimentary discourses appropriate to such occasions. They breathe nothing but friendship and peace.

Our dates from Hayti are to March 26. They bring no information of moment. The markets were extremely dull.

A dispatch from New-Orleans states that Señor Mata, the representative of the Liberal Government of Mexico in this country, has been officially notified, by a dispatch from Secretary Cass, that our Government is now ready to receive him in his official capacity. He will leave New-Orleans for Washington to-morrow.

Yesterday, the tenth day of the Sickles trial, was the most exciting one yet, and marked by various incidents which must have a decided bearing on the final result. The first witness examined was Mr. George B. Wooldridge, whose testimony related to the occurrences which transpired immediately before and after the killing of Key, and was mainly corroborative of that of the Hon. Robert J. Walker. A motion was made to admit as evidence Wooldridge's statement to Sickles, made at the Capitol, relative to the intimacy between Key and Mrs. Sickles, but it was ruled out, after discussion, in the course of which the District-Attorney made an attack on Mr. Stanton, using the terms "bully" and "bruiser." Mr. Stanton responded in terms which called forth applause from the audience. Evidence followed from John Cuyler, J. Boyd, Mr. Bacon, Mr. Parker, and William Rapley, who testified to the fact of Key being in the habit of making signals opposite Sickles' house. It transpired before the adjournment that an effort has been made by somebody to remove the lock from the door of the assignation-house, in Fifteenth-street, for the purpose of concealing it. The lock, however, fell into the hands of the defence, and the night-key found in the pocket of deceased was shown in Court to fit it exactly.

The Legislature has not yet adjourned, although the hundred days to which the pay of the members is limited have expired. In the Senate yesterday, the New-York Railroad bills were reported from Committee, and were all laid on the table. As two friends of the roads were not present when the vote was taken, however, it is thought that a motion for reconsideration may be carried, and that the bills will yet be passed. The bill giving Notaries Public the powers of Commissioners of Deeds was passed as it came from the Assembly. In the Assembly, the Select Committee on the Quarantine Removal bill was announced by the Speaker. The bill is considered as lost for this session. The Registry bill was passed, as it came from the Senate, after some opposition, by a vote of 57 to 30. The resolution asking for a commutation of the sentence of Mrs. Hartung, or, at least, a respite until after the trial of her paramour, was adopted. The concurrent resolution, passed by the Senate on Wednesday, providing for a final adjournment at 10 o'clock last night, was received. As it had to lie over until to-day, under the rules, the object of the resolution was, of course, defeated. The bill to incorporate the New-York Observatory was passed.

The 116th anniversary of Jefferson's birthday was celebrated in Boston, on Wednesday, by a Republican banquet at the Parker House, at which Ex-Governor Boutwell presided. No other Democrats took part in the festival. Among the speakers were John P. Hale, Senator Wilson, Stephen H. Phillips, Mr. Shurr, of Milwaukee, and Senator Anthony, of Rhode Island. Letters were received from W. C. Bryant, Senators Seward and King, of New-York, Governor Banks, and other prominent Republicans.

Captain Sands, who commanded the U. S. steam-frigate *Susquehanna* on her late cruise, has been ordered, we understand, to report himself for duty on the Brazil station, probably to assume the command on the return of Commodore Shubrick, and to relieve Commodore Forrest.

The Rev. Henry Martin Scudder last evening, at the Academy of Music, delivered a very interesting lecture on "India," for the benefit of the Women's Hospital. Dr. J. W. Francis, in introducing the lecturer, stated that this institution, which was established four years ago, had fully accomplished the objects for which it was projected, and that similar institutions were forming in London, Dublin and Philadelphia.

John McLeod Murphy, Esq., lectured last evening before the Geographical Society, at Clinton Hall, upon the "Isthmus of Tehuantepec, its Resources and Inhabitants." Notwithstanding the storm the Hall was filled, and the address listened to with the deepest attention.

A severe rain storm set in yesterday morning with the wind from the Northeast, and continued through the day and night, cold, drenching and dismal. The streets were thoroughly scoured by the deluging shower, and a vast quantity of filth was washed into the river. The effect of the wind on the tide was to force the water into the bay, which caused many of the wharves to be submerged.

Yesterday, 1,500 bales Cotton were sold at unchanged prices. Flour and Wheat were less active. Corn was depressed. The movements in Groceries, Naval Stores, Hides and Oils were restricted. Pork was freely offered and purchased, mainly for future delivery, at, however, easier rates. Lard was in fair demand. Beeswax quiet. Freights were less active.

The Police Commission.—Governor Morgan has disregarded political considerations and made two very excellent appointments to fill two vacancies on the Police Commission. Judge Ulshoeffer, who takes General Nye's place, is one of our oldest and most respected citizens, an able lawyer, and a man of unimpeached integrity. He is a Democrat, but will not, we are confident, permit his action in the Board to be influenced by partisan considerations. Whether he will find the active duties of the position quite congenial to his taste may be a matter of some doubt, though we trust he will enter upon them with vigor and energy. Mr. Bailey, who takes Mr. Ward's place, is a young man—active, intelligent, public-spirited, and likely to make a most excellent officer. He is a Republican, though not ultra, and has taken special interest in the efforts that have been made to reform the City Government. Both these appointments will give general satisfaction.

The Hanging of Women.

The following paragraph is from an editorial article on Mrs. Hartung's case in yesterday's *Courier and Enquirer*:

> "There exists among a portion of our people an opposition to the hanging of women. *On what tenable grounds such an opposition can be based, is somewhat difficult to imagine.* If hanging is justifiable in the case of men, it certainly is so in that of women. There may be something particularly revolting to the feelings in seeing a woman hung, but *that has nothing to do with the question.* Executions are not gotten up for the purpose of gratifying the tastes, or for the amusement of those who choose to attend them. Their object is to deter persons from committing crime; and therefore whether the person to be executed be a coarse, bloated, bull-necked rowdy, or a handsome, delicately-formed woman, with a swan-like neck, makes no difference. *If both have been guilty of murder, both should suffer the same punishment.* The feeling that would lead to the restricting of capital punishment to men only, *is a morbid one*, and springs from that false sympathy which has of late years so frequently been manifested for those whom the law has condemned."

This sounds very like the rigid, unbending, uncompromising virtue for which the author undoubtedly mistook it. Out of respect for our neighbor, however, we prefer to consider it purely Pecksniffian. We do not believe he means what he says. We do not believe he finds it either impossible or "difficult," to understand why there should be any greater unwillingness to hang a woman than a man. Still less do we believe that he himself recognizes no difference, and no reason for any such distinction. For although the brutalized, wife-beating denizens of the Five Points, and the heartless slop-shop men who deal in female pauperism as a cheaper article than the sewing machine, may find it as difficult as the *Courier and Enquirer* professes to do, to "imagine the tenable grounds on which an opposition to hanging women can be based," we have only to look about us among those whose natural sensibilities and most honorable instincts have not been utterly blasted by crime, to see how deeply rooted that opposition—let us more truly say, that abhorrence—is, in all the better impulses of our humanity, in the instinctive tenderness of man towards that womanhood which incarnates for him all the dearest relations and most honorable responsibilities of life, and in the very modesty of nature itself.

The same feelings which make civilized men shrink from the spectacle of womanhood unsexed by woman herself on the platform or in the field, make them shudder at the thought of womanhood unsexed by man at the whipping-post, or on the gallows. When the London draymen, at Barclay and Perkins' brewery, pitched trusses of straw upon Marshal Haynau, and plucked at his venerable beard and beat him soundly with their whips, that illustrious commander was no doubt quite at a loss to comprehend what *special* brutality he had shown in merely meting out to women the same measure he had meted to men. Like our military cotemporary of the *Courier and Enquirer*, the Marshal thought if men and women have both been guilty of one crime they should both suffer the same punishment. He had whipped Hungarian men for treason, why not for treason whip Hungarian women also? The same logic would require men and women, having the same wants, to meet them in the same way. Both men and women need clothes to protect them from the cold. Why should not both wear the same garments? Both men and women need maintenance and a livelihood. Why should not both do the same kinds of business? Why does a "morbid" feeling object to the sight of women toiling in the furrows of Switzerland or Germany, or to the heavy-booted, slouching, contorted shapes that make so hideous a mockery of womanhood in the mines of England? Why should we not all bring up our daughters to follow the sea, seek situations for our wives in the police force, set our female poor to dredging the docks or to quarrying stone? Surely, if it *makes no difference* whether the Sheriffs of New-York are to be forced by the law into laying violent hands upon the person of a "coarse, bull-necked, bloated rowdy," with a soul as coarse as his frame, or of a "handsome, delicately-formed woman, with a swan-like neck," and a woman's heart beating warmly in her breast, then the world's growing conviction of so many years, that the Almighty meant something of high moral truth for our governance and direction when He created the sexes, like yet unlike, with the myriad diversities of moral influence that spring from their diversities of constitution, is after all a mistake, and the insanest of the spouters at the Woman's Conventions, are in the right of it. "Male and female created He them:" but the *Courier and Enquirer* thinks the feelings indissolubly linked with His work, after all, have "nothing to do with the question" of the proper kinds and varieties of punishment to be distributed to offenders of either sex. Our Teutonic forefathers, when first the Christian dispensation came to confirm and to refine their own highest instincts, thought otherwise. They shrank from the "hanging" of women as something terrible and indecent. The brutalizing influence of Roman habits of thought gradually impaired this innate reverence of the Northern tribes for female delicacy and the weakness which is woman's strength, and in the fifteenth century Europe first witnessed the hideous spectacle of a woman dragged to the gallows, at Lyons, in France, amid the "tears and lamentations of the whole people." We are glad to believe that the experience of three hundred years has not made the idea of such a scene tolerable to *any* "portion of our people." Much as we despise and detest the lachrymose facility so commonly denounced as "morbid philanthropy," we still more cordially despise and detest the brutal stupidity of a morbid misanthropy which insults the mild, benignant name of Justice by confounding her with a sort of savage indifference to the finer sensibilities, the natural sympathies, and the discriminating tenderness which make up the true glory and the abiding strength of our Christian civilization.

Most devoutly, therefore, do we hope and trust that this State will never again exhibit to the world the abhorrent spectacle of hanging a woman. It is as needless as it is brutal and inhuman. If our prison walls and bars and bolts are not sufficient to protect society against the violence and ferocity of womanhood, we shall vainly seek such security in the ghastly gibbet and the hangman's rope. And when our people reach that point at which, in common with the *Courier and Enquirer*, they feel no "opposition to the hanging of women," "cannot imagine on what tenable grounds such an opposition can be based," and can look with cold indifference on the spectacle of a mother, wife or sister put to death by the executioners of the law, they will have gone backward whole centuries in civilization, and have become brutalized and insensible to the best feelings and the holiest instincts of humanity.

We hope Mrs. Hartung will not be hung,—because she is a *woman*, to say nothing more. We are glad, however, that the Legislature has not seen fit to pass a law for the special purpose of saving her life,—for special legislation is always of doubtful expediency;—nor have we anything but commendation to express of the firmness with which Gov. Morgan has discharged what he unquestionably believed to be an imperative though a most painful duty. We take it for granted, however, that she will not be executed until after the trial of the man who was her accomplice, if she were the murderer, and who may prove to have been the leading and controlling actor in the fearful crime. Gov. Morgan can scarcely decline to interfere, if his interference should be needed, so far as to secure this result, and we should be very glad to see a general law passed by the Legislature declaring that hereafter no woman should be executed in this State.

Sectional Nonsense.

The Mobile *Register* is in great tribulation about the Personal Liberty bills that were pending in several of our State Legislatures. It regards the whole North as hopelessly given over to the most radical Abolitionism, and as desperately and deliberately resolved on a war of extermination against Southern interests and Southern rights. It seems quite astonished that there should be journals in the North sufficiently bold to denounce these bills,—"for our readers must remember," it says, "that in the very dens of Abolitionism it is not without cost and risk that a patriotic and national paper attempts to stem the tide of fanaticism;" and it does not dream of the possibility of the *defeat* of even the worst of these bills in the Legislatures where they have been introduced.

We hope the *Register* will feel better when it hears the fate of these bills. Even in Massachusetts, which the *Register* styles the "head-quarters of negrophilism," the bill was rejected. In New-York it met the same fate, and in Pennsylvania there is no prospect of its enactment. So we are *not* all determined to nullify the Constitution,—insult the South, steal their negroes, and bring this happy Union to an inglorious end. There are lingering remnants of common sense and of common honesty, the *Register* will perceive, even in these Anti-Slavery sections of the land; and if that journal and the Southern public which it represents would only act with a decent regard to common prudence and a respectable knowledge of human nature, they would find these qualities largely developed in the Northern mind, and likely to produce results of the greatest service to our common country. The Northern *people* are not disposed to ultraism on the question of Slavery. Politicians use it as a stalking-horse for the accomplishment of their own ends,—and Southern fanatics aid them in their work by supplying them with material and with plausible provocations for violent language and still more violent schemes. The *Register*, in the very article referred to, urges the most violent measures of resistance against the North. It urges a tax upon negroes to raise a fund for the recapture of runaways,—and here is the pleasant state of things which such a fund is to bring about:

> "With an adequate purse to foot the bills,' the owner, accompanied by a *posse* of officers and friends, would invoke the power and authority of the General Government for the recovery of his property. The slave would be seized, and then would come the tug of war. A conflict between the Federal and State authorities would ensue, a mob would assemble, a rescue would be attempted; and assuming the Government to be able and willing to execute the laws, the next step would be to order out the military; soldiers and marines from the forts and Navy yard would be called into requisition. Ships, with their frowning batteries would take position in front of the town, and then that most desirable of all things would follow—a trial of strength between the General and State Governments," &c., &c.

This is pure balderdash—but it does mischief. It gives Northern fanatics a very plausible pretext for their diatribes, and an excellent basis upon which to arouse Northern indignation, and stimulate Northern legislatures to retort by Personal Liberty bills, and kindred empty but annoying fulminations. If the South would stop its nonsense of this kind, the North would very speedily give over the habits which offend the South. For much as our people detest Slavery,—their dislike of it is not a mere spite which takes pleasure in annoying its object,—but a settled conviction, a rooted principle, which can make all proper allowances for those whose policy and conduct it disapproves.

The *Register* holds up, as an intolerable grievance, the fact that fugitive slaves cannot be recaptured in the North, except at a heavy and ruinous expense. This is perfectly true,—and it will always remain true. The time will never come when the people of the North will remand fugitives into Slavery with alacrity, or even voluntarily. If they do it at all, they will do it only under compulsion,—and it will always cost the Southern claimant more to regain his slave than his slave is worth. The natural and inevitable consequence will be that very few fugitives will be returned. This is a hardship, undoubtedly. But it is one for which there is no help. It is like many other ills of our social and civil life,—incurable. Northern men are under similar disabilities at the South. No man can enjoy all his rights everywhere. Some things can be done, and some cannot; and wise men generally endeavor to reconcile themselves, as speedily and thoroughly as possible, to those ills which absolutely admit of no remedy. The South must bring itself to this point of virtue in this particular, and the North will exercise the same philosophy where it is equally necessary.

Both North and South must learn that nothing is to be gained by reproaches, recriminations, menaces or denunciations. Neither, in our opinion, desires a separation,—and both would greatly prefer to endure the ills they suffer rather than rush, through disunion, to others which they know not of. The public mind at the North is just now calm, rational and moderate on the subject of Slavery;—the South would show very great wisdom by forbearing from everything calculated to excite it to a less wholesome mood.

Recognition of Senor Mata by the President.—A telegram from New-Orleans announces that Señor Mata, who has been for some time in that city, received a dispatch on Wednesday from Gen. Cass, informing him that President Buchanan was now ready to receive him as the Mexican Minister at Washington. This report, if true, as it probably is, shows that the Government has determined to uphold Mr. McLane in his prompt recognition of Juarez as President of Mexico.

Señor Mata had waited long at Washington for reception in his official capacity, as the diplomatic representative of his country under the Juarez Administration. But Mr. Buchanan, on the pretext of not being able to know who could safely be regarded as at the head of affairs in Mexico, declined to acknowledge him, till at length he left in disgust, and had reached New-Orleans on his return to Vera Cruz, when the above intelligence reached him. Mr. Buchanan has at length come to a conclusion. It would doubtless be too much to say that he has made up his mind; for the result is due to circumstances and the action of Mr. McLane, which have driven the President into position on this question in spite of himself.

It is stated that Mata will leave New-Orleans for Washington to-morrow. We trust that the policy of the United States towards Mexico may be regarded as henceforth in the right direction.

Two Noble Kinsmen.

The New-Orleans *Delta* deserves its name. It is more prolific, and of more wonderful things, than its namesake of old Nile. What waters have overflowed it with their fertilizing power does not clearly appear, but they were evidently strong waters, the strongest probably in their kind.

In a recent article on Cuba and Cuban matters generally, this remarkable journal gives birth to one of the most startling narratives ever penned since Professor Ingraham gave up piracy for preaching, and Mr. G. P. R. James definitely rode away in his cloak over that world-famous hill which for nearly thirty years he "might have been seen" deliberately ascending.

According to the *Delta*, "two American gentlemen, a Missourian and a Virginian, who were sojourning in Havana, recently procured a *volante*," ostensibly for the purpose of "visiting the hill and fort of Atares," but really with "feelings and hopes full of the rich fruits of Republicanism sprung from the blood which was first sown on the bloodstained cliffs of Atares" at the time of the execution of the followers of Lopez. It does not appear whether the Missourian and Virginian communicated to their negro *calesero* the extraordinary nature of his freight, and proportionably increased his fare; but as they were "two Americans" we suppose they did the right thing by that benighted African victim of Spanish oppression.

When they reached the base of the hill, "in full view of the sentinel pacing on the battlements," it "might have been observed," we suppose, by the *calesero* aforesaid, had he not been tipsy, as the manner of his tribe is, that "one of the Americans carried beneath his cloak some heavy object, which he seemed anxious to conceal from the observation of the sentinel." This was the more easy of observation, that a man in a cloak, on a hot Havana afternoon, must always challenge the attention due to a presumable lunatic. However, neither the *calesero* nor the "pacing sentinel" was up to his business, and the Americans stood for some time absorbed in silent contemplation of the blank iron "Wall of Death," marked with the bullets whereby Crittenden had been done to death with his men, "in sections of ten." After "inspecting the locality," our friends and fellow-citizens proceeded to "call the driver of their *volante* into their counsel," and ascertained from him the "exact spot upon which Crittenden had fallen." Southerners as they were, they never questioned the validity of "negro testimony" in this case, and indeed there can be no doubt that any *calesero* in Havana would gladly have pointed out to them the "exact spot where Crittenden fell," on any one of all the hills and forts that surround Havana, or even in the public plaza of Guanabacoa or Regla, had it pleased our "Missourian and Virginian" to ask such a favor. Having thus formed his "base of operations," our Missourian

> "removed his cloak and disclosed a *neat marble monument which he had had executed in Havana and inscribed, 'Sacred to the memory of Crittenden and his gallant compatriots.'* "

So far, so good; nor ought the reader to doubt that a Missourian who could contrive to carry a marble monument about with him under a Spanish cloak, with the thermometer at 89° in the shade, and effectually to conceal the existence of this "extra" weight from the driver of a one-horse gig, would find means to erect his Ebenezer, unseen of "pacing sentinels" above him. His genius was in fact equal to the emergency. He and his friend by their joint efforts "raised an umbrella," and under cover of this masterly shield set up the monument on the spot indicated, and then retired "with the pleasing consciousness of having performed a pious duty of respect to the gallant dead, and having given grateful expression to a patriotic feeling."

But not without a fine dramatic close. Fate and Nature, as their way is, favored the noble frenzy of our muscular salamanders.

> "As the Americans were leaving the ground, having fulfilled their mission, a large serpent issued from the grass and coiled itself in the pathway. The Missourian immediately raised his foot, and bringing it down with great force crushed the hissing reptile under his boot, exclaiming, in the words of Virginia's noble motto, *Sic semper tyrannis.*"

Observe the delicate courtesy of our Missourian Hercules, and the abnegation with which he gives vent to his feelings in the words of "*Virginia's* noble motto." Yet lament with us that, in this heroic chapter of contemporary history, the "Virginian" plays a part so like that of the "confidant" in the old French tragedy. He seems to have had nothing particular to say, or do, excepting to keep open the umbrella, and perhaps also to sit on the marble monument to press it into its place. If we could be sure that he paid the fares of the party, Missourian, monument and all, and gave the *calesero* a "drop o' summat" when they reached town, we should think the tale more impartially complete. Will our friends of the Old Dominion see to this matter? Give Missouri her muscle, but let Virginia have fair play.

Meanwhile, what possible chance can General Concha suppose his scurvy *Gallegos* and *Catalans* will have in the shock of battle with such demi-Titans and sons of Thunder as these?

Superannuation Fund.—The idea of Governmental provision for public servants who have grown old in office seems amusingly strange in this country, where we do not, as a general rule, permit our functionaries to remain long enough to learn their duties. Yet this very matter is at present engaging the attention of the Canadian Parliament. We are told that in Canada the *employes* of the Government are never removed from mere political considerations, though political feeling is even more violent than here, and the appointments are practically for life. Of course a period arrives when each individual ceases to be useful; and few officials make any provision for the future. Their positions, to a greater extent than with us, compel them to live expensively, so that old age, when it comes, finds them poor. It seems hard that a man who has spent the best years of his life in public employment should end his days the victim of penury; and with a view to meet this evil the Provincial Parliament is proposing to establish what is styled a Superannuation Fund. Such fund, however, is not in the nature of a pension; nor is it to be taken in any form from the Treasury, which in Canada, as well as with us, is already pretty well drained. On the contrary, the men to be benefited are themselves to furnish the material for the fund. The system amounts in fact to a compulsory saving on the part of office-holders. A portion of their regular salaries is to be deducted annually, and laid up, under operation of law, for their future use.

The plan, though founded in reason and good sense, is singularly at variance with our natures and practice. We make the offices a reward for political service, with the least possible regard for fitness, and none whatever for the qualifications which experience alone can confer. Whenever we have a new Administration, which is quite frequently, a sweep takes place in all public offices, more especially if a change of party domination has occurred. We drive out the old officeholders, reserving just enough of those who know something of their business to instruct partially the new brood who know nothing, and keeping even them no longer than is necessary for that purpose. This is anything but a business arrangement, and it necessarily operates injuriously. But it is now established, and has so many strong, though bad, reasons to recommend it, that we fear no change can be looked for. Yet it was not always so. We have seen better days. The abuse of paying political service with government patronage came in with President Jackson, who in this respect inflicted incalculable injury upon the country. It may be that the vice we speak of would have been introduced ere now even had he refrained. But his influence and popularity gave it an impulse which it could not otherwise have attained, and for the last quarter of a century the country has been reaping from the seed thus sown a plentiful harvest of corruption.

The Paraguay Negotiation.

The fact of the meeting of the American Commissioner and the Paraguay Chief no longer rests upon the flourishing dispatch of General Urquiza. Our Own Correspondent not only bears witness to the earlier stages of the intercourse, but furnishes us the literal text of the addresses exchanged by the pair at the outset, agreeably to that courteous usage in deference to which the knights of the diplomatic lists lower their lances before assuming their places.

It is a great pity that we are not to accept these two broad pieces at the value apparent on their face. To believe that the United States are animated with feelings of the most amicable description for the Government of Paraguay; that they entertain now, as they have always done, the utmost confidence in the wisdom, justice, and magnanimity of its Chief; and, on the other hand, to feel a comfortable assurance of the intense yearning of that Chief for the establishment of friendly relations with "the United States of *North* America;" to know that he has never wavered from the most faithful admiration of our institutions, and never lost his passion for cultivating us; this would be gratifying indeed. But the pleasure we must even forego. There are the substantial facts to the contrary, of armed steamers and bustling fortifications; of hostile reports of Senatorial Committees, discussed in rancorous language by an official print; and manifestoes numberless, affording anything but manifestations of confidential regard. We can only treat these things as the world understands them. They really meant nothing. They afford no indication of the temper with which the two champions grim entered upon their wordy tilt; and, indeed, the most grievous and malignant conflict conceivable may have instantly followed their utterance. Our faith to the contrary must rest for the present upon the assurance of President Urquiza.

But if negotiations were proceeding without suspension, as we are told, up to the moment when the whole of the American squadron was gathered at the entrance of the Paraguay, there is left no reason to doubt the immediate settlement of the question. The river was found by the *Fulton* to be free from obstructions; and the breastworks at Humaita had recently suffered serious damage from the floods, destroying, supposing them to have deserved it, the prestige of invincibility. Should the course of pacific adjustment be in anywise interrupted, the word has but to be spoken that shall place the Paraguayan capital in American hands—thus compelling a solution. The mode may be censurable; but it is in the programme, and it will be too late to select an alternative.

The Slave-trade.—Our State Assembly, by a very strong vote, has passed the following resolutions in regard to the reopening of the Slave-trade:

> "*Resolved*, If the Senate concur, that the citizens of this State look with surprise and detestation upon the virtual opening of the Slave-trade within the Federal Union; that against this invasion of our laws, of our feelings, and of the dictates of Christianity, we solemnly protest; that we call upon the citizens of this Union to make cause in the name of religion and humanity, and as friends of the principles underlying our system of government, to unite in bringing to immediate arrest and punishment all persons engaged in the unlawful and wicked trade, and hereby instruct our Senators and Representatives in Congress to exert all lawful power for the immediate suppression of the infamous traffic.
>
> *Resolved*, That the Executive of this State be required to transmit a copy of this resolution to the Legislatures of the several States of this Union, and earnestly request their coöperation in arresting this great wickedness."

This is very well. We trust the Senate wil promptly concur in these resolutions. The phrase, "virtual opening of the Slave-trade," is stronger in our judgment than the facts will warrant. We do not regard that traffic as any more "opened" than burglary, piracy, smuggling or any other crime. It is still illegal:—it is prosecuted only by stealth, in face of the law, against the general tenor of public sentiment and under peril of the severest penalties. But the few instances of it which have occurred are quite enough to make such a protest as this eminently proper. Slavers have for years been fitted out in the port of New-York, and without any rigid inquiry or any sufficient punishment on the part of our Courts of law. It is well that our own people, as well as the authorities of other States and the country at large, should have their attention recalled to this subject.

Pennsylvania and the Administration.—The Democratic crusade against Mr. Buchanan's treacherous, imbecile, and sectional policy has opened with decided vigor. Mr. Hickman's speech, which we publish this morning,—delivered at the opening of the State Convention,—is as sharp and resolute a specimen of political invective as we have seen for a long time. If this indicates the spirit in which the war is to be followed up, our venerable President will find himself on anything but good terms with his old Democratic friends.

Native Wines.—Dr. Underhill, whose vineyards at Croton Point are universally known and appreciated, has recently entered upon the manufacture of *wines*, which he offers for sale at his depot in Broadway. We feel bound to encourage every attempt in any quarter to substitute pure native wines for the adulterations and the vile poisonous compounds which too often are sold under their name. Dr. Underhill's grapes are of the best quality and he will spare no pains to supply those who may desire it with the best and purest wines that can be made from them.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington.

SATISFACTORY CONDITION OF OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS—ILLNESS OF MR. LETCHER, &C.

Washington, Thursday, April 14.

The condition of our foreign relations generally, with the exception of those pertaining to Nicaragua, is represented in reliable quarters to be highly satisfactory; official intelligence from Nicaragua is awaited with deep interest; assurances continue to be given that stringent measures will be taken toward that Republic, in the event of its refusal to render such satisfaction and guarantees as our Government demands.

The Hon. John Letcher is better, but still confined to his bed; his illness is attributed to exposure and excessive fatigue while recently canvassing Virginia.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that paintings on glass are dutiable at the rate of [illegible], percussion caps at 15, and pearl knife-handles [illegible] centum.

Recently the authorities of Iowa claimed five per centum on the value of a tract of land in the State designated as the Sac and Fox half-breed reservation, but the Commissioner of the Land Office has decided adversely, on the ground that the act for the admission of Iowa into the Union only applies to land sold from and after that event, the tract having previously been set apart.

Official Reception of the Juarez Minister from Mexico.

New Orleans, Wednesday, April 13.

Señor Mata was officially informed to-day, by a dispatch from the Secretary of State, that the President will recognize him as the Minister from Mexico on his arrival at Washington. He leaves on Saturday for that city.

Fire in Buffalo.

Buffalo, Thursday, April 14.

The steam saw-mill and ship railway building of Mason & Bidwell were destroyed by fire this morning, with three dwellings adjoining. Loss $20,000; insured $9,000. The destruction of the mill, it is thought, will retard the completion of the two steamships on the stocks for the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway, as the material for them was prepared by it.

Accident on the Charles River Railroad.

Boston, Thursday, April 14.

A locomotive on the Charles River Railroad, attached to a passenger car, owing to the displacement of a switch, plunged down an embankment, this morning, from a height of forty feet; fortunately, it detached itself from the cars, doing no injury to the passengers, and only slightly bruising the brakeman.

Accident on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

Memphis, Thursday, April 14.

A train on the Mississippi Central Railroad fell through the trestle-work, killing two and wounding eight persons, whose names have not been ascertained.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Once More.

Marshall, Texas, Tuesday, April 12.

The Old and the New Pacific Railroad Companies have compromised their difficulties satisfactorily. The Old Company is to retain possession of the road.

Lake Champlain Navigation.

Saratoga, Thursday, April 14.

The boats on Lake Champlain commence to-day making their regular trips between Whitehall and Rouse's Point.

Pennsylvania Legislature Adjourned.

Harrisburgh, Penn., Thursday, April 14.

The State Legislature has adjourned *sine die*.

Musical.

Cooper Institute.—The Mendelsshon Union gave an excellent performance of Mr. Costa's "Eli" last evening. Three years have almost elapsed since the same Society gave the work for the first time in America. It was imperfectly done then, and without orchestra. The solos were intrusted to members of the Society who were scarcely adequate to the task of interpreting them with the dramatic force and squareness which they required. On the present occasion all the principal parts were allotted to artists of acknowledged ability, and a small but well-selected orchestra filled in the well-coceived and brilliant accompaniments of the composer. Mr. Costa's "Eli" is a step in the advanced direction of modern oratorio composition. In this work we have a great amount of dramatic concentration, and of that power which makes pictures by the suggestion of certain ideas. The old masters were vastly discursive; Mr. Costa is compact and shapely. He sets a bound to his own soarings, and for that reason is always in sight. His knowledge of orchestral resources is at least equal to Handel's; all that can be said is that he did not, like Handel, create these resources. Some of the melodies in "Eli" are memorable from their nicety of design; the choruses are always good, and the treatment of the orchestra admirable.

The work was excellently rendered by the Mendelssohn Union. Mrs. Mozart, the soprano, appears to be a well-informed oratorio singer, with a remarkably fine voice, and an average amount of Eastern cultivation. Miss Hawley, the contralto, sang finely in every respect. Mr. Miranda, the tenor, was unusually good, and in the "War Song" brought down the house. This gentleman is a valuable acquisition to our concert forces. He has a voice of delicious quality, and sings well. Dr. Guilmette was, as usual, most painstaking and correct.

The oratorio will, we are glad to say, be repeated on Thursday next. Many admirers of this style o music were, doubtless, prevented from attending by the extremely tempestuous state of the weather.

Academy of Music.—"Lucrezia Borgia" will be played here to-night, with Gazzaniga in her celebrated character of the *Borgia*.

An Important City Railroad Grant.—While the whole City has been in a fever of excitement about City Railroad grants, the Harlem Road has quietly secured a most valuable franchise at the hands of the Legislature. That body has terminated the long-pending litigation in which this Company has been involved with the Corporation of the City and the freeholders on the Fourth-avenue and Murray Hill, by passing a bill which extends the charter of the Company, with all its privileges and franchises, for thirty years, and authorizes the Company to use steam on the Fourth-avenue as far down as Forty-second-street, for the same time. The bill has been signed by the Governor, and is now a law.

It also grants to the Company the right to lay down a double track up Forty-second-street to Madison-avenue, and *up Madison-avenue to Seventy-ninth-street*, for the use of their City line. This grant will prove a great accommodation to our citizens who visit the Central Park, from which it will be only distant 400 feet, throughout its whole length, and will also accommodate Columbia College and the new Cathedral, both of which extend to Madison-avenue. It is worth all the time and expenditure which the litigations have occasioned, and is a very valuable acquisition to the Harlem Company.

Grand I. O. of O. F.'s Celebration.

The Grand Lodge of the United States, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, composed of representatives from every State in the Union, have directed a public thanksgiving to be made in this City on the 26th of the present month. On that day forty years will have elapsed since Thomas Wildey, in concert with four other members of the Order, formed the first Lodge in the United States, known as Washington Lodge, No. 1. In due time they obtained from a legal and competent authority—the Duke of York Lodge, of Preston, England—the privilege of granting charters, and exercising supreme authority in the United States. From this foundation sprung the Grand Lodge of the United States, the State Grand Lodges, and the immense number of subordinate Lodges, with over 200,000 members, and scattered all over the United States. The following is a copy of the order:

> *Whereas*, On the 26th of April, 1859, forty years will have elapsed since the organization of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows upon this continent, and
>
> *Whereas*, that beloved Order, which we cherish as among the best agents which have been vouchsafed to man for the amelioration of the condition of his race, has received the most signal manifestation of the protecting care and guardianship of an Allwise Providence, testified by the extraordinary success, which has accompanied its mission wherever established, and
>
> *Whereas*, It is the just duty of hearts grateful for the Divine approbation of the great cause of humanity in which we are engaged to acknowledge the fostering care and love with which our beloved Order has been so bountifully blessed. Therefore be it
>
> *Resolved*, That the 26th day of April, 1859, be and is hereby set apart by the Grand Lodge of the United States to be observed by the entire membership under its jurisdiction, as a day of thanksgiving to Divine Providence for the unexampled prosperity which has attended the Order since its organization on the American Continent.
>
> *Resolved*, That on that day, at the City of New-York, it be and is hereby recommended to all the membership of the Order to assemble under appropriate State organizations in furtherance of this object, for the purpose of celebrating the day with such becoming ceremonies as may be deemed suitable to the occasion.

In accordance with the above, arrangements have been made for a procession and exercises in Dr. Chapin's Church during the day, and a soirée at the Academy of Music during the evening. The arrangements are extensive, and the celebration promises to be one of unusual interest.

IMPORTANT FROM ALBANY.

Quarantine Removal Estopped—The Registry Bill Passed Both Houses.

Drawn Game on the City Railroads—The Supply Ordered to a Third Reading in Assembly—People's Loan and Relief Repeal Progressing—The Tenth Veto—Bills Signed by the Governor.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 14.

Recommitting the Quarantine Removal bill to a Committee, last evening, when the question was on concurring with the Senate's amendments, can hardly be construed into anything else than killing it. The recommitment was carried by the votes of those who originally and always opposed the removal bill, with the aid of those who had voted for it on condition that the Certain Offences and the Staten Island Assessment bills first passed. The argument of Mr. MORRIS, who moved this disposition of the bill, was that, if the removal was assented to without the passage of the others, it was saying to the State that riot and arson, and threats were omnipotent;—that good order and a respect for law should be insisted on. Mr. CHRISTIE faithfully labored to save his bill, urging that yellow fever was even now at Quarantine, and hence the removal was a pressing necessity. To which the answer was, that if yellow fever was impending, it was of all times the worst to remove, unless we could say where the Quarantine establishment should go. The recommitment was carried—Ayes, 52; Noes, 48. This morning the Committee was appointed, viz.: Morris, Fuller, Law, Chamberlain and Christie. They will, doubtless, hold it till the Certain Offences and Assessment came down from the Senate, and it is past faith to dream that that event will happen this Spring.

All this morning Senators have been fillibustering. The Parallel Railroad was laid on the table, Yeas 15; Nays 15, and the President giving his casting vote to lay it there. The naturally sanguine friends of the City railroads say that as Senators DOHERTY and BOARDMAN, both friends of the roads, were absent this morning they can yet carry them, but the enemies think they are already as good as dead. In the fight of the morning there were other issues than the railroad, though all manifested themselves on that one question. The Democrats were willing to waste time to kill the bill that deprives the Canal Commissioners of patronage. Some leading Republicans were willing to waste time to prevent the Charter Bill from passing. NOXON led the railroad forces and W. A. WHEELER led their enemies. It was a sharp contest and a drawn battle.

The Brooklyn Water bill was recommitted, with the understanding that on the point of most interest there should be a compromise; the present Water Board to nominate to the Mayor two persons for members of the Permanent Board, and the Mayor to nominate and two-thirds of the Common Council to confirm two more; the closed conduit to be permitted, but the Commissioners to make their contracts for it with whom they please.

The persons published yesterday as State Tax Assessors were erroneously announced, the bill creating the office not yet having become a law.

The new Police Commissioners will probably be confirmed in Executive Session to-night.

The Senate sent down the Registry bill with amendments this morning. These amendments do not materially alter the bill as it passed the Assembly. The inspectors on making out their list of voters are only to enter the names of those persons that appear on the poll-list kept in said district at the last preceding general election.

The Supervisors in New-York are to meet on the third Monday of September and ballot for three inspectors for each election district, to be residents and voters in the district, and to hold office one year. Six Supervisors to be a quorum for this business, if the rest of the Board refuse to attend.

At the Inspectors' meeting for revision they are to erase the name of any person inserted on their list who, on the oath of two legal voters of the same district, shall be proved a non-resident or not entitled to vote.

Any elector can have his name recorded on the Inspectors' list on the same terms that he is permitted to vote—be subject to challenge, and to the same penalties for false swearing as at an election.

No vote is to be received at an election unless the person offering it is registered, or he furnishes his affidavit giving his reasons for not appearing on the day for correcting the list, and proves by the oath of a householder in the same district that he is entitled to vote.

On concurring with the amendments the vote stood: Ayes, 77; Noes, 30. So the Registry bill has gone to the Governor.

The Governor has sent in his approval of the following bills:

New-Utrecht Health Bill.
New-York Preparatory Medical School.
To submit to the people a loan of $2,500,000 to pay floating debt.
Amending Arctic Fire Insurance Charter.
For completing the New-York Arsenal.
Corpus Christi Canal Co. Incorporation.
Altering the Brooklyn City Map.
Reducing the capital stock of Banking Associations.
In relation to the Institution for the Blind.
Amending the Peter Cooper Institute Act.
Respecting the burned Town Records of Montgomery, Orange county.
Incorporating Brigham Hall (for the insane.)
Amending the New-York Assessment Act, for widening, altering and amending the streets, avenues and public places in New-York City.
Relative to moneys of late town of Williamsburgh.
Incorporating Union Stage Association, of Westchester county.

The Governor sent in to-day a veto of the act amending the Charter of the village of Lansingburgh,—but advising that the bill be revised so that the unconstitutional feature of "*appointing* some of the judicial officers" be stricken out. Amended as suggested, it was repassed.

The bill widening Seventh-avenue above the Central Park was returned from the Senate with an amendment requiring that the owners of at least one half the front on said part of the avenue shall petition the Common Council for it, before anything is done under the act. The amendments were concurred in.

The resolutions of Mr. BUFFINGTON, concerning the case of MARY HARTUNG, came up; and were adopted, (15 noes.) They read as follows:

Resolved That the Governor be and is hereby respectfully but earnestly solicited to review, and if consistent with his views of justice and humanity to, reverse his decision in the case of MARY HARTUNG now under sentence of death.

Resolved, That we, the Representatives of the people of the State of New-York, do most earnestly but respectfully solicit his Excellency the Governor of the State of New-York to commute the sentence of death in the case of MARY HARTUNG to imprisonment for life; or, if that cannot be done, that a reprieve may be granted till after the trial of WM. RHEINMAN, now under indictment as a principal in the murder for which MARY HARTUNG was convicted.

Last evening Mr. LAW got unanimous consent to make a report in behalf of a Select Committee. The Clerk beginning to read, it came out that it was the Select Committee of Five's report on the People's Loan Repeal. This had come down some days before from the Senate; and after, it went to a Committee to report complete—but that Committee could not agree for some time—and after a majority did agree, unanimous consent could not be obtained to put it in. But despairing of catching their enemies asleep, the gentleman from Delaware consented to offer it for them. When Mr. MEEKS objected, it was too late—the Speaker ruled to stop it. He offered as a substitute, however, the old Senate bill *amending* the charter of the Company, the names of DEAN RICHMOND, WM. M. EVARTS, RICHARD M. BLATCHFORD and nine others being struck out, and GEO. BRIGGS, ISAAC BELL, JR., PAUL SPOFFORD and twelve others inserted. This substitute fixes the capital stock at $1,000,000, with power to increase to $2,000,000—the stockholders to be personally responsible, and the rate of interest not over 7 per cent. The substitute was voted down and the report agreed to, which orders to a third reading the repeal.

The Supply bill was considered in Committee of the Whole from 10 P. M. of Wednesday until 6 A. M. of Thursday morning—during all which while, there was no effort to call the House nor a single factious motion. The best of good-humor prevailed,—though, until 2 o'clock, it was rather dull work. About midnight Mr. LAW moved to insert $350 to E. H BENDER, on an old contract for binding, and read the contract with the Comptroller. He had not presented the claim to the Committee on Ways and Means, because when he once, early in the session, went with one to the Chairman, that gentleman (Mr. CONKLING) said: "Can't the Clerks of the Comptroller's Office get anybody to do their dirty work besides you?" Since which time he had kept his claims in his pocket, preferring to refer them to this Committee.

Mr. CONKLING solemnly averred that he did not remember ever to have said any such thing. From the relations heretofore existing between himself and the gentleman from Delaware, but which ceased from this moment and forever, he did not believe it possible that he ever had said it. He had always coveted the esteem of honorable men, and deeply regretted to learn that he had earned such reproaches as had been heaped on him to-night.

Mr. LAW quietly repeated his assertion, and that every word he had uttered was true.

Mr. CONKLING said that his sleeping hours had been invaded with claims—and generally for extra compensation. He had been assured, on good authority, that intoxicating liquors had been carried into the State hall, and payment claimed therefor under the name of "stationery."

Mr. LAURENCE challenged Mr. C. to present the proof that bills for liquors had ever been presented as for stationery. He believed the statement untrue.

Mr. CONKLING would not condescend to reply to any questions or demands for proof from that quarter. He considered that person beneath his notice.

On the question of extra clerk hire to the State Engineer, Mr. MILLER said he had always thought, if there was an honest man in the State, Mr. VAN R. RICHMOND was the man. He hoped it would be allowed.

Mr. SHEPHARD thought if that anomaly existed—an honest man in the Canal Department,—he should go for the highest figure.

JACOB SMITH got inserted $1,000 for the New-York Fire Department Fund, to help pay the pensions of firemen's widows, who were removed into the rural districts. Dr. SNELL, of Montgomery, wanted to tack on an amendment, giving the same amount to the Fire Department of his town. Mr. SMITH was surprised to hear that picayune Department put in comparison with that of New-York. He was surprised that a man who had been to college, and had been educated for a doctor,—that a man with a high forehead could make such a proposition!

At 4 o'clock A. M. there were to be counted twenty-five men asleep in their chairs. But every item woke up a circle of the interested, and scarcely one appropriation was admitted without explanation and debate. When at 4½ o'clock the Chancellor of the Exchequer was seen for a minute to doze and the proposition to raise, and an appropriation from $500 to $1,000 was pending, one gentleman moved "that as the argus was asleep he would amend by making it one million." Before the last word was out the Chancellor was awake and the amendment failed. At 6 o'clock the bill was reported to the House, having been a good deal swelled by amendments. But at noon to-day in the House they were almost all struck out again—including the Fire Department Gift—and the Supply bill ordered engrossed for a third reading at 2½ o'clock P. M. GLAUCUS.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Thursday, April 14.

The New-York Tax bill, on motion of Mr. MATHER, was referred to the New-York delegation.

Mr. NOXON reported the three New-York Railroad bills.

Mr. W. A. WHEELER moved to lay the report on the Seventh-avenue bill on the table. Carried by 15 to 15, the President casting his vote in the affirmative.

Messrs. BOARDMAN and DOHERTY were absent.

This vote was looked on as favorable to the bill, as the two absentees and one voting in the affirmative are friendly to the bill.

Mr. W. A. WHEELER also moved to lay the Fourteenth-street and Avenue D bills on the table.

Mr. NOXON moved forward the Grand-street, Brooklyn, Railroad, bill. Lost.

Mr. JOHNSON moved to recommit the bill with instructions to restore the names of the corporators stricken out. Carried.

Mr. SPINOLA moved a reconsideration. Lost.

Mr. W. A. WHEELER moved to lay on the table the report of the Committee on the Ninth-avenue Railroad bill. Carried.

The Senate receded from the amendments to the bill giving Notaries Public the power of Commissioners of Deeds, and the bill passed as it passed the Assembly.

Mr. LAMONT presented the minority report in favor of the Assembly Personal Liberty bill. He moved that a Committee might wait on the Assembly, with the request of an explanation.

Mr. LAMONT, from the Select Committee, presented a written report on the bill to establish an Insurance Department. The Committee exonerate the Comptroller from the charges made against him in the Assembly. They recommend the passage of the bill, amended so as to take effect in January, 1850. The report states the Comptroller approved of the bill, with this amendment.

Mr. SLOAN, on a question of privilege, stated that the Quarantine bill had been sent to the Select Committee in the Assembly after the House had non-concurred in the amendments of the Senate. He deemed this designed to kill the bill most important to his constituents.

Mr. DIVEN said that the parliamentary proceeding was to return the bill to the Senate after the concurrence of the House.

Mr. NOXON reported favorably the bill to alter and amend the New-York charter.

Mr. MATHER presented the minority report, designating the bill as an act to take violent possession of the government of the City of New-York, to trample upon the rights and privileges of its people, and make a mockery of its charcharter, a charter created in conformity with the Constitution, ratified by the votes of the people, and confirmed with all the sanctity of the law. The minority declare that the bill contains a violation of vested rights in every clause, an outrage upon justice in every line; it strikes a deadly, insidious blow at the vital principle of free, representative government; it takes from the people of the City their just prerogative, and confers it on a central, irresponsible power in the State. The report enters at length into the discussion of the provisions of the bill. It is signed by Messrs. MATHER and ELY.

Mr. W. A. WHEELER moved to suspend the rules, according to notice, and take up the bill in Committee of the Whole.

The Chair decided the motion not in order untill all reports of Committees were in.

Mr. ELY then presented a report on the act for the suppression of intemperance.

A long discussion followed, interspersed with constant motions, appeals and calls for the Ayes and Nays, the Democrats resorting to all the means in their power to drive off action on the New-York Charter bill.

Mayor WOOD was present, and the chamber was densely crowded.

A perfect turmoil occurred during the fillibustering debate, through a motion made by Mr. DIVEN, in an excited and passionate manner, to place Mr. SPINOLA under arrest for saying in regard to one ruling of the Chair that he (SPINOLA) would be put under arrest before he would submit to such ruling.

A question of privilege was raised upon this, and at 12 o'clock it still continued unsettled. The only object is to drive off action on the Charter bill.

There is little prospect of any real business being transacted to-night.

ASSEMBLY....ALBANY, Thursday, April 14.

The Speaker named as the Select Committee on the Quarantine bill, as amended by the Senate, Messrs. MORRIS, LAW, FULLER, CHAMBERLAIN and CHRISTIE.

The Registry law, as it passed the Senate, came down in the shape of amendments to the Assembly bill.

Mr. C. S. SPENCER moved the House concur.

Mr. MORRIS attacked the Senate for amending every bill. They would amend the Ten Commandments, if sent them. He called on the House to defend their own dignity and reject the amendments.

Mr. C. S. SPENCER charged that the opposition of Mr. MORRIS was induced by hostility to any Registry law.

Mr. BINGHAM spoke against the Senate bill, as containing objectionable features. He denied the right to require voters to be registered by a partisan board.

Mr. LAW failed to see any objectionable features in this bill. He favored a stringent law, but yielded a portion of his views in order to secure something. No true friend of a Registry law could vote against this bill. He desired to say his vote would be cast for its passage.

The bill was then passed by 75 to 30. Messrs. Abbot, Aylworth, Bingham, S. Graves, Loomis, Morris, Payne and Powell, Republicans, voting with the Democrats in the negative.

The resolution entreating the Governor to commute the sentence of MARY HARTUNG, or at least grant her a respite until after RHEINMAN'S trial, was adopted, after debate, by 78 to 15.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. CHANLER offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the truth of the charges made by Mr. CONKLING, that the State officers had asked the Committee of Ways and Means to pay under the head of stationery for "spirituous liquors" furnished said officers.

Mr VAN HORN moved to lay the resolution on the table. Carried by 44 to 23.

A concurrent resolution from the Senate, to adjourn at 10 o'clock to-night, was received, and laid over one day under the rule. This defeats the action of the House on the resolution, and carries the Legislature over till to-morrow.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the New-York Observatory.

To amend the act for the protection of the St. Regis Indians.

In relation to Courts' sessions and Police Courts.

To amend the Brooklyn, Eastern District, Fire laws.

To prevent the issue of false receipts and punish the fraudulent transfer of property by warehousemen and others.

To amend the New-York Market Fire Insurance Company's charter.

On motion of Mr. VAN CORTLAND the bill to remove obstructions from the Harlem River and provide for a free bridge was advanced out of its order and passed.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. CONKLING, on a question of privilege, obtained permission that a full explanation should be entered in the Journal, showing by the statement of Mr. WIGGINS, that there was not the slightest foundation for the charge, that the name of that gentleman had been improperly affixed to the document, requesting the Grinding Committee not to report the New-York City Railroad bills. The charge had been made on the floor, but although denied by Mr. WIGGINS, that fact had not appeared.

The bill to enlarge locks on the Chemung Canal was laid on the table for the present.

The bill granting aid to the New-York State Inebriate Asylum came up for a third reading.

Mr. MORRIS moved to recommit. After debate the motion was lost, and the bill passed obtaining 65 votes affirmatively, just sufficient to pass it. Mr. WOODRUFF entering the Chamber and voting Aye an instant before the vote was announced. All the Democrats present, except Messrs. LAWRENCE and MALLORY voted affirmatively. The bill appropriates 10 per cent. of the Excise law for the aid of the Asylum. The bill has already been passed by the Senate.

The bill to increase the salaries of wardens, matrons and other officers of the State Prison was recommitted to strike out the enacting clause.

The bill to oblige county treasurers to give security for trust money belonging to infants was passed.

Adjourned at 10¾ o'clock.

Appointments Confirmed.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 14.

The Senate had an executive session this evening, at which the Police Commissioners were confirmed, and a strong effort was made to confirm Mr. HUTCHINSON in place of EDGAR MCMULLEN for Port Warden, but failed.

Mr. KITCHEN, of New-York, has been appointed Gas Inspector under the new bill.

Messrs. CLOWES, of Rensselaer, THURSTON, of Elmira, and PETERS, of Genesee, have been appointed Commissioners to equalize the taxation.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

LAUNCH OF THE NEW STEAM SLOOP IROQUOIS.—The new United States screw steamer *Iroquois* was launched from the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Tuesday, in the presence of a small company, who had accidentally learned that the launch would occur on that day. As usual, the vessels at the docks, and the various buildings, were decorated with the flags of different nations. Shortly before 4 P. M. the shores were knocked away, and *Iroquois* gracefully descended into the waters of the Wallabout. She was soon taken in tow by two steamtugs and placed alongside the Pier. In a few days she will be put into Dry Dock, where she will receive her copper, and then be fitted for sea.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—About 7 o'clock last evening two counterfeit bills of the denomination of three dollars on the Saybrook Bank of Connecticut were passed in the Sixth Ward. The telegraph operator at the Central-office in Broome-street was immediately notified, and in about twenty minutes the police all over the City were directed by telegraph to notify the shopkeepers. The vignette is a female in a sitting posture with ship in the backgrounds. On both ends of the bill the word "Three" is printed. The printing and style of engraving are well executed.

THE OLD POLICE.—Official information of the late decision of the Court of Appeals regarding the old Police force, and the question of their back pay, was received yesterday by the Police Commissioners. A meeting of the Commissioners is announced to be held to-day, and it is expected they will enter upon some definite action in the premises. Meantime members of the old force report themselves daily to the General Superintendent for duty.

Police Reports.

ALLEGED FORGERY OF THE NAME OF THE BRITISH CONSUL.—A young man calling himself Francis Rennington, and claiming to be a son of the British Consul at Corsica, was arrested yesterday, charged with having forged the name of Mr. Archibald, the British Consul at this port, to a note of hand and an order. The accused and his wife about five weeks ago took board at the Italian Hotel, No. 54 White-street. Believing his statement as to his parentage, the landlord allowed his bill to accumulate until a few days since, when he asked a settlement. Rennington gave him a note for $147, purporting to be drawn and signed by Mr. Archibald, the British Consul, but subsequently he recovered possession of it and kept it. He was again asked for his bill yesterday when he presented a note purporting to come from Mr. Archibald, and saying that he would be responsible for board for Mr. Rennington to the amount of $160. Both of these papers are said to be forgeries, and the accused was locked up for examination.

MUTINY.—At a late hour Wednesday evening, Wm. Bell and Wm. Walker, sailors on board the ship *Fanny McHenry*, mutinied against the mate, who was temporarily in command, and attempted to kill him. The mate was stabbed with a sheath-knife, but the wound is not serious. Captain Gibson, of the Harbor Police, having been apprised of the difficulty, went on board the ship and arrested the men. Walker was so badly injured that he had to be sent to the Hospital.

STOLEN GOODS RECOVERED.—The store of George Keyes, No. 343 Eighth-avenue, was broken open about two months ago, and some $600 worth of silk goods were carried off. No trace of them could be found until about three days ago, when they were discovered in the possession of the "receivers," who were arrested, a few days ago, at Hackensack, N. J. The silks are in the possession of the authorities of New-Jersey, and will, no doubt, be delivered up on proof of the prightful owners.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—A meeting of the Board of Supervisors was held Wednesday evening. The newly elected members from the County towns—Messrs. RYDER of Flatbush, SCHENCK of New-Lots, STRYKER of Gravesend, and CROPSEY of New-Utrecht, presented their credentials, and were admitted to seats. The new members recently elected in the different wards of the city will take seats at the first meeting in May. An invitation to attend the Water Celebration was received and accepted. Some routine business, of no general interest, was transacted, when the Board adjourned to the 29th inst.

THE WATER CELEBRATION.—At a meeting of the Special Committee on Water Celebration yesterday morning, a letter was received from Major-General HARMANUS B. DURYEA, accepting an invitation of the Committee to act as Grand Marshal. The Fifty-fifth Regiment of New-York has accepted an invitation to be present.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.—We are requested to state that the time for receiving plans for the new Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, has been extended from the 16th of May to June 1.

THE COURTS.—City Court Calendar for this day—Nos. 34, 10, 48, 50, 52, 56, 58, 6, 3, 28, 57. Circuit Court Calendar for Monday, 18th inst.—Nos. 3, 26, 44, 55, 69, 70, 71, 72, 16, 30, 100, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 112, 115, 116, 117, 118. The Court of Oyer and Terminer will meet this morning.

Later from Hayti.

FINANCIAL MEASURES—MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS AT PORT-AU-PRINCE—BUSINESS.

Our files of papers from Port-au-Prince extend to March 26.

They contain little of interest.

The *Revue de Commerce* has an article on the paper money, which closes with a plan of relief by urging upon the mercantile community to exchange all small notes for large ones of $1,000 at the Treasury, the bills to be taken in payment for duties, &c., of course subject to some restrictions.

The City of Port-au-Prince is to be lighted every night, from 7 P. M. to 4 A. M., also cleaned every other day.

Three assassins were executed at the capital on the 19th ult.

Coffee at Port-au Prince was plenty at $114@$115. Logwood was selling at $60. The scarcity of money renders American provisions dull at all the ports of the island.

COURT OF APPEALS, April 14.—No. 97, Struck off.

Kirby *vs.* Fitzgerald.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied with $10 costs.

Boggs *vs.* Rathbone.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted with $10 costs.

Shank *vs.* Shoemaker.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted without costs.

No. 46, Backus *vs.* Forbes, argued. N. Hill for appelant; A. Lanning for respondent.

Calendar for April 15—Nos. 82, 84, 87, 88, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96.

The Schooner John R. Price Abandoned and Ashore.

TUCKERTON, N. J., April 11, 1859.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The schooner *John R. Price*, of Delaware City, came on the beach a few miles north of Little Egg Harbor Inlet, on the night of the 10th inst.—abandoned. She is loaded with corn meal, which is being landed on the beach in a damaged condition, in charge of the wreck-master. She is badly broken on her larboard side, apparently from collision with some other vessel. J. W. PHARO.

Burnett's Cocoaine.

The original and only genuine preparation of this name, manufactured by Messrs. JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston, for sale by T. T. GREEN, No. 862 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,
New styles. Prices from $50 to $125.
495 Broadway, New-York.
162 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

"We have one of Grover & Baker's in our own family and we must say, in justice to the manufacturers, that it is as good as it was represented to be."—*New-York Ledger, April 2.*

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The immense increase in the demand for these admirable Machines—it has trebled within four months—indicates the reviving prosperity of the country. The prices of our Machines have been greatly reduced.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Singer's Sewing Machines.

The new Family Sewing Machines, at $50 and $75, are attracting universal attention. In all essential good qualities they are much the best machines ever offered at a low price. I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

Sewing Machines.—All persons who have been induced to buy Sewing Machines which will not perform the work that purchasers expected them to do, are informed that Singer's Machines never fail to do any kind of work. No one is ever disappointed in these Machines.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

To the Ladies Only.—The Victoria Bandage (or periodical protector) is now ready at the well-known Truss Establishment of Messrs. MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, where a lady is in constant attendance at their private salesroom; and at HEGEMAN & CO.'S, MILHAU'S, &c.

Charles' London Cordial Gin for Consumptives, and invalids requiring a stimulant. Sold, quarts and pints, by all druggists, grocers, etc. Dépôt, No. 40 Broadway. Other Gins may be thrust at you. Buy only CHARLES'.

Stearns & Marvin's
WILDER PATENT
SALAMANDER SAFES.

These Safes are free from dampness. They have been in use for 17 years—have been tested in 253 accidental fires, and have NEVER failed.
STEARNS & MARVIN, { No. 40 Murray st., N. Y. / No. 57 Gravier st., N. O.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safe.
THE
GREAT FIRE-PROOF SAFE OF THE WORLD,
WARRANTED FREE FROM DAMPNESS.
B. G. WILDER & CO.,
NO. 191 BROADWAY,
Corner of Dey-st., New-York.

Leary & Co.
Have now ready the Spring Style of Hats for gentlemen's wear. Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

On the Dining Table,
Families are discontinuing the use of a castor, and substituting a cruet of LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY,
When on duty, will find their comfort greatly promoted by the use of LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
EVERY TRAVELER
Should carry a bottle of LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, to enable him to relish the horrible things that are frequently placed before him.
CATERERS FOR THE MESS-ROOM,
Don't permit a good dinner to be spoiled by an imitation of LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
CAPTAINS OF PASSENGER-SHIPS,
Be particular that the steward has a supply of LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
HOTEL PROPRIETORS,
Your interest is advanced in every comfort to your guests. See that you have the genuine LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
DINING SALOONS,
Gentlemen often go out of their way to dine where LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is served.
In soup, in gravy, with fish, meats, game, salad, dressing, &c., LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE imparts piquancy, zest and flavor; gives tone to the stomach, assists digestion and promotes health.
Sold by all the respectable Grocers and Fruiterers.
JOHN DUNCAN & SONS, No. 405 Broadway,
Sole Agents.

[In the TIMES of yesterday the name "Lea & Perrins" was by a typographical error printed "Lea & Perkins." The correct name is Lea & Perrins, as given above.—ED. TIMES.]

Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!! Dyspepsia!!!
What is it? How Cured?

Dyspepsia is our National Disease—weak stomach, feeble digestion, distress after eating, costive habit, bilious condition. How many suffer with it and its attendant symptoms of low spirits, bad taste, coated tongue, obstipified head, and attacks of headache? Yet how few know how to cure it? Generally, because the bowels are constipated, resort is had to cathartics or laxatives. But such a condition was never cured by cathartics, whose only office is to weaken the digestion and impair the integrity of the entire assimilative system.

But HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC DYSPEPSIA PILLS—a simple medicated sugar pill—have cured hundreds of the worst and most obstinate cases. This is done simply by improving the tone and restoring the integrity of the digestive organs, from which result good appetite, regular habits, a clear head, and buoyant spirits. Such a medicine is a gem, and only requires to be known to be appreciated.

Price, 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes $1.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do. in plain case, $4; family case of 15 boxes and book, $2.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO, No 562 Broadway, New-York.

Fire in Florida.
PILATKA, Fla., March 19, 1859.
Messrs. S. C. Herring & Co.,
No. 251 Broadway, New-York:

GENTS—In justice to the merit and virtue of Herring's Patent Fire Proof Safes, we would inform you that on the 31st day of January last, our warehouse, wharf and store, were entirely destroyed by fire.

Fortunately we had our principal books, papers and a large amount of money secured in one of your Safes, which, although it was exposed to the most intense heat for upwards of five hours, surrounded by the most fierce and consuming fire, and putting your Safe to the most severe test as to its fire-proof qualities, we are happy to say it proved itself worthy of the highest recommendation. Our books, papers, &c., which it contained, were preserved uninjured.

We gladly and gratefully tender our testimonial to the many already published, toward giving the Herring Safe the credit and confidence it truly merits. Very respectfully, TEASDALE & REID.

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-st., opposite City Hall, New-York.

Howe's Unrivaled Elliptic Spring Bed Bottom, from $4 50 to $6, at retail at
No. 378 Broadway.
Examine or send for circular.

Brussels Carpets, 75c. per Yard.
A NEW ARTICLE.
CROSSLEY'S IMPROVED ELECTROTYPED BRUSSELS.
Warranted to wear as well as any Tapestry Brussels.
Warranted Fast Colors.
Warranted to look as well as any other Brussels.
Warranted to be 50 per cent cheaper to the consumer than any other carpet. Call and see them. Price, 6s.
G. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
No. 524 Broadway,
(Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Notice to the Public.—Public notice is hereby given that Mr. Frederick V. Rushton, Druggist, from this day ceases to be and act as my general agent. All parties indebted to me will remit to me direct, and all orders for purchases received at my office only, No. 612 Broadway. Dated New-York, April 14, 1859.
JOSEPH MEYER, Practical Chemist,
Inventor and Proprietor of Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer.

French Clocks.
BRONZES, MECHANICAL LAMPS, &c.
SOLD AT REDUCED PRICES,
On account of removing to No. 623 Broadway.
H. DARDONVILLE, No. 445 Broadway.

French Gas Fixtures.
Reduction in prices. The subscriber, previous to removing to No. 623 Broadway, offers his stock at a liberal discount. H. DARDONVILLE, NO. 445 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED
They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.*
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Hatters' Plush and Trimmings,
Of every variety and EXCLUSIVE STYES, imported and for sale low, for CASH OR APPROVED PAPER, by
ROBERTS & CATHELL, No. 113 Broadway.

Take Healthful Physical Exercise,
At WOOD'S Gymnasium,
No. 6 East 28th-st.

Rupture Cured—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder-braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle-joints, club-feet, bow-legs, &c, with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

Defiance Salamander Safes.—ROBERT M. PATRICK, sole manufacturer of the above celebrated Safes and Patent Powder-Proof Defiance Locks and Cross-Bars; also, Fire and Burglar-Proof Sideboards and Parlor Safes, for silver plate, &c. Dépôt 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place. (Formerly 192 Pearl st.)

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees have by their intrinsic superiority over all the rest attained a popularity beyond all precedent. For sale, and the dye expertly applied by the best artists at the factory No. 6 Astor House.

F. Y. S.—Ballou's Improved French Yoke Shirts, a new style made to order from measure of the finest materials, sewed by hand, and warranted to fit, at less than usual prices, at BALLOU BROTHERS, French Yoke Shirt Emporium, No. 409 Broadway, New-York.

A Good-Looking Man.

Every man, no doubt, likes to be called good-looking, but it must be confessed that there are a great many who have no claim to the title. When you see a good-looking man, look in his hat—you'll find it came from the NEW HAT COMPANY, No. 148 Nassau-st. Good-looking men and men of taste purchase there.

Attention is Called to the Splendid Sale of household furniture, statuary, carriages, harness, &c., at the residence No 102 5th-av., to be made by H. H. LEEDS & CO., THIS DAY. Probably no sale of equal elegance has been made this season.

Every Lady Should Have a Pair of Miller's gaiter boots, at 12s.; toilet slips, at 6s.; with ladies', misses' and infants' boots and shoes of all kinds and prices. Ladies, remember.
J. B. MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal st.

McLaughlin's Improved French Yoke SKIRTS—Ready-made, all sizes, or made to measure, at greatly reduced prices, at the old stand, No. 269 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray.

Tracy's Celebrated Shirts made to order, and warranted to fit. Also, a fine assortment of Bayadere Bosom Shirts, at $18 per dozen, at Nos. 87 and 89 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
GEORGE M. TRACY, Agent.

To Housekeepers!!!—To prevent your house from being entered by burglars, use the Patent Rotary Lock, which is universally admitted to be the most convenient as well as secure lock ever invented.
VALENTINE & BUTLER,
No. 337 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents a Box, Black or Brown, warranted; Dépôt No. 1 Barclay-st. Also sold at No. 399 Broadway and all druggists. Infallible Onguent for the growth and beauty of the hair. Floralia for the same.

Millions of Bottles of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup are now used every year in the United States, for Children Teething, with never-failing success. Relief is IMMEDIATE and CERTAIN. Price 25 cents.

White's Own, Something Entirely New in the soft hat line, imported by Mr. W. from Penoes, of Paris, can be seen at No. 216 Broadway, under Barnum's Museum.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Wigs $8.—CAMERON'S, No. 199 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. For quality and natural appearance we challenge the world. A large assortment of ladies' hair work at equally low prices, wholesale and retail.

French Soft Hats, at wholesale only.—A large assortment just received. S. J. PARDESSUS, Agent for the manufacturer, J. COUPIN (Aix,) No. 156 William-st., corner of Ann.

Gents, Stop at White's, No. 216 Broadway, and look at the French soft hat, new style, called "White's Own," No. 216 Broadway under Barnum's Museum.

Weed's New Style $50 Family Sewing Machine.—The particular attention of Skirt Manufacturers is called to this improvement.
WHITNEY & LYON, No. 477 Broadway.

MARRIED.

COCKS—BOWRON.—In this City, on Tuesday, Feb. 15, at the residence of the bride's father, No. 201 West 31st st., according to the order of the religious society of Friends, WILLIAM COCKS to SARAH BOWRON, daughter of Henry C. Bowron.

DOUGLAS—ERBEN.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 14, by the Rev. Morgan Dix, ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS to MARY LOUISA, daughter of M. K. Erben, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

FRENCH—DAVENPORT.—In Mamaroneck, on Wednesday, April 6, by the Rev. G. Hollis, WILLIAM FRENCH to Miss MARTHA DAVENPORT.

ENTWISLE—GOLDSMITH.—At Cutchogue, L. I., on Sunday, April 10, by the Rev. J. T. Hamlin, EDWARD ENTWISLE, of New-York, to BETHIA W. GOLDSMITH, only daughter of the late Capt. E. Goldsmith, of the former place.

DIED.

FIELD.—In this City, on fifth day, April 14, of paralysis, JOSIAH FIELD, aged [illegible] years.

His friends and acquaintances, and those of the family, are invited to attend the funeral, from Friends' meeting-house in Orchard st., on sixth day, the 15th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Purchase meeting house, Westchester County, previous to interment, on seventh day, at 12 o'clock M.

WILSON.—In this City, on Thursday, April 14, the Rev. BIRD WILSON, D. D., LL. D., in the 83d year of his age.

His relatives, brethren of the clergy, and friends of the family, are invited to attend his funeral, from St. Peter's Church, West 20th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 5 o'clock.

BAUDOUINE.—In this City, on Thursday, April 14, CHARLES A. BAUDOUINE, Jr., aged 21 years, eldest son of Charles A. Baudouine, of 23d st.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Rev. Dr. Gillett's Church, in 23d st., near the 5th av., on Sunday afternoon next, at 3 o'clock precisely, without further invitation.

JONES.—In this City, at No. 136 West 35th st., GUSSIE JONES, only child of Maria Jones, aged 2 years and 10 months.

LEONARD.—In the City of Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 14, JAMES H. LEONARD, teacher of music, aged [illegible].

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, April 16, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 9 Liberty-st., without further invitation.

ACKERMAN.—At Bergen Heights, N. J., on Wednesday, April 13, JOHN J. ACKERMAN, aged 30 years.

The friends of the family, and those of his father-in-law, the Rev. Samuel Kissam, of Brooklyn, are invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, the 16th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, Bergen Heights, next to the Rev. Dr. Taylor's Church. Carriages will be at the ferry, Jersey City, at 2½ o'clock.

MILLS.—In South Bergen, N. J., on Wednesday, April 13, Mrs. ELIZA MILLS, wife of Benjamin Mills, aged 60 years.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Friday, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, without further invitation.

ALOFSEN.—At Jersey City, on Wednesday, April 13, MARY ELIZABETH DUMMER, wife of Solomon Alofsen.

DARLING.—On Wednesday, April 13 after a lingering illness, CATHERINE, relict of Seth Darling, of Smithtown, L. I., in the 66th year of her age.

Notice of the funeral will appear in to morrow's papers.

WHEELER.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 12, IDA MARY, daughter of H. W. and Andelusia Wheeler, aged about 5½ months.

SHADDLE.—At New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday, April 13, Mr. CORNELIUS SHADDLE, in the 73d year of his age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his son in-law, Mr. Johnson Letson, in New-Brunswick, this day, (Friday,) at 2 o'clock, to move at 3 o'clock P. M.

☞ The remains of Mr. HENRY C. PARKHURST, only son of Mr. Stephen R. Parkhurst, who was lost in the steamer *Princess*, on the 27th of February last, having been recovered and brought to this City, will be interred on Monday next, the 18th inst., in West Bloomfield, N. J. The funeral service will take place at the Mount Prospect House, in that village, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are requested to attend, without further invitation. Cars leave New-York for West Bloomfield at 11½ o'clock A. M., from the foot of Cortland-st., and return to New-York at 5:10 P. M.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S

FIRST APPEARANCE

IN THE

NEW-YORK MERCURY.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30.

READY AT ALL THE NEWS DEPOTS.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 19.

BOWERY CLOTHING EMPORIUM.
ESTABLISHED 1837.
W. L. CONKLIN & CO.,
NO. 8 BOWERY,
Wish to call the attention of the public to their assortment of MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING!
SPRING OVERCOATS! BUSINESS SUITS!
A large assortment of SPRING OVERCOATS AT VERY LOW PRICES, Ranging from $6 upward.
Fancy Cassimere Pants and Vests in proportion.
GOODS MADE TO ORDER in the MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE, at short notice, and upon economical terms. DON'T FORGET—No. 8 BOWERY.

R. R. R.
THE CONVULSIONS OF CHILDREN.

The faculty recommend inhalation of chloroform in infantile convulsions! We would as soon give a child arsenic. There is no anti spasmodic in the world like RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Give that, and the convulsions, however violent, will be instantly arrested. Acting at once as a nervine, counter-irritant, and a gentle, diffusive stimulant, it fulfills at the same time all the conditions upon which a cure depends. In summer complaint it gives, for the same reasons, immediate ease. So safe is it that it may be administered and applied, under the directions, to the most feeble infant. Combined with the Regulators it is a complete specific for all fevers. The three remedies, the Ready Relief, Regulating Pill and Resolvent, form a grand Catholicon, embracing every known form of disease, and guaranteed never to fail except when organic and structural difficulties render all human aid unavailing.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF and REGULATING PILLS should always be kept in the house. With these Remedies at hand ready to use, you will be safe against sickness. Remember, no pain, aches or infirmities will trouble you if you use RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. In all diseases of the liver, stomach, bowels, heart, &c., RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS are positive curatives and regulators of these organs.

Ladies suffering from Irregularities, Retentions and Weakening Discharges will find RADWAY'S PILLS and READY RELIEF an inestimable blessing. R. R. R. Remedies sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

RADWAY & Co, No. 162 Fulton-st., N. Y.; after May 1, No. 23 John st.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.
From the Providence Post.

The important qualities of a perfect hair-dressing seem to have been successfully combined in BURNETT'S COCOAINE, the active principle of which is Cocoa-Nut Oil. Its merits have been successfully tested with an unanimous and satisfactory result. Those who value a beautiful head of hair, will do well to use this elegant preparation. Aside from its acknowledged superiority, it is claimed there is a saving of 50 per cent. in favor of this over other compounds, one application being sufficient to last for days.

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SMITH & LOUNSBERRY,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.,
Are now opening their entire Spring importations at the following low rates:
Velvet and Medallions, best English..10s. to 15s. per yard
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Three-ply and Ingrain, new styles....4s. to 8s. per yard
Floor Oil Cloths, &c, &c., at equally low rates.

PRINCE IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE.
FROM
DE VENOGE & CO., EPERNAY, FRANCE.
As used at the
IMPERIAL TABLES ON THE CONTINENT OF EUROPE,
Can be had at all the leading hotels, and from all the principal dealers throughout the country.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, Importer,
CORNER OF BROADWAY AND BROOME-STREET.

PETER K. DEYO,
ADVERTISING AGENT,
OFFICE NO. 19 NASSAU BANK BUILDING.
Reference—Messrs. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO.
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COFFEE AND TEA POTS
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NOTICE.
The enlargement of the
KEROSENE WORKS
being now completed, we give notice that ALL orders will be filled promptly and at reduced prices.
KEROSENE OIL COMPANY,
No. 80 Beaver-st., New-York.

REMOVAL.—DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFE dépôt removed from No. 192 Pearl to No. 63 Murray-st., corner College place. ROBERT M. PATRICK.

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NEW AND FRESH BOOK.

NEW WORK BY THE REV. J. H. INGRAHAM.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE PILLAR OF FIRE;

OR, ISRAEL IN BONDAGE.

By the Author of "The Prince of the House of David."

Being an Account of the Wonderful Scenes
IN THE
LIFE OF THE SON
OF
PHARAOH'S DAUGHTER,
(MOSES,)
From his youth to the Ascent of Sinai; comprising,
as by an eye-witness,
HIS MIRACLES BEFORE PHARAOH,
PASSAGE OF THE RED SEA,
AND
RECEPTION OF THE LAW ON MOUNT SINAI.
Containing an elaborate and richly-colored Description of the Architecture of the Egyptians, their Manners and Customs in Peace and War, in the Temple, the Family, the Mart, and at the Tomb; and also of the Israelites, while in the Land of Bondage; together with
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HEBREWS UNDER THEIR TASKMASTERS,
Of Scenes, Processions and Spectacles upon and beside the Nile, and Legends of the Obelisks, Sphinxes, and Pyramids, and of their Founders before the Flood.
DELINEATIONS OF BEAUTIFUL WOMEN:
Miriam, Amense, Luxora, and Osiria,
AND OF WONDERFUL MEN,
Aaron, Remeses (Moses,) and the Prince of Uz (Job):
Narrated in a Series of Letters from a Syrian Prince traveling in Egypt to his Royal Mother, Queen of Tyre.
The volume abounds in characteristic passages of highly wrought beauty, and Dramatic Incident.
To the 100,000 readers of "*The Prince of the House of David*," we need only say, that this book is by the same Author, and more wonderfully interesting and enchanting.
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PUDNEY & RUSSELL, Publishers,
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NEW PUBLICATIONS
READY THIS DAY,
by
D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.
SHAKESPEARE'S
LEGAL ACQUIREMENTS CONSIDERED.
By JOHN, Lord CAMPBELL, LL.D., F. R. S. E.,
In a Letter to J. Payne Collier, Esq., F. S. A.
1 vol., 12mo. Cloth. 75 cents.

Whether Shakespeare was a clerk in an attorney's office at Stratford before he joined the players in London—or, in other words, whether the author of "Macbeth" and "Hamlet" and "King Lear" was employed some years in engrossing deeds, serving writs and making out bills of costs—is a question which has been keenly agitated of late years among the restless fraternity of Shakespeare scholars, one of the most indefatigable of whom, Mr. Payne Collier, knowing Lord Campbell to be an enthusiastic admirer of the Master Dramatist, as well as one of the most eminent of British Jurists, peremptorily demanded his oracular opinion. Accordingly, we have here the results of an agreeable literary diversion, with which the author of the "Lives of the Chancellors" and the "Lives of the Chief-Justices" recreated himself during a long vacation, and drove from his refreshed mind all wearisome recollections of the wranglings of Westminster Hall. And, as might be supposed, the volume is as pleasant as the process by which it was made—like that, also, frequently as amusing as it is instructive.

Lord Campbell hopes for kindly critics, who may think it right to countenance any effort to bring about a fusion of "Law and Literature," which, like "Law and Equity," have too long been kept apart

Students of Shakespeare and students of the Law will genially join interests over this book.

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This little Manual of the Laws and Practice of Whist has been got up under the auspices of the famous Portland Club, London, and has generally been accepted as law upon the Game of Whist.
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WILL PRODUCE GLOSSY CURLS,
And preserve to the Hair
ITS NATURAL COLOR,
though one live to the age of three-score and ten.
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$12.000 WILL BUY THE NEW THREE-story and attic, high basement house No. 81 7th-av., finished with all modern improvements, has hot and cold water, and gas, even to the attic, three water closets, furnace, &c. Has been occupied by the owner but a few months. Inquire on the premises.

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Brooklyn Houses for sale, viz: Three of the eight new three-story brick houses on St. Felix st. just south of Fulton-av. Also, three of the ten new frame houses on Canton-st. just north of Fulton-av—all within a few steps of the cars and only a short distance from either the Wall-st. or Fulton Ferries. For style and beauty, and healthfulness of location, they are unsurpassed. Nassau water, gas, vestibule doors, &c. If applied for immediately they will be sold for $4,000 and $3,400, and on easy terms. Apply to WM. B. NICHOLS, (owner) No. 19 Nassau st., New-York, or on the premises.

FOR SALE—ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF LONG Island a slip on the Great South Bay, located in the vicinity of Messrs. T. D. Johnson & Bros., Matthew Morgan, Wilmerding, and others. A very desirable country owner, and is in all respects a gentleman's place, and near to the Pavilion. On the place are two cottage houses, place, containing 25 acres, beautifully situated, large fine house, large stable and carriage house, ice-house, piggery, hennery, barns, sheds, &c., built for the use and occupation of the in addition to the mansion. To a family looking for a residence upon the sea-shore this is highly recommended. Price and terms reasonable. For further particulars, &c., inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

600 LOTS IN BROOKLYN (LATE WILLIAMSBURGH) FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Situated between North 7th and North 13th sts., the East River and 5th-st., within a few minutes' walk of the Peck-slip, and the Grand and Houston-st. Ferries. The railroad from Brooklyn Ferry to Greenpoint passes through a portion of this property. A majority of the lots are beautifully situated on high ground, graded, and streets paved. To parties disposed to erect good buildings (and none other permitted on the high ground) the lots will be sold cheap; and cash loaned to the amount of one half the cost, if desired, and a mortgage taken for the price of lots, and money, payable at periods to suit. Also, 7 houses and lots, varying in price from $1,200 to $4,000. Apply to CHARLES FOWLER, corner North 9th and 4th sts., Brooklyn, or to SAMUEL J. HUNT, No. 112 4th-av., New-York.

FOR SALE.—TWO LOTS ON THE WEST SIDE of 3d-av., next adjoining the Bulls-head Bank. One plot on the southwest corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st., comprising three lots on the avenue and two lots on 26th-st. Five small frame houses and lots, adjoining the above plot on the south side of 26th st. One lot south side of 26th-st. 125 feet east of Lexington-av; one lot north side of 26th-st. 125 feet east of Lexington-av.; two lots north side of 25th-st., 84 feet west of 3d-av., next the Bulls head Bank. Terms easy. Apply to W. H. LUSH, No. 292 4th-av, near 23d st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE BROADWAY PROPERTY—By A. C. LOOMIS, No. 1,128 Broadway, near 26th-st.:

12 lots on Broadway, 33d and 34th sts.
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11 lots on Broadway and 67th st.
32 lots on Broadway, 6th and 69th sts and 9th-av.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT BRICK COTTAGE, situated in Penn-st., XIXth Ward, Brooklyn, 10 minutes walk from four ferries; near the cars and within 25 minutes of New-York; house contains twelve rooms and sub cellar: is new and replete with every modern convenience; location unsurpassed. Apply to S. S. BISHOP, No. 3 Chambers-st., H. PHILIPS, at the building, or JOHNSON & SPADER, lumber dealers, corner of Kent-av. and Hawes-st.

FOR SALE—THE FINELY FINISHED, FIRST-class 4-story, brown-stone house and lot, No. 17 East 32d-st. House built in 1857, and just put in complete order and ready for immediate occupancy. Lot 25x33, house 25x60; built in best manner, with every modern improvement and convenience. Will be sold low, as the owner moves into the country. For particulars apply on the premises, No. 17 East 32d-st., or to H. MASON, No. 23 Water-st.

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FOR SALE OR TO LET—A LARGE FIRST-class four-story high stoop brown stone house, 27 feet by 70, lot 106 feet deep, beautifully situated on Stuyvesant Park, and near St. George's church. The house is entirely new, and immediate possession can be given. Will be sold on reasonable and easy terms, or rented at a moderate price to a responsible tenant. For further particulars apply to RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1,129 Broadway.

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FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE, the 4 story brown-stone English-basement house No. 14 West 33d-st., between Broadway and 5th-av., newly painted and papered throughout, and in perfect order, with all the modern improvements. For cards of admission and terms, apply to BURRILL, DAVISON & BURRILL, No. 48 Wall-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

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JAMES D. FISH, No. 105 South-st.

BARGAIN, IF SOLD THIS MONTH—THREE-story frame house, 10 rooms, with attic, cellar and stable on rear; lot, 25 by 100 feet, all in good condition; neighborhood excellent; 20 minutes walk from Brooklyn Ferries. No. 30 Portland-av., north of Lafayette-av. Price, $3,800. Apply to JAMES E. WALKER, No. 114 Fulton st., New-York. Terms easy.

HOUSE FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story 25-feet front brown-stone house No. 109 West 22d-st., (north side,) second house east of Broadway, built in the very best manner, with portico doorway, stone balustrade and rail, sunken court-yard, and all the improvements. Apply on the premises, or to Z. JAQUES, No. 831 West 23d-st.

$11,000.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE three-story house and lot No. 103 2d-av., west side, between 6th and 7th sts., with all the modern improvements, and located in one of the best neighborhoods in the City; terms easy; possession immediately. Inquire of THOMAS DUGAN, No. 848 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AN ELEGANT 4-story, high stoop, stone front house, near 5th av.; value, $23,000; bond and mortgage, $11,000; equity $12,000, taken in a cottage, house, country-seat, or lots free, in New-York, Brooklyn, or vicinity. JOHN DEAN & CO., No. 11 Merchants' Exchange.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE, FURNISHED—The valuable three-story and basement brown-stone front house and lot No. 79 East 18th-st., beautifully situated between 4th-av. and Irving place. The house is 26x60 feet, in complete order throughout, and replete with all modern improvements; lot 25x98 feet 9 inches. Apply on the premises between 11 and 1 o'clock daily.

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FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT RAVENSWOOD and Astoria, L. I., several fine buildings, pleasantly located on and near the river, with gardens and every convenience for genteel families. One handsomely furnished. Apply to J. V. H. LAWRENCE, No. 327 Broadway. Also house property to exchange.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS, four-story, brown-stone front house, No. 139 West 34th-st. This house has been put in perfect order, with plate glass and painted throughout. Inquire of R. F. CARMAN, No. 1,0?8 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSE AND lot in Goerck-st., for cottage house, in Green Point; house must be good and pleasantly located, but not high-priced. Apply to J. H. DOUGHTY, Real Estate Agency, No. 153 Bowery, corner of Broome-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—THE TWO LOTS NOS. 12 AND 14 Pell-st., 122 feet west of the Bowery, well suited for buildings for mechanical purposes, will be sold low, for cash. Inquire of WILLIAM E. HAWES, 365 Canal st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY HOUSE AND lot No. 29 Lamartine place, 29th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; the house has Croton water to the third story, bath, gas, water-closets, speaking-tubes, &c. Apply on the premises, from 2 to 6 o'clock.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS THREE STORY and attic house, No. 306 East Broadway, (fronting the Square,) with all the modern improvements; full and complete. Apply to D. FIELD, No. 131 Broome-st.

FOR SALE—A VACANT LOT ON THE SOUTH side of 20th-st., near 9th-av., 20x90 feet. Also, one on 9th-av., near 20th st. Terms made to suit purchaser. Inquire of J. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A NEAT COTtage and four lots of ground, pleasantly situated in the town of Pelham, Westchester County, 17 miles from City Hall, accessible by New-Haven Railroad. It is well shaded, has a good carriage-house, with a Rockaway wagon, harness, sleigh, boat, &c.; convenient to churches, schools, stores and good fishing. Price for the whole $1,200. Inquire at No. 264 East Broadway.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE LEASE OF THE property known as Tammany Hotel, in the City of New-York opposite the Park, together with all the furniture, fixtures and stock in the Hotel, and the entire good will of the business. For full particulars, address Box No. 1,141, New-York Post-office, or apply on the premises to C. BROWN, Agent.

AT A DECIDED BARGAIN, AS THE owner intends going into the country. For sale, the first-class four-story English basement, stone house, No. 203 West 34th-st., beautifully situated, opposite the Blind Institution, a gem of finish and convenience; has extra stairs. Very little cash and very low. No bill on house. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 118 Allen-st. For further particulars, inquire on the premises.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE.

A half acre of land and double cottage-house, situated on the north bank of Shrewsbury River, N. J., adjoining Mount's Dock, and distant about two miles from the ocean. The situation commands a view of ocean, river and inland scenery. Price $3,300. Apply on the premises, or address WM. WRIGHT, Riceville, N. J., or JOHN WHITE, No. 101 Washington-st., Hoboken, N. J.

BANKS OF THE HUDSON RIVER.—FOR SALE—The very desirable farm and cottage residence on the west bank of the Hudson River, at Riverside, nearly opposite Hyde Park, three hours by railroad from New-York, from which it is distant about 80 miles, and also quite easy of access by steamboat and barge. The farm contains 240 acres, partly wooded, but mostly arable land. Upon the upper side of the road (Albany Post Road) is the main building, cottage style, piazza on two sides, containing 11 rooms, well divided and in good order. Also stone cottage, frame farm-house, barns, ice-house, and other outbuildings, two orchards of fine grafted fruit with profusion of small fruit, excellent vegetable garden plot, good well of water and a running brook near the cottage. The views from the house and from various points on the place are superb, embracing the Catskill Mountains and Mountain House, an unobstructed river sweep about 20 miles to the north, the whole of Dutchess County, with glimpses, in the distance, of the Green Mountains of Vermont and the hills of Massachusetts. There are three or four distinct and eligible building sites upon the property. The neighborhood is also extremely desirable, being in the vicinity of good schools and churches and of the country seats of Messrs. Herman Le Roy, Archibald Russell, John Jacob Astor, Robert Duane, Augustus Pell, the Rev. Dr. Taylor, and others. For additional particulars and terms apply to
JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DESIRABLE country residence at Pelham, Westchester County, N. Y., about 3¼ miles from Mount Vernon on the New-Haven Railroad. Williams Bridge, Pelham Bridge and Long Island Sound being within a convenient distance.

The situation is healthy, and churches, post-office, &c., are near by.

The farm consists of 104 acres of farming and gardening land, and a few acres of woodland; it extends to East Chester Creek, where there is a good dock, and a boat and bathing-house.

The house stands on high ground and is surrounded with shade, fruit and ornamental trees. The view from the lawn embraces the picturesque valley of East Chester Creek and the villages of Mount Vernon and Westchester.

The dwelling is of two stories, 40x40, with a kitchen on the rear and a piazza on two sides. The main house contains twelve rooms, and there are two over the kitchen.

Ice-house filled ready for use. The water is of superior quality, and it is introduced into the kitchen.

The out buildings are roomy and convenient.

For terms, apply to A. S. CASE & CO., 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A COUNTRY seat on the sea shore, at Rye, for sale on favorable terms; one of the most desirable Summer residences in this favorite town, situated on the Sound; land extending to the shore, which is distant only 200 feet from the dwelling; the dwelling stands on an eminence 75 feet above the water, and commands an uninterrupted view of the Sound for 20 miles. Being an elevated situation, on a clean rocky shore, it is one of the most healthy places in the State, and is never subject to mosquitoes or fever and ague; one hour's ride from the City by New Haven Railroad, and five minutes' ride from the Rye dépôt; ground completely graded, and many fruit and ornamental trees planted; walls and fences all new; house new and handsomely finished, with a large new stable, bath-house, &c.; situation for boating, fishing and bathing unsurpassed. The place was laid out, and the buildings erected for the present owner, who now offers the property for sale only in consequence of change of business, requiring him to be absent several years from the country. Address Box No. 4,616 Post-Office, New-York.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE LATE John J. Palmer, in Westchester, about 1½ miles from the Harlem Railroad station at Williams' Bridge, and within an hour's travel from the City. The cars run to Williams' Bridge station about ten times a day. There are 53 acres of land, large orchard, vegetable garden and flower garden. The house is 60 feet square, surrounded by a wide piazza, and contains 13 bedrooms, drawing-room, parlor, library, billiard-room, dairy, bath-room, kitchen, laundry, wine cellar, store-room, &c., &c.; hot and cold water on the first floor; and is situated on one of the highest points in Westchester County, commanding a fine view of Long Island Sound and the adjacent country. There are also a stone coach-house and stable, sheds, a gardener's cottage and ice-house, filled with ice from a pond on the premises. The house is well furnished throughout, which will be sold separately if desired. For terms, apply to HENRY PALMER, Executor, No. 35 Wall-st., rear building.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—ON THE WEST bank of the Passaic River, at North Belleville, N. J. Contains about 42 acres, 35 of which are in the highest state of cultivation; the balance fine woodland; large garden with plenty of excellent fruit; has a front on the river of near 1,000 feet, with an excellent dock. Buildings consist of a comfortable farm house, excellent barn, and convenient out-houses; two fine wells and a pond of spring water; situate in a fine grove of forest trees, on an elevation which can be used for water power, or ornamental purposes; orchard with 100 apple-trees, choice fruit, in good bearing order; plenty of plums, pears, and all small fruit. For further particulars apply on the premises, to L. DUNCAN, or to T. W. SATHERWAITHE, No. 61 William st. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN ELEGANT COUNtry residence at Tubby-Hook, on the banks of the Hudson River, 11 miles from the City Hall, and within 25 minutes from 31st-st. by the Hudson River Railroad. The house, which is just finished, is built of brick, in the most substantial manner, and contains 18 or 20 apartments, with all the modern improvements, including gas from the Harlem Company, stabling, carriage-house, dwelling for coachman, &c. The grounds, which are exceedingly beautiful, consist of 2½ acres, or, if desired, 4 acres, with water front, the whole having a splendid view of the Hudson River. Terms easy. Apply to JOSEPH THOMPSON, on the premises, or 48 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence, or exchange for City property. There are two acres of land, a part of which is covered with a fine locust grove. The house is in fine order, containing 10 rooms, beside basement and attic. There is a separate kitchen on building in the rear, carriage-house, sheds, &c.

The property is located on one of the plank roads on Long Island, about three miles from the ferries, with omnibuses passing hourly. To a gentleman doing business in the City, the situation offers fine advantages for a rural home.

For further particulars, inquire of JOHN FIRTH No. 547 Broadway, or A. P. CUMINGS, office of the New-York *Observer*, Park-row, New-York.

COUNTRY SEATS TO LET OR FOR SALE.—A neat two story cottage, containing 14 rooms, very prettily situated in the town of Westchester, on five acres of ground, or more if required, 14 miles from the City Hall. Location free from fevers and perfectly healthy. Also, a new two-story basement house, next adjoining the above, containing 11 rooms, beautifully situated on four acres or more of ground, with a coach-house, &c. Both places are surrounded with fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., and reached in about an hour by railroad, or by wagon or sloop, possibly by steamboat, and are next adjoining the subscriber's residence. Inquire of JAMES CONNER, No. 29 Beekman-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT CLIFTON, STATEN Island, for sale or to let, furnished or unfurnished. The house has been newly painted throughout, and is in perfect order, with every requisite for a large and respectable family, furnace, hot and cold water, bath-room, dumb-waiter, gas pipes, &c. It is situated on high, and healthy ground, well shaded with old forest trees, and commands fine views of the Bay and North River; is surrounded by 10 acres of lawn, meadow and woodland. The gardens are stocked with fruit trees in full bearing, strawberry and asparagus beds, &c. The out-buildings consist of coach and poultry house, cow-yard and shed, &c. Terms moderate. Apply to
C. ROBBINS, No. 12 Cliff-st.

FOR SALE—A FEW CHOICE VILLA SITES ON THE EAST RIVER—At Whitestone, L. I., only one hour from Wall-st.; communication almost hourly. One of the most desirable water fronts unoccupied in this region. Also for sale a farm of 45 acres of the best soil on Long Island, only half a mile from the railroad dépôt at Flushing. It has several fine building sites, and will be sold together or in plots of 1 to 10 acres. Also, for sale very low, a few choice building lots in the village of Flushing, five minutes' walk from the railroad dépôt. Apply at No. 107 Chambers-st., to D. S. WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME TWO-STORY GOTHIC cottage and large barn, in the City of Elizabeth, N. J. The house is new, having just been completed. The premises comprise about eight lots, within six minutes' walk of New-Jersey Railroad Station and one minute of Catharine-st. Station. The grounds are well laid out with fruit trees, evergreens, shrubbery, &c., with large garden. Apply to G. B. WHITTLESEY, No. 14 Wall-st., Room No. 43, or at his Land Office, opposite dépôt, Elizabeth, N. J.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT YONKERS—To lease, for sale, or exchange for City property. The large new four-story brick building, built for manufacturing purposes—a double horizontal steam engine of 60-horse power each, and locomotive boilers put in the building this Spring; 100 feet of dock in front of building, and near the Hudson River Railroad dépôt and steamboat landing. Apply to H. F. DEVOE, No. 330 West-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR FOR SALE—12 miles from Madison-square, on the Albany post road, 1¼ miles south of Yonkers, 1 mile from River-dale station; the house is large and new, with plenty of shade trees; four to five acres; a fine well of water; large carriage house; access by hack from Yonkers. Inquire of J. ODELL, near the premises, or at No. 7 Madison av.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—CONTAINing 40 acres, finely situated, shaded and wooded; building good, commanding a delightful view of the Sound and perfectly healthy; 1½ hours from the City, in Westchester County. Terms easy; price to suit the times. Inquire of RICHARD F. PURDY, No. 142 Bowery.

TO LET—A PLEASANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE, three minutes' walk from the Harlem Railroad dépôt at Brewster. The house is commodious and fully supplied with good new furniture. It has a garden and lawn of three acres, with a full and choice variety of fruit. For full particulars, apply to WM. HINTON, No. 343 4th-av.

HOUSES TO LET IN ASTORIA, L. I.—Rents from $150 to $300. Also, 4½ acres land for sale or lease, well calculated for a nursery man, adjoining Mr. Wm. C. Wilson's nursery and florist, in Astoria, on the Turnpike leading to Flushing. Apply to R. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria; or R. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR exchange for City or Brooklyn property—in perfect order, and everything a gentleman can require for a country residence—at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Apply to WM. H. BRIDGENS, No. 189 William-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—BEAUTIFUL VILLA SITES AT CATSKILL.—A piece of land in the village of Catskill, extending from the main road to the Hudson River, and containing about 23 acres. It can be so divided as to make two or three building sites of surpassing beauty. For extent of view and variety of scenery it can hardly be surpassed. Part of the land is in forest trees. There is a large variety of choice fruit, and the soil is of excellent quality. Upon the premises is a good farm house and out buildings. For further particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building, Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—NEAR MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A beautiful residence, ten minutes' drive from the dépôt, and convenient distance from church and school. The dwelling is a large stone building with every convenience. The grounds are ample and richly ornamented, comprising about seventeen acres, including large garden, well stocked; and beautiful lawn, with necessary out-buildings. Furniture will be let with the house. Apply to JACOB VANMATTA, Esq., Morristown, or to HENRY H. STATESBURY, No. 113 Chambers-st.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE SUBscriber, at Astoria, on the bank of the river, quite near the steamboat landing. The location is healthy. The house, which is partially furnished, will accommodate a large family. There is on the ground a variety of fine ornamental, and the choicest fruit trees in full bearing; hot-house stocked with plants, an ice-house filled, a laundry building, with sleeping apartments, and other requisite out buildings. The garden is large, and now prepared for seeding. A portion of the adjoining farming land would, if required, also be let. Apply to BYAM K. STEVENS, No. 195 Water-st.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY COTTAGE.—A NEAT, pleasant, cozy cottage-house and two acres of land, delightfully situated on the Bay within two miles of the Ferry, at Astoria. Grounds handsomely laid out, hedge fence, shrubbery, and fruit trees of the choicest kind, barn and carriage houses in good repair; first-class neighborhood; convenient and accessible by cars or boat. If applied for immediately, will be sold at a very low valuation, and on accommodating terms. Apply to W. S. DUKE, No. 1 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE AT PEEKSKILL—A BEAUTIFUL residence with 3 acres of ground, part of which is covered with a splendid grove of native forest trees; house two-story frame, filled in with brick, well built and in perfect order, size 34x36; contains 14 rooms, is handsomely situated, and commands an extensive view of the river and adjoining country; fine garden, and an abundance of fruits of different varieties. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A COTTAGE IN TREMONT, (late Central Morrisania) Westchester, N. Y., situated on Madison-av., between 11th and 12th sts., near the Town Hall, containing seven rooms, with four open fire-places, in complete repair; lot 100 feet by 120; well stocked with choice dwarf pears, cherries, grape vines, currants, &c.; only five minutes' walk from dépôt. Apply to SILAS D. GIFFORD, Lower Village.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET.—THE Pines, a healthy and romantic situation, five minutes' walk from the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Dépôt, South Norwalk. Fine prospect; nearly new two-story house, 10 rooms; ample grounds, trees and picturesque rocks. $100 for a year; $75 till November next. BENJAMIN H. COE, No. 1 University Building.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT AT YONKERS; 10 acres on Hudson River, commanding a magnificent view; on the premises is a new and elegant mansion, built in the best manner, having gas, hot and cold water throughout, two hot air furnaces, &c. The above will be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. H. BUCKMASTER, No. 112 Front-st., where further information may be obtained.

FOR SALE—HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY WITH a water front of 1,300 feet. The beautifully located property at Verplanck's Point, 40 miles from the City of New-York, containing 100 acres, including woodlands and pastures, unsurpassed for beauty of location by any property on the river. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st., No. 3 Metropolitan Bank.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIdence at Scarborough, between Sing Sing and Tarrytown, adjoining H. R. Remsen, Esq.'s, and Rev. Dr. Creighton's, on the Hudson River, being 10 acres, large house, ice-house, carriage-house, &c., all in complete order. Within five minutes walk of the dépôt. Inquire of GEO. McCORD, on the premises. Price $12,000.

TO LET—TWO COTTAGES, ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished; on the line of the Long Island Railroad, about 40 miles from New-York and 4 from Islip and the great South Bay, famed for its fine fishing; the situation is of undoubted healthfulness. Terms moderate. For particulars apply to T. D. PELTON, No. 167 Broadway, or HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANT FURNISHED COUNtry seat on the banks of the Hudson River, at Westborough—22 acres. Also, a furnished house and garden at Rockaway, near the Pavilion; also, an Italian villa at Yonkers; also, a large mansion and 20 acres at Flushing, and a large mansion and garden at Carthage, on the river. A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. 7 and 9 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR to be let, furnished, for a term of years, on the east bank of the Hudson, at Riverdale, two miles south of Yonkers, and in the immediate neighborhood of a Railroad station. There are eight daily railroad trains each way. Apply to the editor of the *Albion*, 16 Beekman-st.

STATEN ISLAND LAND WANTED—ONE to five acres on the east side, or near the line of the proposed railroad, a suitable site for a genteel residence such as would improve the adjoining property, in exchange for a house and lot in Brooklyn. Address Box No. 4,090, New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BEAUTIFUL SWISS Villa, furnished, with 105 acres of land. Situated 20 miles from Saratoga and 10 from Lake George, amidst the most romantic scenery. Will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms, as the owner is about to retire to Europe. Apply to J. LUATI, No. 31 East 24th-st.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL VILLA PLOTS FROM one to five acres each, on Fordham Hill, half a mile from the Railroad Dépôt, on reasonable terms. Apply to Dr. HORSFIELD, drug store, Fordham; JOHN BUSSING, Fordham; or A. B. TAPPEN, No. 271 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN THE CITY OF HARTFORD, Conn., the late residence of John H. Webb, deceased, known as No. 93 Morgan-st., a large and comfortable dwelling house, together with the adjoining grounds, 239 feet front and about 150 feet deep. Inquire of FRANCIS B. HALL, Hartford, Conn.

TO LET—IN SPRINGFIELD-STREET, SOUTH Melrose, a house, with 10 rooms, pantries and all conveniences, suitable for a respectable family; half an acre of ground, with currant-bushes, grapevines and fruit trees. For particulars, inquire either on the premises, or to R. HANNINGTON, No. 315 Pearl st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AT NEW-ROCHELLE.—A convenient two-story house with two acres of land, well stocked with a variety of fruit trees, &c. Apply to GEO. HAYWARD, Lithographer, No. 171 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT LONG BRANCH, N. J., furnished cottage and 5 acres of land, stable, and ice-house filled. Cottage has 12 rooms, piazza on all sides, fronting the ocean and next adjoining Howland's Hotel on the North. Apply to WM. DUMONT, 4 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A NEAT COTTAGE OF SEVEN rooms, at Nyack, N. Y., with a large garden and fruit yard, well stocked with choice varieties, ten minutes' walk from landing—$1,260. C. H. OLIVER, No. 51 Liberty-st.

A DESIRABLE PLACE AT WESTPORT, CONN., FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Good two-story dwelling house, and about 1½ acres of land. Possession can be had immediately. Apply to A. GRAY, Esq., near the premises.

FLUSHING, L. I.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—The cottage and any part of thirty-five acres, known as the "Wright Farm," five minutes' walk from the railroad dépôt. Apply at No. 76 William-st., second floor.

TO LET AT RYE—A FURNISHED COUNTRY residence, beautifully situated, or will be sold or exchanged. Inquire of H. P. WILSON, corner of Duane and Church sts., or E. F. RILE, Portchester.

FOR RENT—A COUNTRY HOUSE READY FURnished, conveniently and pleasantly situated at Northampton, Mass. For particulars, apply to E. S., Box No. 235 Northampton Post-office.

TO LET—COTTAGES WITH GARDENS, AT Astoria, L. I. Apply to H. L. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS STORE AND BASEment, in the large brown-stone front building No. 283 Hudson st., dimensions of each 25x90 with all the necessary gas and other fixtures requisite for a dry goods, mantilla, millinery, or fancy goods business. The store has been lately painted throughout, and is now in perfect order. The premises will be rented low to a good tenant, and immediate possession given. For further particulars apply to W. H. ROOME, No. 188 West 21st-st., from 8 to 10 A. M. and 2 to 6 P. M.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—TWO FOUR-STORY Philadelphia brick front English basement houses, 16 feet 8 inches by 55 feet deep; the houses are in perfect order and with all the modern improvements, bath, wash basins in every bedroom, speaking tubes and gas through the house, furnace with register in all the rooms, wash-trays, dumb waiter, &c.; situate Nos. 170 and 174 West 37th-st. Rent only $650 per annum to good tenants. Apply at No. 172 West 37th st., near 8th av., or to EDWARD D. JAMES, No. 4 Wall-st.

TO LEASE—THE UPPER PART OF THE FIVE story white marble building, No. 555 Broadway. The first loft is 200x25 feet. The others are divided into a front and rear building with an entrance both from Broadway and Mercer-st., and a hoistway on Mercer-st. It has been occupied for the last six years by Mr. Waterbury's Cabinet Furniture Ware-rooms. For further information apply to WM. TAYLOR, No. 555 Broadway, or to JOHN TAYLOR, No. 365 Broadway.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE SUPERB PRIvate residence No. 40 East 22d-st.; house 26x68 feet; four stories besides basement and under-cellar; finished in the best style and with every convenience for the use of the present occupant, who is about removing to the country. Apply to J. S. CALDWELL, No. 271 Broadway, room No. 18, (from 10 to 4) where cards of admission can be obtained.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK AND basement house No. 80 East 16th-st., opposite St. George's Church, with all the modern improvements, and a conservatory attached; neighborhood one of the best in the City. House may be seen between 10 and 12 A. M. Inquire of THOS. DUGAN, No. 848 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts.

TO GROCERS.—TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS store (just finished), No. 178 9th-av., with large windows and doors, having rolling iron shutters; store 80 feet deep. Connected with the store are large vaults under the sidewalk. Terms easy. Inquire of JAS. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av. Possession immediately.

TO LET—THE HANDSOME HIGH-STOOP, three-story brown-stone dwelling house on north side of 49th-st., between Broadway and 8th-st. The house is now finishing, will be ready for occupation 1st May. Contains all the modern improvements. Will be rented to a first-rate tenant at a moderate rate. Apply to S. C. BROWN, No. 94 Wall-st.

TO LET—FOR FOUR OR FIVE MONTHS FROM the 1st of May, a large double house, in good order, with stable, carriage-house, garden, and fine lawn, near the Hudson River, and about five miles north of Newburgh. Rent low to a good tenant. The property is known as the Weyman Homestead. Inquire at No. 373 4th-av.

TO LET—HOUSE AND STORE NO. 210 WILLIAM-st.; the store and basement is 100 feet by 22, with thirty bed rooms, occupied for seven years as a lager-bier saloon. House and store No. 204 William st; the second and third floors, 100 by 25 feet, with offices, &c., in house No. 193 Nassau st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 79 Nassau-st.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR sale, or will be rented for two years, with furniture. The house is three-story and basement, in perfect order, contains every convenience. Price of furniture, including glass, china, and a splendid piano-forte, $1,000. To be seen from 2 to 6 P. M., at No. 31 East 24th-st., one block from Madison-square.

TO LET—PART OF A FOUR-STORY, ENGLISH basement house, in first-rate order, in a desirable street and locality, at a rent ranging from $300 to $450. Kitchen accommodations. House has all modern improvements. Residents a private English family. References required. Possession before May 1. Apply at No. 170 West 26th-st.

TO LET—RENT REMARKABLY LOW. A PLAIN cottage immediately at the dépôt at Summit, N. J., on the Morris and Essex Railroad, only one hour from town. The house is small but new and very well arranged. A convenient Summer box for a small family. Apply to W. S. MILLEDOLER, No. 167 Broadway, 3d-story, front.

TO LET—CHEAP RENTS—$600—TWO FIRST-class 3 story, brown-stone front houses, with modern improvements, in 50th-st., near 8th-av.; cars very convenient. If not sold can be had for a longer time without increase of rent. Apply to J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 153 Bowery, corner Broome-st.

TO LET—AT HARLEM, ON 128TH-ST.—A NEAT cottage-house, eight rooms, gas, bath, range, hot and cold water; has four lots of ground and carriage-house attached; or would be sold on reasonable terms. Apply between 3 and 5 P. M., or address E. G. SHEPPARD, No. 55 Maiden-lane.

BEEKMAN AND SPRUCE STREETS.—TO lease, the desirable store No. 26 Beekman, extending through 185 feet to Spruce-st. Very suitable for grocery, hardware, paper, or any business requiring room. Apply to JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson-st., or at the building, from 12 to 1 o'clock.

SCHOOL-ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place, a suite of rooms well adapted for the purpose and occupied for the last six years by a first-class school. Offices to let in the same building, which are very desirable. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, in the Bible House, entrance on 4th-av.

TO LET AND THE FURNITURE FOR SALE.—The very desirable house for a small family, No. 169 Amity-st., opposite St. Clement's Church, with modern improvements. To a good tenant terms would be liberal, but the furniture must be sold. Apply on the premises from 9 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET—THE FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 286 West 22d-st., complete, with all modern improvements; is a neat, comfortable and genteel residence for a private family. Rent moderate. Apply to
S. G. WALKER, No. 75 Liberty-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—NOS. 21 AND 23 Front-st., near Fulton Ferry, two three story high basement sub-cellar houses, with range, gas and fixtures, both in good order; would be let low to good tenants. Apply to JOHN ROSS, No. 48 8th-av., New-York, or FOSTER & LOPER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 132 Monroe-st., near Rutger-place, convenient to East Broadway stages. House in complete order, with gas on four floors. Bath-room, hot and cold water, &c., and a very desirable down-town residence. For terms, apply to D. T. COON, No. 209 Water st.

TO LET—THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS house No. 463 Broome-st., near and west of Broadway, containing 14 rooms, with all the modern improvements, suitable for a boarding house. Would be let for business purposes. Situation cannot be surpassed. Apply at No. 489 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE LARGE FOUR-story brown-stone-front house, No. 114 Pineapple-st., corner of Fulton, containing thirty rooms; suitable for a first class boarding house. It is in first-rate order, with the water, gas, &c. For terms, which will be low, apply to C. HADDEN, No. 24 Remsen-st.

TO BANKS, BANKERS AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.—No. 151 Nassau-st., *Times* Building, next to the *Times* Office, to lease for six years from the 1st of May. Nassau-st front. Rent $3,000. A fine place for banking and insurance business Inquire of W. H. WILLIAMS, on the premises.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR AND LARGE BASEment kitchen of a first-class brown-stone front house, with all modern improvements in an unexceptionable location; to a small family, rent $300; furnished, if required, at a reasonable rent. Apply on the premises, No. 189 East 18th-st., near 2d-av.

TO LET—A FINE LARGE ROOM NO. 467 BROOME-st., corner of Greene-st., suitable for a piano-forte warehouse, billiards, &c. Apply to R. F. HARRIOT, No. 486 Broadway, corner of Broome-st., from 10 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 3 P. M.; or to P. LODEWICK, on the premises.

TO LET—THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS modern built four-story and basement house, No. 62 Hammond-st., with the stable in the rear on Perry st. The house will be let separately if required. Rent, $1,000. May be seen from 12 to 2.

TO LET—THE BRICK BUILDING, STORE AND lofts, No. 41 Harrison-st. Superior location for provision or commission business. Apply to WHITE & VAN VLIET, at the malt house on the corner of Bethune and West sts.

TO RENT FURNISHED FOR SIX MONTHS, or partly furnished by the year, a neat three-story brick house, modern improvements, well calculated for a small family. For particulars, inquire at No. 90 East 27th-st.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 235 WEST EIGHTEENTH-st.; a cottage, with all the modern improvements; 38 feet wide, with fine garden in front of 40 feet; will be let for one or a term of years, at a reasonable rent. Inquire at Office No. 237, between the hours of 10 and 2.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE THREE HIGH stoop brick houses, three-story and basement, with all the modern improvements. Nos. 163, 165 and 167 East 39th-st. Rent $650. For further particulars, apply to ASH & NICHOLLS, No. 183 William-st.

TO LET—IN ONE OF THE FINEST AND choicest locations, a three-story and basement high-stoop house; also, a part of a house; has all the modern improvements; situated on 51st-st., Mansfield-place, near 8th av. Inquire of No. 12, on the premises.

TO LET FOR $475.—SUITABLE FOR A boarding house or two families, the dwelling part of a house in the Bowery above 3d-st., to responsible parties. Apply to J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 153 Bowery, corner of Broome-st., Real Estate Agency.

TO LET—TWO SMALL, BROWN-STONE, ENGlish basement houses, Nos. 191½ and 196 East 20th st., containing every convenience for small families. Rent $600. Apply to THOS. MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

TO LET OR LEASE—COMMODIOUS HOUSE No. 42 Clinton place, corner University-place, covering the entire lot, and adapted for a first-class boarding-house. Can be seen from 2 to 4 daily. Apply to J. H. BROWER & CO., No. 45 South-st.

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VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.—The heirs of J. J. Baldwin, deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises, one of the most desirable Farms in the State of New-Jersey, in a healthy neighborhood, one mile from the city of Elizabeth, on the Newark Road.

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The land is high, and of the best quality, and will be sold either as a whole or in lots of five or ten acres each to suit purchaser. Terms of sale will be liberal. Part of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. If not sold on the day above-mentioned the house and garden will be to let on the 1st of May for the ensuing year. For further information inquire of EDWARD A. BALDWIN, No. 11 Maiden-lane, JOSEPH A. HALSEY, President Mechanics' Bank, Newark, or of Dr. L. W. OAKLEY, of Elizabeth.

N. B. If the day named should prove stormy the sale will take place the next fair day.

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TERMS—Board and Tuition in the English Branches, $250 per annum, payable quarterly in advance. Music with use of Piano, from $50 to $80 per annum. French, $20 per annum.

The scholastic year consists of 44 weeks. Next term commences May 5.

WHITE PLAINS GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—THOS. C. O. REILLY, late of Sing Sing, having leased the commodious mansion of Alexander C. Tompkins, in the healthy village of White Plains, will continue to prepare a limited number of pupils for college or commercial pursuits. Terms moderate; no extra charge for Languages; tuition thorough and accurate; comfortable rooms and good board. Circulars may be obtained at Stephen Paul & Co.'s, No. 215 Fulton st., or by addressing THOS. C. O. REILLY, Principal. Summer term opens May 2, 1859.

BLOOMFIELD INSTITUTE.—THE REV. E SEYMOUR, Principal. This Boarding School, situated at Bloomfield, N. J., within one hour's ride of New-York by railroad, will commence its 25th Term on Monday, May 2, and continue five months. All the arrangements of the School are ordered to constitute a happy family and pleasant home. Experienced teachers are employed in all the departments, and special attention is paid to religious instruction. Circulars may be obtained of R. HOE & CO., No. 31 Gold-st., H. SEYMOUR, No. 83 Beekman-st., New-York, or of the Principal.

NORWICH COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The Summer term of this classical and scientific boarding school for boys, opens on the 1st Wednesday in May. The location is one of the pleasantest in New-England, and the educational advantages are of the first order. For circulars, address the Principal, the Rev. J. A. Saxton, Norwich, Connecticut, or apply to N. Lane & Co., Stationers, No. 69 Wall-st., New-York, or at T. J. Crowen's Bookstore, No. 699 Broadway.

THE HOME INSTITUTE.—A SELECT BOARDING School for Boys, Easton, Fairfield County, Conn., will commence its Summer Session of twenty-two weeks, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of May next. Reference is permitted to the following gentlemen of New-York, present and former patrons: the Rev. D. C. Van Norman, No. 79 East 14th-st.; the Rev. Wm. P. Corbit, No. 57 Greene-st.; Wilson G. Hunt & Co., No. 30 Park-place; Mr. Samuel Cantrell, No. 813 Broadway; Mr. Wm. H. Earle, No. 6 Liberty-place.
RUFUS H. WHEELER, Principal.

SELECT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT SOUTH WILLIAMSTOWN, BERKSHIRE CO., MASS.—(Established in 1842.) Summer Term of twenty-one weeks will commence WEDNESDAY, May 4. The location is healthy and pleasant. Number of pupils limited to thirty. Circulars can be obtained of A. S. Barnes & Burr, No. 51 John-st., and of S. A. Rollo & Co., No. 29 Park-row; also, by addressing the Principal,
BENJ. F. MILLS.

THE VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES—Boarding and Day—Will be removed on the 1st of May next to Nos. 3 and 5 West 38th-st., Murray Hill. These houses—in process of completion expressly for the school—will be warmed by means of hot-water furnaces, and contain a large, airy gymnasium, for calisthenic exercises. For plan of educating, &c., apply for a prospectus. The Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN, A. M., Principal, No. 79 East 14th-st.

FAIR-HAVEN SEMINARY.—THOS. G. SLOAN, PRINCIPAL.—This school is pleasantly situated in Fair-Haven, within one mile of New Haven, Conn. Number of boarding scholars limited to 15 boys of about 12 years of age, who will be treated in all respects as members of the Principal's family. Next term begins Wednesday, May 3. Circulars at Shephard's, No. 152 Fulton-st.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE, L. I.—A FAMily school for young ladies controlled by purely home influences. Refinement in manner and sentiment is cultivated not less than those branches which are comprised in sound and accomplished education. Circulars at Williams, Stevens & Williams, No. 353 Broadway. Visits are made in 20 minutes by boat *Matiano*, Beekman-st., at 9, 1 and 4 daily.

HAMILTON MILITARY AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—The Summer term commences Monday, May 2. Principal, General M. J. LOCKWOOD; Professor H. Hinde, First Assistant. For catalogue, apply to the Principal, White Plains; Henry Robinson & Co., No. 343 Broadway; Wm. S. Vanderbilt, No. 408 Broadway, and C. E. Detmold, Esq., Trinity Buildings, Broadway.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—NINE MILES from Hoboken, and two from Hackensack.—At Little Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. This school is situated on a large farm. The location is healthy. Board, tuition, washing, &c., $130 per year. No extras. Next term commences May 2. Pupils received any time. For circulars, with patrons as references, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—NO. 90 Orange-st., corner of Henry, Brooklyn. Mrs. INGHAM will be prepared to admit boarders, as well as day pupils, to this institution, April 25. It will be difficult for parents to find a pleasanter or more healthy location for their daughters to spend the Summer term than Brooklyn Heights. Apply for circulars at the Seminary.

ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES, NO. 920 BROADWAY.—F. MARTINELLI, Principal. Instruction given in French, German, Spanish, Italian, Latin, Greek, Hebrew and English. Ladies' classes from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gentlemen's classes from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. Terms, in classes, $10 per quarter. For circulars and further information apply to F. MARTINELLI.

MISS BULKLEY'S SEMINARY, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—Miss JANE R. BULKLEY, late of Rutgers Female Institute, Principal. The Summer session of this boarding and day school will commence on MONDAY, May 2d. Circulars may be obtained at C. Scribner's, No. 124 Grand-st.; A. D. F. Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway, and at Rayner's No. 76 Bowery.

WEST JERSEY ACADEMY, BRIDGETON, N. J.—DAVID THOMPSON, A. M., Principal. Session begins May 4. Send for a catalogue. Refer to the Rev. J. K. Campbell New-York; the Hon Theo. Frelinghuysen, LL. D., New-Brunswick, N. J.; the Hon. Wm. Bigler, U. S. Senator, Penn.; Professor M. E. Curwen, Cincinnati, Ohio.

NEW-YORK ACADEMY FOR YOUNG LADIES—No. 472 Broadway, M. Y. BEAN, Principal. The Summer term will commence April 25. Tuition for a thorough English Course, from $5 to $11 per term. Painting, in oil or water colors, $5; Drawing, $2; Modern Languages, $5 each. Pupils desiring a partial course will be charged proportionally.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—$120 A YEAR pays board and tuition in common English. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Superior advantages for French, Painting and Piano Music. Excellence and economy the motto. Term opens April 15. Write for a catalogue. Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

MRS. NODINE'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES KINGSTON, N. Y.—The 17th semi-annual session commences May 10. The location is beautiful and healthy. The facilities for acquiring a thorough education are unsurpassed. Terms $100 per session. Circulars to be had at the American School Institute, No. 346 Broadway, New-York; or of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. NODINE, Principals.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—With unrivaled facilities for physical education, and seven fully educated professors, besides competent female assistants in the solid and ornamental departments, commences its next semi-annual session, April 7. Principals—The Rev. C. V. SPEAR, and the Rev. J. R. BOYD.

SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR MISSES.—Number limited to six; age from 6 to 13 years; board and tuition; branches $150 per year; term opens April 18. Address Miss MARIA CAMPBELL, proprietor, Argyle, Washington County, New-York.

$32 50 PER QUARTER.—ASHLAND INSTITUTE AND MUSICAL ACADEMY, CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Both sexes. Summer term, May 4. H. J. FOX, A. M., Ashland, Greene Co., N. Y. Appointments for interviews may be addressed, Prof. MURPHY, Dey-st. House.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The 43d Semi-annual Session will commence WEDNESDAY, May 4. Circulars can be obtained of S. P. York, Esq., No. 57 Liberty-st., and of W. W. Rose, Esq., No. 86 Cedar-st. Also, by applying to the Principal.
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 20 East 31st-st., James Weir Mason. New term begins Feb. 7, but pupils received at any time. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at CARTER'S bookstore, or at the School.

FRENCH AND SPANISH LESSONS.—AN accomplished lady would like to teach the above languages in some strictly respectable families or Seminary. The most respectable reference given. Address ALHAMBRA, either Madison-square, Union-square or the General Post-office.

$115, $115, $115, $115.
FORT PLAIN SEMINARY,
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Board and tuition per year, $115. Principal, BANNISTER, can be seen or reached by letter at No. 52 Dey-st., for a few days.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.—The Summer session will begin on MONDAY, April 18. A few vacancies to be filled yet. Catalogues containing full particulars are to be had at the bookstore of Messrs. B WESTERMANN & CO., No. 290 Broadway, New York.
REID & HOFFMANN.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE—A select family school for boys, Amherst, Mass. Established 1846. Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness. 7 hours from New-York; 4 from Boston. Summer session of 20 weeks commences May 4. H. C. NASH, A. M., Principal.

HEMPSTEAD INSTITUTE.—LOCATION 20 miles east of Brooklyn, 4 from the South Bay, and proverbial for healthfulness. The next session will commence May 10. Circulars in Brooklyn at the Atlantic Bank; in New-York, at S. A. Rollo's, No. 29 Park row.
E. HINDS, A. M., Principal.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.—ONE OF the Principals of the Elm Park School for Boys, Litchfield, Conn., can be consulted daily during the week, between 11 and 1, at the office of R. A. WATKINSON, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st., or will call upon any persons who will send their address to that place.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL AT WILTON, CONN.—The school is easy of access and location healthy. The pupils are under the immediate care of the Principal. Terms from $100 to $140 per year. For full particulars, address the Principal.
AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LEXington-av., corner 3?th-st. Instruction thorough, discipline efficient. Experimental lectures, with apparatus, to illustrate Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. Terms moderate.

INSTRUCTION.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL, NORWALK, CONN.—Next term commences May 1. Terms moderate. Location unsurpassed. Circulars sent and inquiries answered on application to the Principal.
C. H. WHEELER.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT STAMford, Conn., Z. B. NICHOLS Principal. The Summer Term commences May 1. Charges moderate. For Circulars, containing particulars, address the principal.

WANTED—SIX MISSES, FROM SEVEN TO THIRteen years of age. Board and tuition $140 per year. Address Mrs. D. D. OWEN, Preceptress, Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

A YOUNG LADY FULLY QUALIFIED TO teach the rudiments of Music, desires a few pupils from 8 to 12 years of age. Terms moderate. Address MUSIC, Box No. 154 *Times* Office.

BOARDING-SCHOOL AT SOUTH NORWALK, CT.—The Summer term commences May 2. Circulars containing all necessary information may be had by addressing the Principal, J. BENEDICT.

A FEW PRIVATE PUPILS WANTED.—Terms very moderate. Address YALE GRADUATE, Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

FINANCIAL.

CONDITION
OF
THE MECHANICS' BANK OF MISSOURI
AND BRANCHES.
MOTHER BANK AT ST. LOUIS, AND BRANCHES AT WESTON AND WARSAW,
On Dec. 31, 1858.

ASSETS.		
Bills discounted		$452,735 30
Exchange maturing		649,394 84
State Bonds		43,000 00
Bank Stock		6,100 00
Real Estate and Fixtures		8,959 99
Suspended Debt, (Good,)		5,200 00
Cash Means, viz.:		
Exchange matured	$43,019 82	
Notes of Missouri Banks	206,265 00	
Gold Coin	364,918 87	—$614,203 69
Total		$1,789,503 82
LIABILITIES.		
Capital Stock paid in		$534,950 00
Deposits by individuals	$328,863 77	
Deposits by Banks	80,083 01	— 408,946 78
Circulation		798,000 00
Unclaimed Dividend		765 00
Profit and Loss		46,842 04
Total		$1,789,504 82
Profit and Loss as above		$46,842 04
Deduct Dividend No. 2		23 000 00
Leaves Profit and Loss, or Surplus Fund		$23,842 04

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 1, 1859. J. W. WILLS, Cashier.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND NO. 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK,
GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of
FRANCE, BELGIUM, ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN, SPAIN, GERMANY,
IRELAND, PORTUGAL, RUSSIA,
HOLLAND, SWITZERLAND, SWEDEN,
ALSO ON
ATHENS, CONSTANTINOPLE, ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO, BEYROUT, JERUSALEM,
&c., &c.
BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bill, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

LANSING, BALDWIN & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
AND SUCCESSORS TO LIVINGSTON, WELLS & CO.
No. 8 Place de la Bourse, Paris,
issue Bills of Exchange at three and sixty days' sight on Paris and London.
Also, letters of credit available in all the cities of Europe. Office in New-York
H. S. LANSING & CO., No. 72 Broadway.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,
NO. 33 WALL-STREET,
Buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

JOHN B. MURRAY & CO.,
GENERAL BANKING, DISCOUNT AND COLLECTION HOUSE,
No. 40 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK CITY.
Orders from correspondents executed promptly.

AUGUST BELMONT,
BANKER,
NO. 76 BEAVER-ST.,
issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

OFFICE OF ST. NICHOLAS INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 10 Merchants Exchange and 14th-st., corner 8th-av., April 14, 1859.—At an annual election for Directors of this Company was held on Tuesday, April 12, 1859. The following named gentlemen now constitute the Board of Directors, viz:

CHARLES B. WHITE,
WILLIAM WINSLOW,
WILLIAM MOIR,
WM. J. BRISLEY,
JAS. A. STEVENS,
JOHN C. DIMMICK,
ROBT. McLAUGHLIN,
JOHN A. CLUSSMAN,
WARREN B SAGE,
JEDEDIAH MILLER,
HENRY DUBOIS,
RICHARD KELLY,
WM. W. CORNELL,
S. N. JONES,
D. S. JARVIS,
GILBERT OAKLEY,
ISAAC HENDRIX,
ANDREW WARD,
DANIEL J. TENNY,
JAMES McGAY,
CHARLES KNOUSE,
ISRAEL MINOR,
WM. A. WHEELER,
THOS. J. COLEMAN,
JAMES B. OAKLEY.

And at a meeting held April 13, WM. WINSLOW was unanimously reelected President for the ensuing year.
WM. S. SLOCUM, Secretary.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK.—NEW-YORK, APRIL 8, 1859.—At the annual election, held 5th inst., the following-named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year, viz:

ANDREW V. STOUT,
ASA G. TRASK,
ALEXIS BRAGG,
BENJ. F. CAMP,
L. C. DEWING,
B. F. BEEKMAN,
THOS. L. RUSHMORE.
JOHN HARPER,
J. D. INGERSOLL,
WM. A. BUDD,
O. H. SHEPARD.
JOSIAH OAKES,
WM. KENT,
JOSEPH SELIGMAN,
JULIEN L. ALLIEN.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, A. V. STOUT, Esq., was reelected President, and JOHN HARPER, Esq., Vice-President—both unanimously.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVE notice of our intention to associate and form an incorporated Company, agreeably to an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of Insurance Companies," passed June 25, 1853, for the purpose of making insurance on dwelling-houses, stores, and all kinds of buildings, and upon household furniture, merchandize, and other property, against loss or damage by fire, and the risks of inland navigation and transportation, such Company to be known by the name or style of "The Mount Vernon Fire Insurance Company," and to be located in the City of New-York.

GEORGE T. PLUME,
WILLIAM MONTROSS,
WILLIAM M. PECK,
JOHN T. GILCHRIST,
N. W. BURTIS,
JAS. MONTGOMERY, JR.,
J. D. W. HOOK,
J. T. WILSON,
WILLIAM H. LEE,
JOHN J. WALLIS,
JOHN N. HAYWARD,
JAMES C. BELL,
L. UNDERHILL,
ISAAC M. MILBANK,
A. H. WALLIS,
JAMES DEMAREST,
M. S. WICKWARE,
R. C. CROCHERON,
ISAAC LABAGH,
MAHLON VAIL,
SAMUEL WESTCOTT,
WILLIAM H. MORRELL,
A. G. CRANE,
JEHIAL READ,
FREDERICK A. COE.

NEW-YORK, March 16, 1859. mh18-1aw6wF*

OFFICE OF THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF 1859.—NEW-YORK, March 21, 1859.—This Company having been organized under its charter, is prepared to issue stock to all parties entitled to it under the compromise arrangement adopted at the meeting of creditors and bondholders held Sept. 19, 1857. All claims and coupons for which stock is to be issued, should be presented as above at the Office No. 54 William-st., on or before the 1st of May next. The Company will also redeem at maturity, at the same place, the interest coupons due April 1 and Aug. 1, 1859, upon all bonds of the former Great Western Railroad Company, the back coupons of which shall have been surrendered and stock accepted therefor, in accordance with the compromise and the act of incorporation of this Company.

CORPORATORS.
J. N. A. GRISWOLD, WM. A. WHITE,
LEROY M. WILEY, JAS. DUNLAP,
JAS. L. LAMB.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.—TREASURER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 25, 1859.—The Stockholders of this Corporation are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year will be held on WEDNESDAY, April 27, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of the Company, in the City of Toledo, Ohio.
WM. WALCOTT, Secretary pro tem.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN Election for six Directors of the American, Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, from 12 to 2 o'clock P. M. JOHN P. YELVERTON, President.
ISAAC C. LEA, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1859.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SHIP CANAL COMPANY—No. 3 Bowling-green, April 14, 1859.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, JOHN E. BODY, Esq., was unanimously elected Secretary of this Company, in the place of Isaac C. Lea, Esq.
JOHN P. YELVERTON, President.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY—No. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 4, 1859.—A Semi-annual Dividend of Ten Per Cent. has been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors. A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

OFFICE FULTON FIRE INSURANCE CO., NO. 40 WALL-STREET.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Ten Per Cent., payable on demand.
JAMES M. RANKIN, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, April 12, 1859.

$125,000 WANTED—FOR A TERM OF years on valuable improved property; security ample. Apply to JERVIS' Information Exchange, No. 229 Broadway.

CHATHAM BANK—NEW-YORK, APRIL 7, 1859.—on and after MONDAY next, 11th inst., the business of this Bank will be transacted at their new location, No. 192 Broadway, corner of John-st.
O. H SCHREINER, Cashier.

WANTED—SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY Railroad Bonds, (1st mortgage, due 1864;) also, Fayette County, Kentucky, and Clark County, Virginia, Bonds. JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

WILLIAM HOGE & CO., BANKERS—NO. 40 Wall-st. Bills on London, Liverpool and California for sale.

BILLS £1 UPWARDS ON UNION BANK, London, and Royal Bank of Ireland, for sale by WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 82 Broadway.

CHICAGO GAS-LIGHT STOCK, AND Jackson Michigan Gas-light Stock, for sale by JOHN B. MURRAY & CO., No. 40 Wall-st.

$500 WANTED—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, on machinery, for a short time. Address WILLIAMS, Box No. 108 *Times* Office.

SHIPPING.

GREAT REDUCTION—THE VANDERBILT EUROPEAN LINE OF UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
VANDERBILT..Capt. E. P. LEFEVRE | OCEAN QUEEN,
NORTH STAR..Capt. A. G. JONES, | ARIEL,
Will form a FORTNIGHTLY line between NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON and HAVRE, under MAIL CONTRACT, leaving this side each alternate Saturday, and the other side each alternate Wednesday, viz.:

	FROM NEW-YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.	FROM HAVRE AND SOUTHAMPTON FOR NEW-YORK.
VANDERBILT	Saturday, April 23	Wednesday, May 11
NORTH STAR	Saturday, May 7	Wednesday, May 25
ARIEL	Saturday, May 21	Wednesday, June 8
VANDERBILT	Saturday, June 4	Wednesday, June 22

These steamships have water-tight compartments.
Carry able surgeons. No steerage.
PRICE OF PASSAGE—EITHER WAY THE SAME.
Per VANDERBILT—1st Cabin, $120 and $100; 2d Cabin, $60 and $50—according to location of state rooms.
Per NORTH STAR and ARIEL—1st Cabin, $80; 2d Cabin, $50.
CERTIFICATES issued of passage from Europe.
Specie delivered in London and Paris.
D. TORRANCE, No. 5 Bowling Green, New-York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,
Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, April 30, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach st.

The ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage, should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below."

Price of Passage in second-cabin $75 and $60.
For Freight or Passage apply to
W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.
N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail May 28.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
First extreme clipper to sail.
ROSS, FALCONER & CO.'S LINE FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
The extreme clipper ship
VIKING,
WINSOR, Master,
Is now receiving last of her cargo at Pier No. 19 East River. The last passage of the *Viking* was 108 days.
Apply to ROSS, FALCONER & CO.,
No. 46 Pine-st., corner William.
Agents at San Francisco, Messrs. ROSS, DEMPSTER & CO.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP NEW-YORK,
H. J. VON SANTEN, Commander,
Carrying the U. S. Mail.
Will sail, positively,
SATURDAY, April 16, at 12 M.,
For BREMEN, via SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers for
London, Havre, Southampton, and Bremen,
at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE LIVERPOOL PACKETS.—The subscribers continue to grant Certificates of Passage to or from Liverpool by their favorite line of packets comprising in part the following ships, viz.:
WM. TAPSCOTT, EMERALD ISLE, ALBION,
DREADNOUGHT, MIDDLESEX, VICTORY,
BENJ. ADAMS, CONSTELLATION, JOHN J. BOYD,
WEST POINT, PHOENIX, SWITZERLAND,
UNDERWRITER, SHAMROCK, CAMBRIA,
making, with others, a ship every five days.
The subscribers are also agents for
THE X LINE OF LONDON PACKETS AND GLASGOW LINE OF STEAMERS,
for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.
REMITTANCES TO IRELAND, &c.
T & CO. also continue to issue drafts, payable on demand, throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
Circulars, with full particulars, may be had on application (if by letter inclose postage stamp) to
Send or call for circular. TAPSCOTT & CO.,
No. 86 South st., New-York.
TAPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard; red on port bow.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 30.
NIAGARA, Anderson, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 6.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, April 13.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 20.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, April 27.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 4.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 11.
NIAGARA, Anderson, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 18.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 25.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones, or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—The United States Mail steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, will leave on SATURDAY, 16th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 13, North River. She will arrive at Norfolk the next afternoon, and at City Point the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA.—THE British and North American Royal Mail Steamship KARNAK, Captain A. BROWNLESS, will sail from the Company's dock, at Jersey City, for the above ports after the arrival of Steamship AFRICA, (which leaves Liverpool 16th April,) probably 29th April.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	60
Passage money between Nassau and Havana	15

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—STEAMSHIP LEBANON, T. COOK, Commander. This new and powerful steamer will sail from the British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on THURSDAY, April 21. Passage money, for first class passengers only, for whom there are excellent accommodations, $75, including Provisions, but without Wines or Liquors, which can be obtained on board. Freight taken at reasonable rates. Apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and first-class steamship HUNTSVILLE, JNO. A. POST, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12, North River, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 4 o'clock P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15; through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $33; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also, to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates. Insurance ½ per cent. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON AND THE WEST.—The steamers of the New-York and Baltimore Steamship Line leave Pier No. 12, N. R., for Baltimore, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, making the passage in forty hours. Freight to Baltimore, 6 cents per foot; to Washington, 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates. Insurance ½ per cent. For through rates to the West, covering insurance risk, apply at B. & O. R. R. Co.'s office, No. 229 Broadway. Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—STEAMSHIP JURA, E. R. MOODIE, Commander. This new and powerful steamer will sail from the British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on THURSDAY, May 5. Passage money for first class passengers only, for whom there are excellent accommodations, $100, including provisions, but without wines or liquors, which can be obtained on board. Freight taken at reasonable rates. Apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling green.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS—STEAMSHIP QUAKER CITY—This well-known and fast steamship, R. W. SHUFELDT, Commander, will sail for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, April 27, 1859, at 12 o'clock. For freight or passage apply to HARGOUS & BROTHER, No. 33 South st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions, and extra pay procured.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—FOR ALL parts of the world, furnished by the undersigned. Adopted citizens must produce their certificate of naturalization. CHARLES HOLT, Notary Public, No. 19 Wall-

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

CAUTION TO DEALERS IN ELASTIC FABRICS CONTAINING THREADS OR SHEETS OF VULCANIZED RUBBER.—The undersigned gives notice that he holds an absolute conveyance from Charles Goodyear of the exclusive right to use vulcanized rubber prepared according to said Goodyear's patent of June 15, 1844, in all elastic fabrics the elasticity of which is due to the shirring or corrugating the sheets or threads of such fabrics, and in all woven, braided, cemented or sewed fabrics, or such as are or can be covered or protected on one or both sides with substances other than rubber, and in all smooth, elastic shirred goods; and also to make and sell India-rubber threads of vulcanized rubber, and all threads or sheets of rubber which are or can be made or finished by union with or to be covered by fibrous substances. And he hereby gives notice that he is ready to supply the trade with all fabrics at reasonable rates, and has a full stock now in store.

His attention has been called to an advertisement signed by William Judson, in which said Judson claims to be the owner of the right to import and sell such goods.

The undersigned is satisfied that this pretence on the part of said Judson is a fraud upon the public, and is made for the purpose of injuring his business. Said Judson has never exhibited his pretended titles to any Court, or to the public, and he does not afford the undersigned any opportunity of commencing any suit against him in order to test these titles. Charles Goodyear could not give any valid titles to said Judson, or to any one else, after the titles he had conveyed to the undersigned. The question decided by Judge Ingersoll, in New-York, upon a preliminary motion and partial presentation of the case, was not decisive of the merits of the title of the undersigned, and the card published by said Judson shows that the Court was imposed upon by a pretended title in a third party, which said Judson now claims to have been in himself for the last six years.

The undersigned therefore cautions all dealers in articles of the above descriptions, containing vulcanized rubber, that no such goods can be lawfully sold in this country without his license and stamp, and that he shall prosecute, to the extent of the law, all persons infringing upon his said rights. Orders solicited, and rights to use guaranteed, by HORACE H. DAY,
No. 23 Cortlandt st., New-York.

SHOW CASES.—HOFFMAN & FERSCH'S SHOW case warerooms, No. 44 Chatham st., near the City Hall. A general assortment of Show Cases kept constantly on hand. Old cases taken in exchange.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS FOR THE NORTH, SOUTH, East or West, should buy, before starting, APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. Price 25 cents. The clear manner in which the through-route maps are delineated enables the traveler to see at a glance how he shall travel. He will save many a dollar by procuring a copy.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Wednesday, April 6, 1859, Trains will leave 26th-st. Station, New-York, as follows:
7.45 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
8.50 A. M. Mail Train for Albany.
9.30 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
11 30 A. M. for White Plains.
2.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.
4 P. M. for Dover Plains.
5 P. M. for White Plains.
6.15 P. M. for White Plains, from White and Centre sts.
8.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE
5 A. M. from White Plains.
5.30 A. M. from Dover Plains.
6.40 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
7 A. M. from White Plains.
8.45 A. M. Mail Train from Albany.
9.30 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
1 P. M. from Williams Bridge.
3 P. M. from White Plains.
5 P. M. from Williams Bridge.
WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, April 4, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz:—Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3 30 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st., via Piermont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester and Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing March 10, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 and 12 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:40 and 12 M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 o'clock.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM APRIL 4, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Albany Mail Train 11 A. M.; for Poughkeepsie 7 A. M. and 1:30 and 3:15 P. M.; for Dobbs' Ferry, 10 and 11:45 A. M. and 4 and 10:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing 6:45 P. M.; for Peekskill 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Dobbs' Ferry Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 and 8:30 A. M., and 3:45 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sundays at 6 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR THE SOUTH AND WEST.—Change of hours. The Express Mail Train for Cincinnati and the West and for Baltimore, Washington, New-Orleans, &c., will be changed on the 11th of April, 1859, leaving Cortlandt-st., New-York, from 8 A. M. to 7 A. M.

☞ The 8 A. M. Philadelphia train only will be changed to 9 A. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M., and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON-Market Wharf, by steamer ENOCH DEAN, 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M.; 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:45, 8 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M., exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Fare 25 cents. WM. N. SMITH, Receiver.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—MARCH 1, 1859. Trains going East leave South Ferry, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. for Greenport; 4 P. M. for Syosset; Hempstead 10 A. M., 4 and 5.30 P. M.; 6.30 P. M. for Jamaica; on Saturdays only at 3.30 P. M. for Yaphank.
A. E. PALMER, Agent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—FARE 50 CENTS—FROM Peck-slip, E. R. The steamer BRIDGEPORT, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven, Hartford and Springfield Railroad. Freight taken.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Commencing on SATURDAY, April 2, 1859. The new and splendid steamer METAMORA will leave Pier rom foot of Jay-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M., making the usual landings.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY—STEAMER ARMENIA every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from foot of Harrison st., at 7 o'clock A. M.

STOCK OF THE PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMBOATS—From $2,000 to $5,000 for sale. A line addressed to Box No. 1,314 Post-office, stating price that will be paid will receive attention.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF AN APPLICATION FOR THE discharge of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article, fifth chapter, title first, of the second part of the Revised Statutes. DANIEL SPENCER, of the city of Albany, insolvent, individually and as one of the firm of CARMICHAEL & SPENCER. Notice first published Feb. 10, 1859. Creditors to appear before the Hon. IRA HARRIS, Justice of the Supreme Court, at his chambers, in the city of Albany, on the 26th day of April, 1859, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.
WEED KINGSLEY, Att'y, for Insolvent,
10f-1aw10wF Albany, N. Y.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JACOB LICHTENBERG, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of her attorney, P. J. Joachimssen, No. 118 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of October next.—Dated NEW-YORK, March 31, 1859.
CAROLINE LICHTENBERG, Executrix, &c., of
ap1-1aw6mF* Jacob Lichtenberg, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RICHARD C. VALENTINE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of SIDNEY D. ROBERTS, No. 172 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of May next.—Dated, New-York, Oct. 28, 1858.
SIDNEY D. ROBERTS, Administrator.
ELIZABETH VALENTINE, Administratrix.
o29-1aw6mF*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN G. COLLINS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of WILLIAM COLLINS, No. 41 Wooster-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of September next. Dated, NEW-YORK, the 3d day of March, 1859.
JOHN FINLEY, } Executors.
mh4-1aw-6mF* WILLIAM COLLINS, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against DANIEL HUGHES, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his residence No. 179 Varick-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of October next.—Dated, New-York, April 6, 1859.
ap8-1aw6mF* JOHN HUGHES, Administrator.

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 197 Greenwich-st., corner Fulton.

Capital	$200 000
Surplus over	100,000

At an election held on the 12th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors of this Company for the ensuing year:
C. V. B. Ostrander, D. R. Martin, Ward. A. Work,
Levi Apgar, Wm. Hustace, S. S. Bowman,
Joseph S. Barker, Benj. S. Taylor, E. Beadleston,
Gordon W. Burnham, Ely Hoppock, J. W. Brown,
Moses A. Hoppock, Israel Minor, Nathan'l Weed,
Barrett H. Van Anken, J. Robins, C. D. Van Wagenen,
Henry A. Kerr, David Magie, Crowel Adams.
At a subsequent meeting of the Board, C. V. B. Ostrander was unanimously reelected President for the ensuing year. J. L. DOUGLAS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, April 12, 1859.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned in behalf of the School Officers of the XIIIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, April 20, at 12 o'clock, noon, for doing the mason work, carpenter work, and painting necessary for the erection and completion of a new Primary School house on Broome st., between Clinton and Suffolk sts., in said Ward, and also for Heating and ventilating the same, according to plans and specifications on file, and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No 94 Crosby st. Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposals for Mason Work," "Proposals for Carpenter Work," "Proposals for Painting," and "Proposals for Heating and Ventilating." Two responsible and approved sureties will be required from each contractor.

The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
A. H. BRUMMELL,
GEORGE W. THURBER,
GEORGE G. HALLOCK, } Committee.
L. WITHINGTON,
HENRY BAUSHER.

COAL.

CUMBERLAND COAL.

The Cumberland Coal and Iron Company is prepared to contract with consumers and dealers for a supply of their superior qualities of Lump, run of the mine, and fine coals for steam and manufacturing purposes.

For steamers and locomotive engines, the coal from their "Astor Mine" has an established reputation of superiority over any other now in the market.

The coal will be shipped in the best order from the Company's wharves at Alexandria, Va., and Baltimore, Md. When requested, the Company will take up vessels free of charge.

The Company are daily receiving and will have a supply of fresh mined coal at all times afloat in this port.
Office No. 90 Broadway, corner of Wall-st.

MUSICAL.

ALEXANDRE ORGANS,
For Drawing-rooms, Churches, Chapels and Schools.
SOLE MEDAL OF HONOR AT THE UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION OF 1855.
This magnificent instrument, which the brilliant performances of
VILANOVA,
THALBERG,
MLLE. WELLIS,
have rendered as popular in America as in Europe, has been adopted by the greatest artists and composers of both Continents—Gottschalk, Liszt, Rossini, Meyerbeer, &c., &c.
Prices at the Dépôt, No. 51 Dey-st.,
$45, $50, $165, $130, $250, $300, $320, $375, $400.
A descriptive circular sent to any address on application to
BERNARD & FABREGUETTES, Jr.
No. 51 Dey-st.
Importers of Busson's Accordeons, Violin Strings, &c.
JUST PUBLISHED:
A complete Instructor for the Alexandre Organ.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.
ALSO FOR SALE,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges,
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.
STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly-invented OVERSTRUNG GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the best musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, TH. HAGEN, (Ed. of the *Musical Review*,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, H. C. TIMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. SAAR, and many others.
STEINWAY & SONS,
Manufacturers, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., N. Y.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
First-class PIANOS, fully warranted, plain or richly carved, at LOWEST PRICES.
PIANOS and MELODEONS to LET, or sold on installments. J. M. PELTON, 241 and 843 Broadway, N. Y.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS AND MELODEONS—New and second-hand, by Chickering, Gilbert, Hallet, Davis & Co., Prince & Co., and Mason & Hamlin, in plain and carved cases, for sale at great bargains, or for rent, with rent applied if purchased. Rosewood Pianos for $100; Rosewood Melodeons for $25; Piano Stools, new style, $2 50. Sheet Music and Music Books at wholesale and retail. S. T. GORDON, No. 706 Broadway, near 4th-st., and No. 409 Broadway, near Lispenard-st.; and G. B. DEMAREST, No. 409 Broadway.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New-York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS, NO. 421 Broome-st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated piano-fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch Wrest Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

PIANO-FORTES AT AUCTION PRICES—In consequence of removal to our new warerooms, No. 856 Broadway, below 14th-st., in a few days. 1 7-octave, rosewood, nearly new at $185; 1 7-octave at $165; 1 6½-octave, nearly new, at $150 and 1 6-octave at $60. All great bargains. J. & C. FISCHER, No. 325 Broadway.

ALBERT WEBER, MANUFACTURER, No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st., will sell a large assortment of his celebrated piano-fortes at very great bargains. Second-hand piano-fortes taken in exchange at their full value. A call is respectfully solicited.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte Manufacturers; wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

T. H. CHAMBERS—SUPERIOR PIANOS, Bible House, Astor-place. An unlimited warrantee given with every instrument of his own manufacture Second-hand Pianos from $50 upwards.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, 209 Centre st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for 3 years.

WANTED.—A CONTRALTO OF AN ESTABLISHed reputation desires a situation in a quartette choir in this City, Episcopal Church preferred. References of the highest order. Address STELLA Box 191 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND UPRIGHT COTtage Piano forte, or will exchange for a melodeon. Can be seen at Hardman's manufactory No. 233 West 26th-st. For further information, apply to A. BARNARD, No. 134 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE—A GREAT SACRIFICE—TWO BEAUtiful mirrors, stands with marble-tops not soiled. Price $65 each. Also, a first-rate rosewood 7 octave piano-forte. Price $150. 160 East 21st-st., near 2d-av.

A BASS SINGER DESIRES A SITUATION in this City or Brooklyn. An interview may be obtained by addressing B. S., Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

121. IRON WAREHOUSE. 121.
SAMPSONS & BALDWIN,
NO. 121 GREENWICH-ST.,
Have in store and offer for sale a full assortment of Swedes and Hammered Iron.
Refined and English Iron.
Band, Scroll and Hoop Iron.
Oval, Half-oval, and Half-round Iron.
Angle and T Iron; Wrought Iron Beams.
Horse Shoe Iron, Peru, Stitts and B B H.
Horse Nails Rods, T V F and other good Brands.
Plow, Spring, Tire, Cast and German Steel.

HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS.
A CARD HAVING BEEN ISSUED
TO THE PUBLIC
By parties who frankly confess that they do not pay me for my invention, I avail myself of this opportunity to advertise the names of those who do. The following persons, only, are licensed under my patents in this City:
George R. Jackson & Co.
J. B. & W. W. Cornell & Co.
S. B. Althause & Co.
Ingalls & Case.
Theodore Hyatt.
The law is, that a person who purchases or uses a patented article is equally liable for infringement with the maker of it. The "makers" having fairly notified the "users" of their intention not to pay, the "users" have only themselves to blame if I collect my tariff of them—as I shall certainly do. THADDEUS HYATT.
NEW-YORK, January, 1859.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
GEORGE R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard-st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm-st.,
New-York,
Manufacturers of iron railings of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen in the *Times* Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College-place.
United States Custom-houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office, New-York.

IRON GARDEN ORNAMENTS.
JANES, BEEBE & CO.,
No. 356 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
In addition to their usual variety, are constantly producing new articles of adornment for Gardens, Lawns, Court-yards, and Public Parks.
FOUNTAINS—From $25 to $2,500.
VASES,
Over 30 different patterns and sizes, from $2 to $100.
SETTEES and CHAIRS of all the various patterns.
LIONS—Colossal, Life-size, and in Miniature, standing and reposing.
DEER—Three different patterns.
DOGS—Eleven different patterns.
WILD BOARS, FOXES, EAGLES, LAMBS, &c.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES SENT BY MAIL.
JANES, BEEBE & CO.,
No. 356 Broadway, New-York.

LEONARD & JACKSON'S
"PATENT LIGHTS."
A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
Having been creditably informed that persons have on one or more occasions endeavored to injure our business by false and malicious statements to the effect that the vault light which we manufacture and sell is an infringement of letters patent granted to Mr. Thaddeus Hyatt, we hereby notify those persons to desist from such defamatory statements, as we shall hold them personally responsible for damages.
Letters patent for the vault light which we are manufacturing was granted June 29, 1858, and, should it be questioned, we are fully prepared to defend our rights in the premises, and to show that we are not infringing upon the rights of Mr. Hyatt or any one else.
JACKSON & THROCKMORTON,
Architectural and Nautical Iron Works,
Nos. 55 to 67 Goerck-st., New-York.

CAST-IRON FLOWER-VASES FOR GARDENS AND CEMETERIES—From patterns equal to the finest Italian. A large assortment for sale, by BARTLETT & LESLIE, Nos. 380 and 426 Broadway, New-York.

RUSSIA SHEET IRON.—500 PACKS RUSSIA Sheet Iron, assorted numbers, for sale in lots to suit purchasers, at very low prices. ALEX. A. THOMSON, No 215 Water-st.

TELEGRAPH WIRE—BEST QUALITY.—ALL kinds for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SON'S SHOVELS AND SPADES—For sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

GAS PIPE SALE.—CLOSING OUT STOCK.—A large assortment cheap for cash. FINKLE & LYON, No. 421 Broadway.

NICKEL.—BEST SWEDISH FREE FROM ARsenic, imported direct by C. E. HABICHT, No. 80 Beaver-st.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT, COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality—none better in market. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO visit the chief attraction of the City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

THE GREAT DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING; No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Now visited by crowds of citizens and strangers.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GAZZANIGA—MISS PHILLIPS.
THIS (Friday) EVENING, April 15, at 8,
The THIRD and LAST NIGHT BUT ONE of
THE GAZZANIGA NIGHTS.
LUCREZIA BORGIA.
Mad. GAZZANIGA, Miss PHILLIPS,
FLORENZA, TAMARO.
The sale of seats commences this morning at the Academy, C. BREUSING'S, No 701 Broadway, and at the stationery store of ROOT, ANTHONY & CO., No. 16 Nassau-st., corner of Pine.
On SATURDAY, April 16, at 1 P. M.,
GRAND GAZZANIGA MATINEE.
IL TROVATORE.
GAZZANIGA, Miss PHILLIPS.
FLORENZA, TAMARO.
For the convenience of the ladies, tickets for the Matinee ($1 each) may be had at the following places:
Academy of Music, C. Breusing's,
Root, Anthony & Co., Astor House,
No. 16 Nassau-st, Everett House,
St. Nicholas Hotel, Prescott House,
Union-place Hotel, Clarendon,
Lafarge House, Nunns & Clark's,
Hall & Son's, Broadway, Christern's bookstore,
Scharfenberg & Luis.
BROOKLYN.
Ross's bookstore, 14 Atlantic-st, Prox's. 213 Fulton-st.
Tickets will likewise be for sale at the
ENTRANCE DOOR OF THE ACADEMY,
for which especial purpose
FOUR ADDITIONAL TICKET OFFICES
will be opened.
The doors will be opened at 12½; the Matinee will commence at 1 precisely. The entre'acts will be of short duration, so that visitors from the country may be in time for the railroads and steamboats.
THERE WILL BE NO RESERVED SEATS.

[illegible]
(Late BURTON'S) under the Lafarge [illegible]
MANAGER [illegible] Mr. F. B. CONWAY
Doors open at seven o'clock. Commence at 7½ o'clock, precisely.
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS,
and
SECOND WEEK
of the eminent Artiste,
MISS DAVENPORT.
Second night of the new and thrilling drama,
MESALLIANCE;
Or, FAITH AND FALSEHOOD.
The Management, while studiously avoiding any undue or grandiloquent announcements, would respectfully submit the following distribution of characters for public approval, as being one of most unusual excellence.
FRIDAY, April 15, 1859,
Will be presented, with new scenery, dresses, general appointments, &c., the new and startling drama, in five acts, entitled
MESALLIANCE;
OR, FAITH AND FALSEHOOD.
Leonee Arnauld, a portrait painter's daughter, afterwards Viscountess D'Orby..........Miss Davenport
Countess D Orby, noble de noblesse...Mrs. F. B. Conway
Louisa..........Miss Miller
Count D'Orby, a reckless nobleman.....Mr. W. Reynolds
Ferdinand Viscount D'Orby, a younger brother,
Mr. Charles B. Hill
His first appearance.
Marquis de Brevaunes..........Mr. C. Fisher
Master Goodwill, notary of Angouleme, a rarity, an honest man..........Mr. G. Farren
His first appearance.
Finesse, his clerk and adviser........Mr. F. B. Conway
Magistrate..........Mr. W. H. Maddocks
Doctor..........Mr. Blake
D'Auville, keeper of the prison..........Mr. H. Howard
Jean..........Mr. T. Baker
Joseph..........Mr. Shaw
Keeper of the Prison..........Mr. Cunningham
Masqueraders, &c.
The incidental music, under the direction of Mr. E. Mollenhauer.
ACT 1—The Mesalliance.
ACT 2—The Masked Ball—The Plot.
ACT 3—The Prison of the Magdalenes—Virtue Triumphant.
ACT 4—The Brothers—Cain and Abel—The Drugged Cup—Lawyer's Clerk.
ACT 5—The Lunatico Enquirendo.
To conclude with the famous Comedietta, called
TO OBLIGE BENSON.
Mr. Benson, a barrister..........Mr. George Farren
Mr. Trotter Southdown, his friend..........Mr. Dawson
Mr. John Meredith, a pupil of Benson's..Mr. W. Reynolds
Mrs. Benson..........Miss Miller
Mrs. Trotter Southdown..........Mrs. W. H. Smith
SATURDAY, MESALLIANCE.
Monday, April 18, First Benefit of Miss Davenport.
Box Office open at 8 A. M. and during the day.

Orchestra Seats	$1
Balcony Chairs	75 cents
Parquet, Parquet Circle and Dress Circle	50 cents
Family Circle	25 cents

Seats secured without extra charge.
Treasurer..........Mr. W. A. ARNOLD.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
No. 585 Broadway.
F. WIDDOWS et C. SAGE..........Directeurs
18EME SOIREE D'ABONNEMENT.
SAMEDI, 16 AVRIL, 1859.
Mlle. L. CHEVALIER Mlle. EUGENIE SEN.
Premiere representation de
LA GRACE DE DIEU.
Drama vaudeville en 5 actes de MM. D'Ennery et G. Lemoine, representée pour la premiere fois à Paris, sur le Theatre de la Gaité, le 16 Janvier, 1841, et traduite pour Opera Italien sous le titre de
LINDA DE CHAMOUNIX.
Mlle. Laurence Chevalier remplira le rôle de ....Maria
Mlle. Eugenie Sen celui de..........Chonchon
Les autres rôles seront jouées par MM. Bertrand, G. Sage, Tallot, Edgard, Thiery, Léon, Charles, Emile, Miles. Pauline Dupont, Alex. Daire, Alice, Tallot, Louise.
Choristes hommes et femmes engagés specialement pour cette piece.
COSTUMES NOUVEAUX par M. PHILIPPE.
1ère acte—Depart de Marie.
2ème acte—Marie à Paris.
Reconnaissance entre Maria, Chonchon et Pierrot.
3ème acte—Marie dans les salons de la Marquise de Sivry.
4ème acte—La folie.
5ème acte—Retour de Marie au pays.
Pour plus de details voir les Programmes.
AVIS.—Les souscripteurs dont l'abonnément est expiré, sont priés, s'ils désirent renouveler, d'en donner connaissance au contrôle.
Les portes ouvriront à 7 heures moins un quart. On commencera à 8 heures moins un quart, très précise.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
144TH
AND POSITIVELY
THE LAST NIGHT
THIS SEASON
Of the highly laughable and eccentric Comedy of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN
To conclude with selections from the popular farce of
JENNY LIND.
NOTICE.
The Theatre
WILL BE CLOSED
ON
SATURDAY, April 16,
For a Dress Rehearsal of
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
Which will be produced on
MONDAY, April 18,
In a style of great splendor.
The box book will be open on
SATURDAY, April 16,
for the sale of reserved seats for the ensuing week.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¼ o'clock precisely.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
GREAT SENSATION
CAUSED BY THE REVIVAL OF
THE RENT DAY.
Monday and Wednesday the Theatre crowded to the ceiling. It
WILL BE REPEATED
TO-NIGHT, (Friday,) April 15,
AND
SATURDAY, April 16,
with the highly popular musical Farce of
THE REVIEW.
Notice.—THE SCHOLAR will be repeated next week. THE STRANGER MERCHANT OF VENICE and DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN, &c., &c., will be given previous to
MR. WALLACK'S
retirement for this season.

NATIONAL THEATRE.
Lessee...Thomas C. Steers | Stage Manager..G. L. Aiken
THIS EVENING, April 15.
To commence with the Drama of the
WANDERING JEW,
OR THE DESTRUCTION OF JERUSALEM.
To be followed by the Drama of
GASPARDO, THE GONDOLIER;
OR, THE THREE BANISHED MEN OF MILAN.
To conclude with the HAPPY MAN.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessees..........Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, April 15
The performances will commence with HANDSOME JACK
After which OTHELLO.
To be succeeded by MASQUERADE SCENE from FAUST.
After which THE FOUR LOVERS.
To conclude with THERESE; or, THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA

DODWORTH'S ROOMS.
MISS VICTORIA RANDOLPH
Has the honor to announce that she will give her
FIRST READING
At Dodworth's Rooms, No. 806 Broadway, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 15, 1859. She will be assisted by the popular elocutionist, J. B. BROWN, in scenes from the "Love Chase," "Fazio," "Henry VIII.," &c.
Tickets 50 cents, may be had at the hotels, music stores of HALL & SONS, and HORACE WATERS, CROWEN'S bookstore, and at the door. Doors open at 7½ o'clock, to commence at 8 o'clock.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
No. 561 and 563 Broadway,
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
ELEGANCE AND REFINEMENT.
SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style.
To conclude with (second week) the ever-popular and laughable farce of
THE STATUE LOVER.
Doors open at 6¾; to commence at 7¾ o'clock.
Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years 13 cents.
NOTICE.—On SATURDAY NEXT, a GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE, commencing at 2½ o'clock.

THE INTERNATIONAL ART INSTITUTION,
No. 691 Broadway.
THE FINEST EXHIBITION
ever opened in New-York of the works of the greatest artists of Berlin, Dusseldorf, Munich and Dresden.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.
Season tickets for two months, $1.
Open from 10 in the morning until 10 in the evening.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.—THAT WHOLLY ORIGINAL COMIC DRAMA, OUR IRISH COUSIN, Written by H. J. Conway, Esq., expressly for this establishment, and received on every occasion with THE MOST ENTHUSIASTIC DELIGHT, and to be repeated by the NEW AND BRILLIANT COMPANY this EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Besides which, in the AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, two pieces, viz.: THE LOST SON and THE LIMERICK BOY. The Aquaria, Happy Family, Picture Gallery, &c., &c., all here yet. Admittance, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents; Parquette seats 13 cents extra.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-fourth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy, consisting of upwards of eight hundred Original Works, by living artists, never before exhibited by the Academy, is now open daily, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the galleries in 10th-st., near Broadway.
Admission 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Cor. Secretary, N. A.

GUARDIANS OF THE YOUNG DO NOT miss the Grand AFTERNOON performance to be given by WOOD'S MINSTRELS on SATURDAY, April 16, commencing at 2 o'clock. Fun! fun! fun!

THE SICKLES TRIAL.

[*Continued from First Page.*]

started from their eyes and poured in unbidden streams down their cheeks. Mr. Sickles was so utterly exhausted and overcome that his physical powers failed him, and he was unable to rise. Assisted by Mr. E. B. Hart and Mr. Isaac Bell, he was conducted to an ante-room, sobbing frightfully, the while, and weeping like a child. It was the most affecting scene I ever witnessed, and will be remembered when time shall have dried the tears that will be shed over the grave of many a spectator.

In the course of a few minutes, Mr. Sickles was brought back into the Court-room, and the racking agitation appeared to have comparatively subsided. The cross-examination of the witness was proceeded with, Mr. Carlisle taking the place of the District-Attorney in putting the questions for the prosecution. This cross-examination was quite interesting, from the fact that the counsel endeavored, by substituting his phraseology for that of the witness, in framing his questions—that is, by employing for the word frenzy the word grief, to entrap the witness into an admission that Mr. Sickles' state of mind was simply one of profound grief. These ingenious attempts were parried with wonderful readiness and self-possession, and actually resulted in making Mr. Walker's testimony stronger than it would have been had he not been cross-examined at all. The report of the cross-examination, as already forwarded to you in the general report, is pretty full, and will show the force of my remark.

Leaving this, there are some topics not immediately connected with the case, which may not be deemed undeserving of mention.

To-day, for the first time since the trial began, Key's immediate family connections appeared in Court. Mr. Pendleton, his brother-in-law, was present during the day. He and Key's brother have been registered as arriving at the National Hotel this evening. By the way, Mr. Pendleton's name recalls a statement made to me to-night, which involves, to some extent, the question as to the judiciousness of certain proceedings on the part of the prosecuting counsel. When, yesterday, it was offered to show the intimate relations that existed not only between Key and Sickles, but their families, by proving that a few weeks before Key's death, he and his sister, Mrs. Pendleton, were among the guests at a dinner party, given by Mr. and Mrs. Sickles, one of the Government counsel objected strenuously, and dwelt with great pathos on the additional distress which would be inflicted on Key's surviving relatives by again dragging them before the public gaze. Mr. Brady repudiated any such intention, and declared both for himself and Mr. Sickles, the most profound sympathy for them. But then, say Mr. Sickles' friends, is this prisoner not entitled to some acknowledgment for his consideration in having, in the first place, intentionally omitted to call Mrs. Pendleton herself, to prove the fact of her and her brother being Mr. Sickles' guests? To this, however, there is the counter-query, how far would the defence have been injured by Mrs. Pendleton's cross-examination.

On looking over the manuscript of Mrs. Sickles' confession yesterday, written by herself on the night preceding Key's death, I was extremely struck by the beauty of the handwriting, and its clearness and firmness. The orthography is perfect, and the whole document, in its mere external features, bears the impress of a mind perfectly collected and a hand unshaken by emotion.

The witness, Bridget Duffy, who was on the stand to-day when the Court adjourned, gives her testimony with marked precision. She is not only an intelligent but a well educated woman—most unusually so for one of her class in life.

The arguments of Mr. Brady and of Mr. Graham to-day in support of the offer of Mrs. Sickles' statement in evidence, were characterized by much ability and force. As the question now stands, the admissibility of the document appears unquestionable. It is to be seen how far Mr. Carlisle will be able to change the impression now prevalent, and whether he can succeed in sustaining his objection to the introduction of the paper as evidence to show the condition of Mr. Sickles' mind by showing the nature of the cause by which that condition was produced.

INTERESTING FROM PARAGUAY.

Arrival of the U. S. Commissioner at the Capital.

Judge Bowlin's Address and the Reply of Lopez.

Progress of Negotiations—Prospects of Adjustment—Naval Movements.

By the arrival of the *Margaret and Eliza* and the *Anna Wellington* from Buenos Ayres we are in possession of our correspondence and exchanges from that port to the 21st of February. We have an interesting account of the reception of Commissioner Bowlin by President Lopez, and of the speeches made on the occasion.

The commanders of both vessels confirm the report of the settlement of the Paraguay difficulty, but are without particulars.

The *Menai* steamer had brought to Montevideo, on the 8th of February, news of the arrival at Asuncion of the U. S. steamer *Fulton*, with U. S. Commissioner Bowlin and Com. Shubrick on board, and as they had been allowed to ascend the river without opposition, it was supposed the American question had been, as previously reported, amicably settled.

The steamers *Harriet Lane* and *Water Witch* brigs *Bainbridge* and *Perry*, were all at Corrientes. The United States ship *Preble*, storeship *Supply*, bark *Release*; steamers *Southern Star*, *Atalanta*, *Westernport* and *Memphis*, were on their way up the river. The United States ship *Falmouth* was at Buenos Ayres, with Commodore Forrest on board. The frigates *Sabine* and *St. Lawrence* were at Montevideo. Several of their officers and about one-half of their crews had been drafted on board the vessels bound up the river—all well. A marine was drowned from the *Fulton*, on her way up the river.

Mr. R. B. Forbes had gone on an excursion up the Uruguay in the little steamer *Alpha*, which was brought out from Boston on the deck of the brig *Nankin*—his yacht *Edith* also in company.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Buenos Ayres, Thursday, Feb. 10.

At last, after more than a month's absence from here, we have news of the arrival of Commissioner Bowlin at the city of Asuncion, the capital of the Republic of Paraguay.

When the *Fulton* arrived opposite to the fortress of Humaita, the engines were stopped, and a boat sent on shore with an officer, to inform the commander of the fortress that the destination of the steamer was Asuncion, and that the American Special Commissioner and Admiral were on board. He answered that the President of Paraguay was awaiting them, and that there was no doubt of a peaceable arrangement. As the steamer came in sight the guns of the batteries on shore were manned by men "as thick as Chinese," on view of which the steamer beat to quarters also. After this short interview, the *Fulton* pursued her way, finding no impediments in her course, and none of the so-much-talked-of chains across the river for which so much money has been paid by Lopez.

On arriving at Asuncion, the batteries of the *Fulton* were of course silent, but the Captain was sent on shore to the American Consul, who returned on board with him, and shortly thereafter the Commissioner, Secretary, and Admiral, went on shore with the Consul, and took up their residence at his house, where they still remained at the last accounts.

On the 26th of January, Judge Bowlin was officially received by President Lopez, and delivered his credentials. Lopez was accompanied by a full staff, and the Commissioner, in addition to his suite, by Admiral Shubrick and nine of his officers in full uniform. Lopez stood during the whole interview, and was *uncovered*, holding his famous hat, feathers and all, under his arm. He was pleased with the interview, and desired early negotiations, which were commenced on the following day, the 27th ult.

The remarks made by both parties on the occasion are as follows. Judge Bowlin said:

"As the Special Commissioner of the Government of the United States of America, I have the honor to present to your Excellency the letter of credence with which I have been charged, accompanied with full powers to settle and adjust all the difficulties which now so unhappily exist between the two Republics.

In doing this I avail myself of the opportunity to reassure your Excellency of the very anxious desire of the Government and people of the United States to cultivate with your Excellency's Government and people the most intimate commercial relations, based upon the only enduring foundation of mutual respect, friendship and esteem. This is what the Government of the United States has sought, and still seeks from the young and vigorous Republic of the South; friendly relations and a liberal commercial intercourse, which shall be mutually beneficial to both, without derogating from either.

And without arrogating to herself a position which the world will not readily accord, she deemed she had a right to tender to a sister Republic, who, like herself, had thrown off a foreign yoke, and was struggling to give supremacy to free principles, the bond of friendship, and, with it, the blessings of a mutual commerce, and the benign influence of free association and example.

Hence so soon as the Government of Paraguay had laid aside her exclusive system of policy, and had inaugurated a more liberal and enlightened one, under your Excellency's administration, the Government of the United States pressed forward to welcome her into the family of nations, and by scientific explorations to demonstrate the capacity of her great rivers for commercial intercourse with the world, and thus embrace in her own wide-spread commerce, including every sea and navigable stream, that of Paraguay. This was sought, not for exclusive or selfish advantage, but for a mutual benefit—for the blessings of commerce are never exclusive, but reciprocally redound to the prosperity and glory of all its participants.

The friendly disposition manifested by the United States towards the South American Republics, is not a mere profession gotten up to suit the occasion, but is a fact founded upon noble and generous acts, which had their origin at the date of their revolution and have long since passed into history. It should never be forgotten by the Republics of Spanish origin, that at the very dawn of their revolutionary struggle, when the Cabinets of Europe were freely discussing the question of aiding Spain in subduing her revolted colonies, the United States boldly and fearlessly entered her solemn protest against the unholy act, staking the whole power of the Republic to prevent it—and it was prevented. It should also be borne in mind that the United States were the first to recognize the independence of these Republics, and welcome them into the sisterhood of nations. She therefore feels entitled by such antecedents, as well as from her present position, to expect from one and all of them, that justice, which the sincerity of her desire to reëstablish friendly relations with Paraguay, leads her confidently to hope will be readily accorded.

And in conclusion, I again repeat that I reflect the sentiments of my Government, in reassuring your Excellency of her ardent desire to settle all these difficulties amicably, and reëstablish the relations of the two Governments on the enduring basis of mutual friendship and respect."

His Excellency hesitated a moment, as if it required an effort to gather his thoughts in reply, and spoke to the following effect:

"Mr. Special Commissioner of the United States: I know that Paraguay is among the last of her sister States on the Southern Continent in the march of civilization and of progress, but she possesses the most ancient nationality, and was the first to follow the example of her elder sister of the North, in asserting her independence.

I had felt the sincerity of the desire of the United States to cultivate friendly relations with Paraguay, when her Minister was accredited near this Government, and deeply regret that unfortunate circumstances should have interrupted the harmony that then existed. The honorable discourse, however, of the Special Commissioner, inspires me with every confidence that the pending questions between the two Republics will be settled promptly, frankly and amicably, in a manner honorable and satisfactory to both."

Thus matters commenced, and we may soon expect the sequence. Lopez will accede to all demands with facility except the pecuniary one; and should he resist, it is his determination to abandon the coast of the Paraguay River, and retreat into the interior with a guerilla warfare. But he does not seem to know, that for this kind of warfare he requires a united feeling of patriotism among his people, added to a well-armed populace, who obey a number of subordinate and warlike chiefs—none of which are to be found in Paraguay. Should this event arise, however, he may contrive to save his treasure, and to escape to Brazil. This—like all Spanish-American despots when they get rich—is what he most cares about.

Meantime, the stay of President Urquiza, of the Argentine Confederation, has been prolonged at Asuncion, beyond the expectations of his friends; and the whole diplomatic Congress of representatives, from Brazil, Montevideo, Paraná, and France, are busy in their endeavors to rid their countries of the Yankees, and to that end are employing every means of persuasion with Lopez to yield to our demands without delay. Judge Bowlin has promised to Gen. Urquiza and Señor D'Amaral, the Brazilian Minister, that he will not enforce his demands until their friendly advice with Lopez proves of no effect. Never has a Minister of the United States had so many elements of a brilliant success in his favor.

It appears, nevertheless, as if Lopez, agreeable to the usual character of the barbarian, only gets more obstinate under the operation of coaxing. And his reception of his brother President, has been anything but flattering to the Argentine Confederation or its representative. On the landing of Gen. Urquiza, he was conducted, not to the palace of Lopez, as would naturally be expected, nor yet to one of his private houses—which he has always well-furnished—but to the house of a private individual, who was *ordered* to entertain the Argentine President and his suite, male and female. This is an old habit of Lopez, by which means he levies fines upon people obnoxious to him, and at the same time saves the expenses of entertainment himself. The delay of Urquiza at Asuncion, so much longer than was expected, leads us to believe the news current here, that Lopez has replied to his officious friends, "that he does not want their advice, but knows how to arrange his own business." I am inclined to think that matters may be complicated by the present aspect of things at Asuncion; but a couple of weeks must now bring us the intelligence.

The *Atalanta*, *Westernport* and *Memphis*, of the chartered steamers, have passed up the river, as also the store-ship *Supply*. The *Caledonia* and *Chapin* are daily expected. Commander Thomas J. Page went up in the *Atalanta*—his small surveying-steamer, the *Argentina*, having preceded him only one day, *en route* for Asuncion. It is understood to be a part of the Special Commissioner's business to ask permission of Lopez to readmit the Exploring Expedition into his waters. But we here cannot understand such a move as this, when the old tyrant has no exclusive jurisdiction over any of the navigable—or supposed to be navigable—tributaries of either the Paraguay or the Paraná Rivers, and much less so over these latter, which, as we have said before, are all common boundaries between Paraguay and the neighboring States. Should we repeat this great mistake—already made, but under excusable circumstances, in 1858—it will be used hereafter by Lopez as a pretext on which to base more firmly his pretended right of sovereignty over both banks of the Paraguay River.

We have had among us lately the celebrated Captain J. B. Durham, whose escape last Winter from the French authorities, in his vessel, the bark *Adriatic*, created such a sensation at the time. In his management of this affair, Captain Durham prevented a disagreeable question with France, and showed qualities of an order which, in another sphere, would serve to exalt him to the highest pitch of renown.

Captain Steedman, of the brig *Dolphin*, who, up to this date, is senior officer of the squadron in Corrientes, has received permission from the authorities of that province, to drill his men on shore. This distinguished officer, therefore, avails himself of this friendly leave, every day in the week except Saturday and Sunday, and his men give high proof of efficiency under his energetic drill and high professional knowledge.

The Jesuits have just been expelled from Montevideo, by that general oppressor of his country, President Pereira, the assassin of Quinteros. This would have been about the best thing he has ever done, did it not appear that it was caused by some one of the brotherhood having preached against his tyranny, which is of a grade too dark even for them to approve.

The 3d inst., the anniversary of the fall of the tyrant Rosas, 1852, the people of Buneos Ayres were celebrating that event; while in Montevideo—the other side of the river—the same day was the anniversary of the massacre of Quinteros, 1858; and the Government of Pereira forbid even the saying of mass in memory of his victims; their wives and orphans are refused even a public prayer for the murdered and the mutilated. And this is the Montevideo which resisted Rosas nine years; which, in its pride of misery, spoke of Saguntum and Namancia, and called itself the modern Troy! And this self-same Pereira was one of its defenders! Is it then that the enjoyment of power must always corrupt the Spanish-American heart? The history of its crimes for the last forty-five years gives us an almost uncontradicted answer.

We learn that Commissioner Bowlin does not expect to be detained in Assuncion more than a month from time of arrival. *Nous Verrons*, as the prophet-founder of the *Union*—at Washington we mean—used to say.

N.

FURTHER FROM MEXICO.

The Retreat of Miramon—Reception of Mr. McLane—Probable Advance of Juarez upon the Capital—Miscellaneous.

The mails by the *Quaker City*, at New-Orleans, from Vera Cruz, April 1, arrived here yesterday.

We glean the following particulars of the arrival and retreat of Miramon, and the reception of Mr. McLane, the American Minister, from the New-Orleans papers.

THE RETREAT OF MIRAMON.

The correspondent of the New-Orleans *Crescent* writes, April 1:

"The whole city is in a flutter of joy and thanksgiving, first, that Miramon has run away, and second, that the siege has been raised. Since the 10th of March we have been in great trepidation, not only through fear of an attack from Miramon, but in apprehension of serious inconvenience from a want of provisions. The gates have been shut up, the interior traffic cut off, and our only supplies have been received from seaward. Provisions took a rise and threatened us with famine prices. Fresh meat, with the exception of a few goats that were in the city and a few beeves that were supplied by the Tehuantepec Company from Alvarado, was not to be had. Everybody was in the same deprivation, and stores commenced leaving for coastwise retreats.

In the midst of this scarcity, however, the people were patriotically determined to save the city, and when the hope from fillibusters failed with the last trip of the *Tennessee*, the natives set to work to prepare their own defences. All the males capable of bearing arms were called into action, and soon 4,500 soldiers answered roll-call. The breastwork to the northwest, the only accessible point on the line of defences, was energetically repaired, cannon were mounted on the mole commanding the track by which it was found Miramon would attack the city, and the talk was altogether of a victory.

The city, as I have said, was defended by about 4,500 men. Of these only 1,500 were of the regular garrison, while the balance were from abroad, or were volunteers from the business houses of the city. A general enthusiasm pervaded all classes, and everybody shouldered a musket. Four hundred pieces of artillery, ranging from 6-pound howitzers to 68 pound mortars, guarded the walls. Eight hundred men slept under arms on the plaza or public square, and 2,200 responded to the alarm-gun. The soldiers were paid 37½ cents per diem, out of which they had to furnish themselves. The greatest order prevailed, too; no rows, no drinking, no disturbance.

On the 14th Miramon moved down to the village of Medeline, about nine miles to the southwest of the city, where he established his camp; but he did not show himself to the city. Some of his ragged followers were to be seen among the sand hills, but no army came in sight. Miramon could not drag his siege train through the sand, and per force was necessitated to sleep at a respectable distance from our heavy guns. On the night of the 20th, or thereabouts, he came on to the beach off Sacrificios, the naval anchorage, and had a communication with the Spanish frigate *Berenguela*, and actually intended to run away, it is believed and reported. His officers, however, would not allow of his leaving them in the desperate condition his temerity had placed them in, and I believe he only succeeded in sending his wife and some treasure aboard.

On the 24th he detached Casanova with a force of 1,400 men to attack Alvarado, where our Lieut. Hunter won his famous appellation; but a small garrison at that point, assisted by a gun-boat from Vera Cruz, frustrated the move, and General Casanova returned to Medeline, missing about 40 killed and wounded, and 150 deserted. In these armies desertion is the great evil, and I understand that Miramon is suffering terribly from it.

On the 26th General Miramon rode up to the top of a sand hill to the northwest of the city, and after a careful survey of the city and harbor, turned upon his heel and left for Orizaba, not, however, until a lively fire had been opened on him from a harbor on that side.

On the 29th, word came into the city that Miramon had left Medeline, deserting his hospital of three hundred sick at that place, and was retreating on Orizaba. Next, it was announced that he had left Orizaba; and now it is fully ascertained that he is in a dead run for the City of Mexico.

On the 30th this news was sufficiently credited to justify the Government here in disbanding its volunteers. On the 1st of April the gates of the city were opened, after two weeks close confinement. This morning there was nothing in the streets or markets, but this evening the thoroughfares are crowding up with hucksters and traders, poultry and vegetables, cakes and liquids. And, allow me to inform you, that a hungry people, as this is, appreciate the sight. When the *Quaker City* came, nothing but vultures and sentinels were to be seen—the bay was lifeless, the town was a desolation. When she left, the wharf was alive with people and goods. Sarsaparilla, cotton, hides, tobacco, and what not came down, and peace smiled upon the industry of the place. Commerce is a much pleasanter master than war.

Miramon is no doubt on his march to the City of Mexico, in a vain endeavor to retrieve the day he lost when he left the interior on his arrogant march against Vera Cruz. The limits of this letter will not allow me to explain the mistake; but his life is too short to rectify it. Degollado and Leave have beleaguered the capital with 9,000 men, have encamped in Tacbuaya, taken Chapultepec, and are doubtless victorious to-day. Besides, they have posted 2,500 choice men along the passes and defiles of the mountains between Jalapa and Puebla, to cut him off; and his own troops, from 3,500 to 5,000, are worn out, dispirited, and want confidence. It is scarcely probable that Miramon will pass this trap, but if he does fight his way through the mountain defiles, with what force can he hope to meet the victorious Liberalists on the plains about the city.

From the foregoing statement of the case, I take the position that the war in this country is terminated in favor of Juarez and progress. And this is the opinion of all classes, natives and foreigners. The Consul, Col. Zuyman, is positive that Miramon has no shadow of a chance, and I believe that Mr. McLane will formally recognize the Constitutional Government at a very early date.

I believe President Juarez only awaits the return of Gov. Garza, from Tampico, to take up the line of march for the capital. Sixteen of the eighteen States of the nation have recognized his Government, and with the present show of success every element will manifest itself in his behalf. In the midst of this elation, too, it is creditable to know that the American people have not lost *prestige* here. We stand on a better ground than ever, and if Mr. Buchanan had acted more like a statesman, his Government would have been the chief adviser of the Liberal chiefs of this Republic. As it is, however, our citizens may hope for benefits from Mexico which our Government may never attain without force; and as we have gained ground, the French and English have lost.

The late siege developed some features not laid down in the bill, as you may well imagine, and of which I may inform you when I have more space at my command. A party of Americans, nine in number, were the brightest ornaments of the place, and if the occasion had offered would no doubt have made good their old reputation for pluck and daring. They came very near capturing Miramon while he was making a social visit to the Spanish frigate, and if the Government had yielded them command of a gun-boat, no doubt they would have done something towards making a prize.

The war has been very disastrous, not only interrupting trade and travel, but resulting in a great destruction of property. Miramon's troops burned and destroyed everything they could not take off. The railroad and telegraph did not escape them, both were subjected to the general ruin. Hamlets and villages on fire have been seen from the city walls almost every night, and this made the position of the people in the town more nervous. It was well ascertained that the pillage of Vera Cruz could not be averted in the event of its fall, and, therefore, every exertion would have been put forth by the people to defend it.

The house of the American Consul was sought as a refuge by all classes, and to the honor of Col. Zuyman, he turned none away. French, English and Germans, all came to him, for they knew that their own representatives were partial to Miramon.

Deserters are constantly coming into the city from Miramon's forces, and they tell most pitiable stories of the condition of that army."

The *Progreso* contains the following additional particulars:

"Miramon has fled in terror from our walls, but he cannot quit the State of Vera Cruz without suffering terrible loss.

Many persons who had fled to Sacrificios, on Miramon's approach, had returned, and the city had resumed its wonted tranquillity.

At Jalapa, which is now in the power of the Liberals, many deserters, from the reactionary forces had presented themselves.

At last accounts Miramon was retreating precipitately by the Orizaba road, his ranks being daily thinned by desertion.

Thirty-three partisans of Miramon had arrived from Havana, by the Spanish steamship *Mexico*, fully expecting to meet a triumphant leader. Disappointed in this, they landed at Mocambo, not being willing to trust themselves in Vera Cruz. They afterwards reëmbarked, together with Marin, Holzinger, and other revolutionary chiefs, and left the country in disgust.

It was stated that Miramon had lost a fifth of his force during his stay in the lowlands.

The advance of the Liberal forces on the capital occasioned much consternation among the Conservatives in that city. Money had run short in their camp, and their forces were insufficient to make any strenuous resistance.

During the siege, and when provisions of every kind had become very scarce, Mr. La Sere, President of the Louisiana Tehuantepec Company, at that time in the city, dispatched the Company's steamer *Jasper*, at his own cost, to Alvarado to bring down a very timely supply, which service, the *Progreso* says, has much endeared him to the Vera Cruzans.

ARRIVAL OF MR. M'LANE.

April 1st was a day of general rejoicing in Vera Cruz. The troops were relieved from duty, and official invitation was published for families to return to their homes, and the gates were once more thrown open and barricades thrown down. The market was again supplied, and all hands were having a good time generally.

At this opportune moment Mr. McLane landed at Vera Cruz, under a salute from a Mexican battery and also from the United States sloop-of war *Savannah*, at Sacrificios, but more particularly greeted by the enthusiasm of the citizens, who came out in great numbers to receive him on the Mole."

The Correspondent of the *Crescent* says (April 1:)

"The steamship *Quaker City* arrived in the harbor this morning, and sails for New-Orleans *via* Minatitlan again this evening. She brought up the American Minister, Mr. McLane and suite, together with the mails and passengers that should have come by the *Tennessee*.

The Minister was duly saluted by the State authorities and from the frigate *Savannah*. His entrance into the city created quite a sensation, for although the people were but half a day in finding out that the Minister was here, when they did come to a sense of the fact everybody ran out to see him. And from what I have gathered, I think his presence is appreciated and his *personnel* liked.

Mr. McLane, with his suite, has taken rooms at the Hotel des Diligencias, where, I believe, he intends to remain until something turns up. He will remain in the city at least two weeks I am informed."

MISCELLANEOUS.

While Gen. Miramon was at Medeline, a deputation from the English and French forces waited upon him to know if the property belonging to citizens of their respective countries was to be protected, in case of bombardment and capture. The reply is said to have been very unsatisfactory, and would have been even very *rude*, except for the presence, during the interview, of Gen. Robles, who seems to have been constantly called upon to act the gentleman for the adorable youth.

Capt. Jarvis, of the United States frigate *Savannah*, acted throughout with great discretion and prudence, giving to his countrymen all the protection and assistance they needed, and, at the same time, abstaining from any "entangling alliances" with foreign Powers.

Through the influence of Mr. E. La Sere, important concessions and modifications have been made in the Charter of the Louisiana-Tehuantepec Company. Among them is the grant of a large quantity of public lands on the borders of the Coatzacoalcos River and the line of the railroad. Mr. La Sere was in Vera Cruz continuing his negotiations, and would sail, per *Tennessee*, on the 8th, for New-Orleans.

At Sacrificios are anchored the United States frigate *Savannah*, French frigate *Cleopatre*, French steamer *Lucifer*, French brig *Minerve*, British steamers *Tartar*, *Devastation*, *Jasper*, British sloop *Araline*, Spanish frigate *Berenguela*, Spanish steamer *Isabel la Catholica*, Spanish brig *Valdis*.

The brother of Governor Zamora committed suicide last month, owing to some financial difficulty. He apprehended bankruptcy, but on examination of his papers after his death, it was found that by a mistake he was $400,000 better off than he imagined himself to be. Señor Zamora is much lamented, particularly when it is known that his embarrassments originated from advances made to the Liberal Party.

All the vestige of the American attack upon Vera Cruz has been carefully erased by patching up the old walls with new pieces; thus, in many places, what was meant to hide a fact is the quickest evidence of the story.

[Advertisement.]
SPLENDID CARPETS
At tremendously reduced prices.
English Velvets, $1 25 to $1 50.
English Brussels, 90c. to $1 25.
All-Wool Ingrains, 37½c. to 75c.
Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]
We would call the particular attention of the public to the sale of elegant household furniture, statuary, paintings, &c., &c., to be sold at auction at the residence, No. 102 Fifth-avenue, by Henry H. Leeds & Co., on Friday, April 15. We notice by the advertisement among the statuary is a superb bust of Pocahontas, by Mozier, Canova's "Venus," besides other pieces by Bartollini. The furniture, we believe, was all made to order by Marcotte, and is of the most elegant description, and we have no doubt that this sale will surpass any that has been made this season.

[Advertisement.]
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Dr. H. A. Barrow has removed from No. 157 Prince-street, to No. 194 Bleecker-street, (four doors below Macdougal-street,) New-York. His arrangements for private consultation, and the discharge of his professional duties will be the same as heretofore. See advertisement in another column.

[Advertisement.]
Don't Do It.—Do not sail in a steamer without being in possession of a coat, vest, waist, jacket, &c., manufactured by the Delano Life Preserving Coat and Vest Co., No. 256 Broadway. With one of these articles of clothing on *you cannot be drowned!* This has been declared conscientiously by the highest authorities in the land.

[Advertisement.]
Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—When all else has failed, the physician falls back upon Holloway's Pills and Ointment. Now why do ye not all begin where the physician leaves off? Manufactory 80 Maiden-lane, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Gas, Gas.—Gas Fixtures of new and beautiful designs, will be found at our manufacturing dépôt, No. 376 Broadway. Wholesale trade especially invited.
Warner, Peck & Co.

[Advertisement.]
Gurney's new Photographic and Fine-Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]
Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 14.

$2,000	Ill. I. Imp., '47..	105	600	Reading R.........	50¼
5,000	Indiana State 5s.	89½	500	do.........	50⅛
3,000	Tennessee 6s.....	78¼	100	do.........s9	50
500	Virginia 6s.......	98⅜	200	do.........s10	48⅞
1,000	N. Car. State 6s .	100¼	600	do.........	50
33,000	Mo. State 6s.....	88¼	50	do.........s5	50
1,000	Erie R R. 1st m.b.	96¾	200	Gal.&Chic.R....b60	68
1,000	do...........	96½	107	do.........	67⅞
1,000	Erie RR. 2d M. Bs.	83	50	do.........s30	67¾
1,000	Mich. C. RR. 8 ₩ c. 1st M.S.F.C. Bs..	94½	200	do.........	68
2,000	Mich. S. 2d M. Bs.	62½	175	Harlem Railroad....	12¾
18,500	La C. & M. L. G. Bs.	17½	150	Brooklyn City R....	120
5,000	H. & St. J. C. B. b60	66	30	Mich. Cen. R. R....	53
80	Amer. Ex. Bank....	109	100	do.........b60	52⅞
5	Corn Ex. Bank....	101½	200	do.........	52¾
20	Irving Bank........	99	150	do.........	52⅞
55	Del. & Hud. Ca. Co.	97	400	M. S. & N. I. G. S..	39¼
25	Penn. Coal Co......	81¾	200	do.........s30	39¼
100	Cumb. Pref'd.......	22	55	do.........	39⅜
700	Pac. Mail S. S. Co...	88½	50	do.........b60	39⅝
100	do.........s10	88	70	Panama R. R......	120¼
100	do.........s10	87½	50	do.........b30	120⅜
175	do.........	88¼	100	do.........s60	120
100	do.........	88	50	do.........	120½
100	do.........s15	87	15	C., T. & Cin. R. R..	95⅛
50	do.........s60	86¼	42	do.........	95¼
100	do.........s15	87½	50	do.........	96
100	N.Y.Cen.R......s60	76½	263	Clev. & Tol. R. R..	25¼
50	do.........b60	77	100	do.........b60	25⅜
500	do.........	76⅞	100	do.........bnw	25½
200	do.........	76¾	250	Chi. & R. Is. R. R.	57¼
100	do.........b30	76¾	200	do.........s30	57
13	N. J. R. R.........	136	100	do.........s10	57¼

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	Tennessee 6s, '90	93¾	100	Harlem Railroad...	13⅛
18,000	Mo. State 6s......	88⅜	100	Mich. Cen. R. R. s15	53
1,000	La C. & M. l.g. bs.	17½	50	do.........	53½
1,000	N. Y. C. R. R. 6s	94¼	50	Har. R. R. P'd..b30	41½
500	do.........	94⅜	300	do.........b10	41½
100	Pac. M. S. Co...s10	88	100	do.........	41⅜
150	do.........	89	100	Panama Railroad..	120¾
50	do.........	88⅜	100	Gal. & C. R. R..s30	68½
100	N. Y. C. R. R...b30	77⅛	100	do.........	68¼
100	do.........s60	76⅞	50	do.........s60	67⅞
460	do.........	77⅛	250	Chic. & R. I. R. R..	57½
200	Erie Railroad...s60	9¾	100	do.........b60	57¾
8	Hud. Riv. Railroad	33¾	50	do.........	57¾
400	do.........	33½			

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$1,000	Missouri 6s......	88¼	$330	Sun M. I. S., '56	64
500	LaCrosse & Mil. R. R. L. G. 7s......	17	120	Sun M. I. S. '57	62
2,000	Chi., St. P. & F. du Lac 7s.........	30	10	Bank of New-York.	107½
2,000	Chi., St. P. & F. du Lac L. G. 8s...	9	10	Bk. of the Com'h..	96¾
1,500	At. M. I. S. of '58..	94¾	2	Mer. Ex. Bank.....	99½
3,000	do.........	94⅜	10	West. (Mass.) Ins C.	107
2,000	At M. I. S. of '59	84¾	27	Am. Exp. Co.......	87¼
1,440	G. W. Ins. S., '57	70½	25	Trev. Coal & R. R Co	22
1,160	G. W. Ins. S., '58	65	20	Chatham Bank.....	91
1,000	N. & Ch. R. R. 1st M	81½	10	Nassau Bank......	101½
4,000	Min St 7 ₩ ct. R..	95	19	Hum. Fire Ins. Co.	102¼
2,010	G. W. M. I. S. of '57	69½	20	Arctic Fire Ins. Co.	114½
110	Com. M. I. S. of '56	70½	40	Irving Fire Ins Co	118½
50	Com. M. I. S. of '57	63½	20	N. W. Fire Ins. Co.	87½
			10	Home Fire Ins. Co.	170
			20	Gallatin Fire Ins. Co.	95
			20	Com'h Fire Ins. Co.	97¼

Thursday, April 14—P. M.

The Stock Market continues to improve in its general tone, and prices to-day, without showing much excitement, are higher on the Railway Shares by ½@¾ ₩ cent. than on Wednesday, and full 1@1½ ₩ cent. above the sales of this day week. The purchasers at the Board are of a more diversified character, and several of the Western Roads, against the influence of light receipts, which the sellers for the Fall spare no pains to make the most out of, have gone up with New-York Central, Harlem Preferred, Panama and Pacific Mail. At the early Board this forenoon there was something of a stand-off between the two parties, on the first call of the list and not a single share of the New-York Central, the leading speculative stock, was sold until the second call. The cash sales were then at 76⅞. After the adjournment 77 was paid, and in the afternoon 77⅛ ₩ cent. Harlem Preferred, under advices from Albany that the Governor had approved the bill for extending the franchises of the Company, advanced to 41⅜@41½ ₩ cent. The old shares rose to 13⅛ ₩ cent. There was a renewed demand for Hudson River at 33½, and for Michigan Central at 53@53½ ₩ cent. In Rock Island the business improved to 57¾@57⅞ ₩ cent., in Galena to 68¼, and in Cleveland and Toledo to 26 ₩ cent. Panama shares went to 120¾; New-Jersey Transportation to 136, and Cleveland and Columbus to 96 ₩ cent. There was additional weakness shown in Delaware and Hudson Canal, while Pennsylvania Coal rose to 81¾ ₩ cent. Michigan Guaranteed showed more steadiness; Southern old stock neglected. The City Bank shares are all firm, and it is difficult to buy any considerable parcels at the quotations. The unusually large line of deposits with which the Banks are favored this season, both in local accounts and interior Bank balances, (for the most part free of interest,) is quite compensating for the comparatively moderate terms of discount which have ruled for some time past, and which are likely to rule until near the close of the next Summer. The opinion obtains that, after July, the rates for money will be advanced, in preparation for the Fall trade. If the new crop turns out at all favorable, a very large business, and one more general to the West, may be reasonably anticipated.

Some of the State Stocks were somewhat dull yesterday and this morning. But in the afternoon one or two new buyers came in for Missouris, and $45,000 were done at 88⅜. For Virginias, the bid advanced to 99, and Tennessees were wanted at 93¾ ₩ cent. The United States Fives of 1874 are very quiet at 104¼ ₩ cent. In Railway mortgages the business is of a small investment character. The speculative movement has nearly ceased in Illinois Central Construction Bonds, owing to their scarcity. New-York Centrals, of all the issues, are scarce, and the Seven ₩ cents of 1864–76, and the Six ₩ cents are wanted for England at the extreme rates. La Crosse Land Grants are still speculated in at low figures; sales to-day at 17½ ₩ cent. The Erie mortgages are steady. The unsecured Bonds but sparingly offered.

A distinctive feature in the dealings of the week is the stock of the Pacific Mail Company. The fluctuations are wide and frequent. The sales on Monday morning at 90@91 were considered extreme and on an exceptional peremptory order to buy. There was consequently a reaction on Tuesday to 85½ cash and 83 seller 60-days. On Wednesday further sales were made about these figures until near the close, when the cash price jumped up to 87½, with one private sale at cash at 88 ₩ cent. To-day the price opened at 88½, and before the deliveries of the forenoon were completed, 90 ₩ cent. was paid. In the afternoon the sales were made at 88½@89 ₩ cent. The Vanderbilt competition, if not forgotten, appears to be disregarded. The California mail advices that Garrison, who is conducting the Pacific side of the business, without being recognized or respected here as a common partner in the responsibilities of the movement, *did* advertise a steamer for the 20th March, and, after issuing tickets, withdrew the opposition, but only, as the story here goes, until the 5th April. We learn nothing further of the arbitration of the unsettled account between the Mail Company and Vanderbilt. The amount at issue is supposed to be less than at first surmised. The stock of the Mail Company is scarce on the Street. The small holders have not been much moved by the violent fluctuations of the past three or four months. Some few of the larger ones offer to turn their stock with the *Bear* account "for a consideration," that is 3 ₩ cent. difference between cash and 60 day options; from which it may be inferred that the contest grows interesting for the *Bulls* once more.

The market for Exchange closed yesterday rather tame at the extreme rate on London. The quotation remains, however, 109⅞@110 at 60 days, and 110⅜@110½ sight. We understand to-day that bills are coming more free from the Cotton ports, particularly New-Orleans, though bought there at high figures. Money is very quiet. The leading Stock Brokers are offered temporary loans at 4@4½ ₩ cent. on Government and State collateral, and 4½@5 ₩ cent. on miscellaneous Stocks. Discounts are 5@7 ₩ cent. The Bill Brokers report business dull. The stormy weather to-day interferes with it. There is more activity at the Custom-House, owing to the arrival of several valuable steamer cargoes. The customs are $184,090. The disbursements from the Sub-Treasury, $191,000. Balance this afternoon, $7,245,901. The California remittance of $1,427,296 in Bullion affords satisfaction. The remittance in Government drafts is lighter than usual.

The Baltimore and Ohio Company have resolved on a half-yearly dividend to the stockholders of 3 ₩ cent. The March earnings are $410,061, against $439,259 same month last year. The unfunded debt of the concern has been liquidated during the recent suspensions of dividends, and the Company hold $109,548 in cash and $274,395 claims for uncollected revenue.

SOUTH CAROLINA BANKS—APRIL 1.

Capital......	$14,893,911 93	Specie.......	$2,681,718 97
Circulation...	10,028,266 62	Real Estate..	683,741 47
Profits.......	1,902,236 73	Bank Notes..	615,582 71
Due Banks....	2,999,952 47	Due f'm Bks.	2,359,936 24
Deposits.....	4,870,461 48	Discounts....	12,203,165 12
Due State....	3,122,179 55	Dom. Exc....	11,008,751 31
Other items..	11,142 58	For. Exc.....	651,689 82
Total........	$37,828,181 36	Bonds........	1,122,757 10
		Stocks.......	1,960,941 91
		Susp. Debt...	1,515,099 65
		Branches.....	1,738,294 86
		State........	484,546 44
		Other items..	801,955 76
		Total........	$37,828,181 36

The earnings of the Terre Haute, Alton and Saint Louis Railroad for the month of March, 1859, were........ $82,601 19
For March, 1858........ 71,230 24
Increase........ $11,370 95

The first quarter of this year, as compared with 1858, is as follows:

	1859.	1858.
January........	$67,011 13	$57,128 86
February........	63,720 47	52,3 7 72
March........	82,601 19	71,230 24
Total........	$213,332 79	$180,686 82
Increase........		232,645 97

being about 18 ₩ cent.

The books for subscription of $250,000 additional capital of the Mechanics' Bank, St. Louis, are now open at the Bank of America. This Bank commenced business in August, 1857. Authorized capital $1,500,000. Paid up $650,000, and has divided annually since it commenced 10 ₩ cent. The capital to be used at the Parent Bank, St. Louis, when fully paid, will be $900,000, and the remainder, $600,000, to be apportioned to its branches, not exceeding five in number—two of which are now in actual operation. The following is the list of Directors and the last quarterly statement: Joseph Charless, R. M. Parks, John Evill, J. C. Evans, C. H. Peck, O. A. Hart, T. A. Buckland, F. Meyer, Frederick Dings, Samuel Kirkman, Bernard Bryan, Geo. H. Loker, D. K. Ferguson. Joseph Charless, President; Geo. H. Loker, Vice-President; J. W. Wills, Cashier.

The Transfer Books of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company will be closed on Saturday, the 16th inst., for the annual election of Directors on the 27th inst.

Real Estate....Tuesday, April 12.

Resale of Harlem lots at auction, by P. R. Wilkins.

One lot on the northwest corner of Fourth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, 80 feet deep. Wm. S. Sears, $405.

The three adjoining. Same, $250 each.

The first rear lot north side One Hundred and Twenty-third-street. Sears, $310.

The next five. Same, $310 each.

The next. Same, $340.

The next two. Alfred Lawrence, $340 and $335—the latter being in rear of the new Avenue, on the east side of Mount Morris.

The lot on the northeast corner of East New-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, full size. Lawrence, $500. The next three. Same; $400 each.

One lot south side One Hundred and Twentieth-street, 415 feet east of Sixth-avenue. W. H. Raynor, $500. This lot is opposite West New-avenue.

The next three lots on the east. Dr. Nelson, $500 each.

The next lot, 35 feet front by 50 feet rear; Sears, $640. The next three, with a gore off the rear; Sears, $435 each.

Mr. Bleecker sold as follows: One lot on the southeast corner of Seventh-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-fourth-street. E. G. Burling, $600.

One lot eastern side Seventh-avenue, 75 feet south of One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street. John McGinam, $430.

Seven lots north side One Hundred and Fortieth-street, 195 feet west of Fifth-avenue. Rolph Marsh, $150 each.

There were other lots included in the above sale, but we know not whether sold or not. We suppose the above were sold.

Messrs. Raynor & Blackwell have sold one lot northwest corner Fifty-seventh-street and Sixth-avenue, 25x106, for $5,000; also, one lot north side of Fifty-sixth-street, 250 feet west of Fifth-avenue, for $2,750.

Also, 4 lots north side of Fortieth-street, about 400 feet west of Eighth-avenue, at $2,050 ₩ lot.

We report the sale of 4 lots southeast corner Broadway and Thirty-fourth-street, and one in the rear on Thirty-fourth-street, about full in size, for $55,000; Jas. Phalen, seller.

Thursday, April 14.

Mr. Muller sold under foreclosure the two houses and lots north side Forty-second-street, 175 feet west of Third-avenue, 28 feet 8 inches by 78 feet 1 inch, subject to a mortgage and interest of about $4 400. Alfred Rowe, $700 above mortgage and interest.

Mr. Halliday, by order of trustee, to close an estate, sold the three-story brick house and lot No. 29 Hammond-street, 20 feet by 97 feet, house 20 feet by 40 feet, with water, gas, &c. Two-thirds remain. S. C. Vidal, $7,000.

Mr. Wm. H. Franklin sold as follows:

One lot north side Thirty-sixth-street, 275 feet west of Eighth-avenue, 22 feet by 98 feet 9 inches. C. Bedell, $2,000.

One lot east side Eleventh-avenue, 75 feet south of Fifty-second-street. John Carroll, $900.

We repeat the sale of ten lots as follows: Six on the east side of Fifth-avenue, commencing at the north corner of Forty-ninth-street; three on north side of Forty-ninth-street, directly in the rear; and one on the south side of Fiftieth street, 100 feet from the corner of Fifth-avenue, for the sum of $67,000; terms one-half cash and balance on mortgage. We understand this property is to be immediately improved after the manner of the mansions of Messrs. Phelps, Dodge and Phelps, in Madison-avenue, on Murray-hill. The seller considers the price low, as property in this neighborhood is advancing rapidly.

Markets by Telegraph.

New-Orleans, Thursday April 14.

Cotton has advanced ⅛c.; sales to-day 7,000 bales; middling, 12⅝c. Sugar dull and ⅛c. lower. Red Wheat, $1 12@$1 20. Oats, 65c. Whisky, 25⅛c. Gunnies, 10c.@11⅛c.

Cincinnati, Thursday April 14.

Flour active and buoyant. Sales 2,500 bbls. at $5 40@$5 50 for superfine; at the close superfine was held at $5 50. Whisky advanced ⅛c.; sales of 900 bbls at 23⅛c. Lard buoyant at 10⅜c.10⅝c; holders ask 11c. Mess Pork—Nothing done. Bulk Shoulders—Sales of 100,000 lbs. at 6c.

New Orleans, Wednesday, April 13.

Cotton firm. More buyers than sellers. Sales to-day 8,500 bales. Middling, 12¼c. Several parcels were withdrawn for higher prices. Sugar dull, at 6¼c. Flour buoyant, at $6. Corn steady, at 90c. Oats, 64c. Mess Pork, $17. Freights declined to ⅛c.

Mobile, Wednesday. April 13.

Cotton depressed. Sales to-day 1,000 bales Middling, at 12⅛c.

Philadelphia, Thursday, April 14.

Flour dull, and unchanged. Wheat steady; white, $1 60@$1 70; red, $1 50@$1 56. Corn scarce; yellow, 87c.@88c. Whisky steady.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

Names.	Date.	Leave.	For.
FOR EUROPE.			
Hammonia........	April 15	New-York....	Southa'n.
New-York........	April 16	New-York....	Southa'n.
Canada........	April 20	Boston........	Liverpool.
Lebanon........	April 21	New-York....	Liverpool.
Vanderbilt........	April 23	New-York....	Southa'n.
City of Baltimore..	April 23	New-York....	Liverpool.
Indian........	April 23	Portland......	Liverpool.
FROM EUROPE.			
Prince Albert........	April 2	Galway........	New-York.
Europa........	April 2	Liverpool......	New-York.
Saxonia........	April 3	Southamp'n..	New-York.
Fulton........	April 6	Southamp'n..	New-York.
City of Manchester..	April 8	Cork........	New-York.
Arabia........	April 9	Liverpool....	Boston.
Jura........	April 9	Liverpool....	Boston.
City of Wash'gton..	April 13	Liverpool....	New-York.
Africa........	April 16	Liverpool....	New-York.
Bremen........	April 16	Bremen........	New-York.
FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.			
Star of the West..	April 20	New-York....	Aspinwall.
Coatzacoalcos....	April 27	New-Orleans..	Minatitlan.
FOR MEXICO.			
Tennessee........	April 15	New-Orleans..	Vera Cruz.
FOR HAVANA.			
Philadelphia........	April 18	New-York....	Havana.
Isabel........	April 19	Charleston....	Havana.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Jamestown, from Norfolk, Richmond, &c.—Mrs. A. M. Moore, Dr. H. E. Brown, Mrs. A. M. K. Staples, Miss A. M. Smith, Dr. Thos. Brown and lady, F. J. Hasford and lady, Peter Duryee and lady, Col. P. A. Bolling, Ed. Brinley, H. L. Cary, Mrs. Wm. Bulkley, Mrs. E. Munroe, Wm. Swann and daughter, J. H. Tyler, Wm. Fenner, E. Webber, Thos. McCann, H. J. Maigne, J. O. Whitehead, B. G. Tomphins, Henry Harris, Wm. Allen, and 21 in the steerage.

In ship Maid of Orleans, from New Orleans—Capt. Jaffrey and wife, Mr. Whittaker and wife, Mr. North and son, Miss B. Thompson, Master Thompson, and 45 in the steerage.

In brig Anita Owen, from Nuevitas—Alvater Cisneros, Seraphina Recio, Pedro Agramonte, Gustave Agnero, Alberto Agnero, Diego Agnero, Manuel Agnero, Fernando Agnero, Seofilo Agnero, Diego Fanseco, Emilie Agnero, Miss Ann Stevens, Wm. Stevens.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 21 | Sun sets.... 6 38 | Moon sets.... 4 14
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 5 56 | Gov. Island. 6 45 | Hell Gate.... 8 17

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, April 14

Cleared.

Steamship Pacific, Thompson, Galway, American Express Co.

Steamer Locust Point, French, Baltimore, H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Brig Lucy Ann, Wass, Nuevitas, Brett, Son & Co.

Schooners Bergen, Meges, City Point, J. Hunter & Co.; Convert, Nickerson, Boston, master; J. M. Warren, Chapman, New-Haven, master; Olive Branch, Nickerson, Harwich, J. W. McKee; A. Downing, Rice, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; North State, Horton, Savannah, McCready, Mott & Co.; F. Arthemus, Mitchell, Bucksville.

Sloop A. T. Jones, Hilliger, Norfolk, ——.

Arrived.

U. S. surveying schr. Bowditch, Budd, Key West 6th inst. 10th inst., off Hatteras, exchanged signals with brig Anita Owen, Ray, from Nuevitas for New-York. 12th, off Capes of Delaware, signalized ship Mediator, hence for New-Orleans.

Steamship Jamestown, Parrish, Richmond, &c., with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Heineken. On the 14th, at 10 A. M., saw a large schooner ashore 20 miles north of Barnegat.

Steamer Wamsutta, Nye, New-Bedford, with mdse. to Jos. Allen.

Ship Lotus, Leckie, Foo-chow Dec. 28, passed Anjier Jan. 11, Cape of Good Hope, Feb. 14, with teas to James Perkins & Co. From Jan. 11 to 18, had a succession of calms and baffling winds. Feb. 14, off Cape of Good Hope, exchanged signals with ships Staghound, Knapp, from Calcutta 40 ds., and Edwin Forrest, from do., both for New York; also, Br. ship Dora, 53 ds. from Whampoa for London. The L. experienced no trade winds, the prevailing winds blowing from E. to S., light and baffling. March 12, off Fernand de Noronha, had calms and light winds from northward. Had heavy N. W. winds in the vicinity of Bermuda and *northward*, with heavy, confused sea, followed by calms and light winds.

Ship Margaret Eliza, Strout, Buenos Ayres Feb. 10, and Point Indio 12th, with hides, &c., to W. W. De Forest & Co. Feb. 14, lat. 36 14 S., lon. 53 W., passed a ship (probably bound to Buenos Ayres) showing a blue signal, with a red ball in centre; same day, exchanged signals with a whaling bark showing a red flag, with letters H. and L. in it.

Ship C. A. Stamler, Rogers, Liverpool Feb. 9, via Halifax March 21, with mdse. to Laytin & Hurlbut. March 18, lat. 43 28, lon. 49 10, saw large quantities of field ice. The C. A. S. put into Halifax for repairs, having sprung mainmast, lost sails, &c.

Ship Indiana, Coffin, New-Orleans March 16, with mdse. to Wm. T. Frost. Sld. from the Bar 22d.

Ship Maid of Orleans, Dennis, New-Orleans March 30, and the bar 31st, with mdse. to Wm. Nelson & Sons.

Bark Liberty, Shaw, Messina Feb. 13, passed Gibraltar 25th, with fruit, &c, to Draper & Devlin. Experienced very heavy westerly gales from the lon. of 60 W. Off Cape de Gatte, saw bark Fortune, of New-York. Off Cape Pallas, spoke bark Florence, from Trieste for Havana.

Bark Francis Secor, Munroe, St. Mark's March 20, with cotton, hides, &c., to Smallwood, Earle & Co. Sld. in co. with schr. Wild Pigeon, for New-Orleans.

Bark John W. Andrews, French, Cienfuegos March 24, with sugar to Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Bark Atterdag, (Norw.,) Errickson, Bordeaux 54 ds., with wine, brandy, &c., to C. Meletta. Has experienced heavy weather most of the passage.

Bark Trueman, Mayo, Cienfuegos March 26, with sugar and molasses to R. P. Buck & Co.

Bark Eagle, Baker, Curacoa 17 ds., with salt, hides, &c., to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Bark Sam Shepherd, Hathaway, St. Jago, Cuba, 21 ds., with sugar to J. E. Ward. Been 12 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Brig Anna Wellington, (of Bangor,) Jackson, Buenos Ayres 46 ds., with wool, &c., to R. W. Ropes. April 1, was in co. for a week with brig Executive, from Montevideo for New-York.

Brig Greyhound, Pierce, Rosario Jan. 13, touched at Montevideo Feb. 5, with wool, hides, &c., to H. D. Brookman & Co. Sld. from Montevideo in co. with brig Executive, Lee, for New-York.

Brig Col. W. Coggins, Coggins, Nuevitas 2d inst., with sugar and molasses to C. & E. J. Peters.

Brig Chesapeake, (of Boston,) Haynes, Cardenas 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to Benner & Deake.

Brig Abby Thaxter, (of Bangor,) Larrabee, Arroyo, P. R., March 27, with sugar and molasses to master. March 30, lat. 23 20, lon. 68 40, came very near running into a large ship which was on her beam-ends, waterlogged and abandoned.

Brig Santa Clara, (of Eastport, Me.,) Arroyo, P. R., March 18, with sugar and molasses to Galway, Casado & Teller.

Brig B. Young, Dix, Calais 8 ds., with lath to Jed Frye.

Brig B. G. Chaloner, Kinney, Guayama, P. R., March 30, with sugar and molasses to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig Circassian, (of Bucksport,) Hagan, Cienfuegos 20 ds., with sugar to master.

Brig Anita Owen, Ray, Nuevitas April 3, with sugar, &c., to Thos. Owen & Sons.

Brig Times, (of Barnstable,) Phinney, Cardenas 11 ds., with molasses to Crosby, Crocker & Co. Has been 3 ds. north of Barnegat.

Schr. Wren, (Br.,) Lane, Kingston, Jam., March 30, with coffee, pimento, &c., to H. De Wolf.

Schr. O. M. Pettitt, Nickerson, Sagua 15 ds., with sugar and molasses to master.

Schr. Target, Howe, Savannah 8 ds., with cotton, &c., to McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr. Sea Breeze, (of Bucksport,) Wiley, Cardenas 1st inst., with sugar to H. D. Brookman & Co.

Schr. Amelia, Sanburn, Machias 8 ds., with lath to Mayhew, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Ella, (of Philadelphia,) Packard, Attakapas 22 ds., with live oak to Smith Bros. 5th inst., in the Gulf, in a heavy sea, rolled away the foremast, which, as it fell, took the fore and main topmasts and crosstrees, and did other damage.

Schr. Ann D., Newton, Georgetown, D. C., 4 ds., with flour and tobacco to Mott Bedell.

Schr. Mary Ann, Briant, Machias 8 ds., with lath to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. Charlie & Willie, Hooper, St. Johns, N. F., 14 ds., with mdse. to Metcalf & Duncan.

WIND—Blowing a gale from E. S. E., raining, and thick. Barometer very low.

Below.

Ship Shepherd Knapp, York, from Calcutta Jan. 2.

Also several large ships, outside.

By Telegraph.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., April 14, sunset—One ship going up the bay—no signal. No other inward-bound vessels in sight. Wind fresh from E. S. E.; weather thick.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., April 14, sunset—No vessels in sight. Raining, and thick weather off shore. Wind fresh from E. S. E.

BOSTON, April 14—Arr. ship Harpswell, Stover, from Glasgow; bark Geo. Thomas, Benner, Galveston.

Off Highland Light—Ship Huntress, from New-Orleans for Boston.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13—Arr. ships Silas Holmes, from New-York; Calendar, from Havre; barks D. C. Yeaton, from New York; Amanda Spear, from Boston.

April 14—Arr. ships New England and Enoch Talbot, from Liverpool; Curacoa, from Rio Janeiro.

Miscellaneous.

The Br. steamship Pacific, for Galway, has anchored at the Quarantine, detained by the gale.

The Naples brig Gustave, ashore on Romer Shoal, will probably go to pieces entirely to-night. Her cargo has been drifting about the bay, during the day. Quantities of it have been picked up by steamtugs.

Long Beach, N. J., April 12.—The schr. John R. Price, of Delaware City, Del., came ashore, about four miles south of Little Egg Harbor Inlet, on the 10th inst. She is loaded with flour and corn meal. She will be a total loss. The greater part of her cargo is saved, in a damaged condition. (This is the schooner previously reported in collision with the steamer Parkersburg.)

Newport, April 13.—The schr. Kate, of Prince Edward's Island, from New York for St. John's, N. F., with an assorted cargo, arrived here this afternoon, in distress and dismasted, having, on the 9th, encountered a severe gale. Cargo not damaged.

The schooner Elizabeth Bussell (previously reported) was launched on the 9th inst., and now lies safely moored in Beaufort harbor. Her cargo will be got off the beach as early as possible.—(By telegraph to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

Spoken, &c.

Eastern State—ship, from New-York for Canton, 42 ds. out, March 15, lat. 4 S., lon. 30 03.

F. Nickerson—schr., from Jamaica for Philadelphia, April 12, off Egg Harbor.

Faustina—brig, stg. S., wind N. W., April 4, lat. 36, lon. 74.

Geo. Lee—ship, of Boston, bd. S., was passed, March 7, lat. 20 45 S., lon. 30.

J. R. Curtis—brig, from Matanzas for Portland, April 2, lat. 25 30, lon. 79 25.

Kate Oliver—bark, from Montevideo for Baltimore, March 4, lat. 21 38 S., lon. 28 36.

Marengo—whale ship, of and for New-Bedford, from the Sandwich Islands last, 152 ds out, with 1,500 bbls. right whale oil, and 145 of sperm March 28.

Oriental—schr., from Savannah for Cardenas, April 11, lat. 31 10, lon. 77 40.

Osprey—bark, from Buenos Ayres for New York, March 20, off Pernambuco.

Swan—bark, Feb. 27, 75 miles N. E. from Montevideo, bound in.

Swallow—bark, from Salem for Buenos Ayres, March 13, lat. 11 S., lon. 33 15.

West Wind—ship, stg. N., exchanged signals with, March 3, lat. 22 39 S., lon. 29 32.

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres, Feb. 10, ship Champlain, Wyman, from Boston, for Calcutta, disg. Barks Wessacumcon, Weeks, from New-York, for Boston, do.; A. G. Hill, Vianells, from Portland, do.; Texas, Merrill, from New-York, for Rosario, do.; Elmira Coombs, Drinkwater, for New-York, ldg.; Osprey, Nash, for do. in 2 ds.; Marion, Downing, do. do. Brigs R. C. Wright, Hughes, from Baltimore, for Rio Janeiro; State of Maine, Cate, from for New-York; Tanner, Pierson, do. do.; Bell Bomard, Coombs, from and for Boston, ldg.; John Frost, for Rio Janeiro, ready; Catharine Johnson, Cramel, from up river. Pilot boat Flirt, Bailey—for sale. Arr.—Feb. 20, bark Wenham, from Baltimore; 21st, ship Mary and Martha, from Boston.

At Nuevitas, April 3, brigs Lorena, Smith, for New-York next day; Franconia, Upton, for do.; Sarah Wooster, Hopkins, for do., ldg.

At Curacoa, March 28, brigs Flying Eagle and San Pedro, for New-York, to sail March 30.

At Mayaguez, P. R., March 30, schr. Telegraph, for New-York, ldg.